

Proposal for URS Policy and Operational Recommendations

IMPORTANT

- This form is used by RPM Working Group members to submit proposals for URS policy and operational recommendations. Please submit to ariel.liang@icann.org.
- **Proposals submitted not using the required form will not be in order and will not be discussed.**
- **One individual form must contain only one proposal for one recommendation.**
- Answer to every text field is required and mandatory(*).
- As soon as practical after receiving the submissions, staff will forward the proposals to the Working Group email list.
- The final date for submission of member proposals is **COB on Friday, 31 August 2018**. Any proposal received after that date will not be in order and will not be discussed.

I. General Questions

*1. Proponent's Full Name

If this proposal is developed by more than one WG member, please write the full names of all proponents involved

George Kirikos_____

*2. What type of URS recommendation are you proposing?

Policy

Operational Fix

Other (please specify: _____)

*3. What URS recommendation are you proposing?

Please be succinct as well as substantially specific and not general in nature. One proposal for one recommendation only.

[NB: Topic can be deferred to Phase 2 of our work, as it applies to both the URS and the UDRP.]

The URS and UDRP policies shall be changed to require that complainants prove that a domain name was created in bad faith (with the creation date of the domain name being the relevant date), replacing the current ambiguous registered in bad faith standard. All other remaining prongs of the 3-part test shall continue as before (e.g. use in bad faith, no legitimate interest, confusingly similar to a TM).

II. Justification Statement

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- Must be no more than **250 words** in length for each of two sections below.
- Should state the operational or policy rationale for the proposal.
- Should cite any evidence in support of it. Such evidence may be information developed by the Sub Teams or documented in other sources.

***4. What is your rationale for the proposal? (250 words max)**

Pro-complainant UDRP and URS panels have, due to the ambiguous nature of the term “registered”, long interpreted it to mean the date the current registrant acquired the domain name (see Question 5 below), rather than its creation date. This means that a domain name that was created in good faith can potentially be found to have been “registered in bad faith” if it is assigned to a new registrant, because the date of the test changes. This is a deep policy error in interpretation by panelists, treating domain registrants differently than owners of other intellectual property such as TMs, copyrights or patents.

When the DNS was relatively young in the 1990s or early 2000s, this might have been an innocent mistake. But, domain names themselves are now recognized as valuable intellectual property in themselves (see SEC filings, for example, like <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1645194/000119312515394008/d30149dex99h4.htm>). It's no longer acceptable to treat domain names as second-class citizens that are somehow inferior in standing to TMs, copyrights and patents. Domain name rights, and in particular their assignment to others, should no longer be penalized for being transferred to others. Such penalties can hamper the sale of assets of a business, succession planning for families, the resolution of estates after a death, and corporate reorganizations, among other deleterious effects.

This proposal will reduce risks and harm to registrants of ownership transfers, thereby protecting registrant rights.

***5. What evidence do you have in support of your proposal? Please detail the source of your evidence. (250 words max)**

WIPO overview 3.0 answer 3.9 discusses the current panel views:

<http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/domains/search/overview3.0/#item39>

“On the other hand, the transfer of a domain name registration from a third party to the respondent is not a renewal and **the date on which the current registrant acquired the domain name is the date a panel will consider in assessing bad faith**. This holds true for single domain name acquisitions as well as for portfolio acquisitions.” (emphasis added)

A (rare) case where a panel correctly recognized that a transfer of ownership of a domain makes the new registrant a successor-in-interest was the Voyuer.com UDRP at: <http://www.adrforum.com/domaindecisions/433802.htm>

(a careful reading of that decision shows the panel found that Respondent was determined to have registered the domain as of the original creation date, as a successor-in-interest, not its acquisition date)

Other intellectual property such as TMs, copyrights, and patents can be fully assigned to new owners without the “penalty” in terms of resetting priority dates that UDRP/URS panels have been handing out to domain registrants. This is evidence in law, where assignees are treated no differently than original registrants for TMs, copyrights and patents. Transfers of ownership do no harm to the new owners by applying a different date/standard to any test for rights/priority.

The now discredited Octogen analysis, which attempted to treat renewal dates as the “registered” date, demonstrates how far pro-complainant panels have gone to harm registrant rights through creative reinterpretation of the policies.

III. Pertinent Questions

- *The proposal must address the following three questions*
- *Can be no more than 250 words in length for each of two sections below.*

***6. Where and how has this issue been addressed (or not) by the Working Group or the Sub Teams to date? (250 words max)**

This topic hasn't been addressed by the working group or sub teams.

***7. Does the data collected and reviewed by the Sub Teams show a need to address this issue and develop recommendations accordingly? (250 words max)**

Sub Teams did not even attempt to survey registrants, who are deleteriously affected by the current incorrect interpretation of "registered" by panels. To the extent that a single practitioner who has represented registrants in the URS was surveyed, there was an imbalance and that person's data was overwhelmed by the 13 that represented complainants, and thus this was an unrepresentative sample that didn't capture the issue. More data can and should be collected during Phase 2 of our work (where we will specifically study the UDRP; the 3-prong tests are the same in both the URS and UDRP).

***8. If not already addressed above, on the basis of what information, gathered from what source or Sub Team, is this proposal based, if any? Please provide details. (250 words max)**

Already addressed above.