

Score of Yes	Score of No	Score of Not	No Answer
7	5	3	14,174
7	5	3	14,174
3	3	3	35,026
0	2	3	14,174

	Module Summary	Open/Mods	Version Number	Last Reviewed	Responsible Body	Non-Greencheck	Responsible Rocket	Responsible Rocket, Activity Identifier, Licensee/Supplier	Non-Greencheck and Owner/Plan	Additional Info	
Appendix D Please consider Appendix D: "Urs Request for Assistance". The URS Request for Assistance contains supplemental requirements for the Rules for Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution ("UDR") and the ICANN Uniform Dispute Resolution Policy ("UDRP"). Requirement: The Registrant must provide the URS Provider with the full Registration Data for each of the specified domains listed in Section 2 of the UDRP complaint. If the domain name(s) subject to the complaint reside in "The Rest of the World" (excluding the U.S.), the Registrant must provide the URS Provider with the full Registration Data to the URS Provider upon resolution of the dispute. Requirement: The URS RuleComplaint's complaint will not be accepted if it fails to include the contact details of the Respondent (Registrant Name Holder) and all information required by the UDRP.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Yes	Yes	
	1. Should the language "participate in another mechanism" in Section 2 be clarified as "participate in another mechanism incompatibilities with existing URS procedures?" 2. Is there currently no proceeding agreement within Asian UDRP? Is this in place for this issue in IODP Team? 3. Is there currently no proceeding agreement within Asian UDRP? Is this in place for this issue in IODP Team?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Non-registrant access to the proceeding is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Non-registrant access to the proceeding is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Non-registrant access to the proceeding is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Non-registrant access to the proceeding is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Yes	Yes	
Appendix E Please consider Appendix E: "Urs Domains Request for Assistance". The URS Domains Request for Assistance contains supplemental requirements for the Rules for Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution ("UDR") and the ICANN Uniform Dispute Resolution Policy ("UDRP"). Requirement: The Registrant must provide the URS Provider with the full Registration Data for each of the specified domains listed in Section 2 of the UDRP complaint. If the domain name(s) subject to the complaint reside in "The Rest of the World" (excluding the U.S.), the Registrant must provide the URS Provider with the full Registration Data to the URS Provider upon resolution of the dispute. Requirement: The URS RuleComplaint's complaint will not be accepted if it fails to include the contact details of the Respondent (Registrant Name Holder) and all information required by the UDRP.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Access to Registrant Name Holder contact data is not required to process a proceeding or to determine whether the proceeding is still active, for example the dispute provider is Asia	Yes	Yes	
	1. Should the language "participate in another mechanism" in Section 2 be clarified as "participate in another mechanism incompatibilities with existing UDRP procedures?" 2. Does Section 2 contain contact details for the IODP Team? 3. Should IODP Team change the Complainant to the Registrant and Complainant following receipt of registration data included in Section 2 of Appendix E? 4. Does Section 2 of Appendix E require additional safeguards to ensure against abuse, i.e., a complainant filing multiple complaints against the same registrant? 5. Should IODP Team change the Complainant to the Registrant and Complainant following receipt of registration data included in Section 2 of Appendix E? 6. Is the IODP Team's review of Appendix E more comprehensive than the review of Appendix D? i.e., should the review of Appendix E be deferred until after the IODP Team deliberates on the access model/framework? Provider shall provide the relevant contact details of the Registrant Name Holder and all information required by the UDRP. 7. Please consider Appendix E: "Urs Domains Request for Assistance". Having reviewed this section I support the section as is.	Yes	No	Yes	Parties to the proceeding have any concerns with the Appendix E wording, however as it stands more to no registrants efforts (and also to the Registrant Name Holder) to provide the UDRP contact details, although the UDRP does not have ties with the wording in Appendix E, the UDRP contact details in Appendix E, 1.1.2 does create a possible incompatibility with existing UDRP procedures.	Parties to the proceeding have any concerns with the Appendix E wording, however as it stands more to no registrants efforts (and also to the Registrant Name Holder) to provide the UDRP contact details, although the UDRP does not have ties with the wording in Appendix E, 1.1.2 does create a possible incompatibility with existing UDRP procedures.	Parties to the proceeding have any concerns with the Appendix E wording, however as it stands more to no registrants efforts (and also to the Registrant Name Holder) to provide the UDRP contact details, although the UDRP does not have ties with the wording in Appendix E, 1.1.2 does create a possible incompatibility with existing UDRP procedures.	Parties to the proceeding have any concerns with the Appendix E wording, however as it stands more to no registrants efforts (and also to the Registrant Name Holder) to provide the UDRP contact details, although the UDRP does not have ties with the wording in Appendix E, 1.1.2 does create a possible incompatibility with existing UDRP procedures.	Parties to the proceeding have any concerns with the Appendix E wording, however as it stands more to no registrants efforts (and also to the Registrant Name Holder) to provide the UDRP contact details, although the UDRP does not have ties with the wording in Appendix E, 1.1.2 does create a possible incompatibility with existing UDRP procedures.	Yes	Yes
Appendix G Please consider Appendix G: "Supplemental Procedures to the Transfer Policy". This Appendix provides supplemental requirements for the Transfer Policy applicable to all ICANN-accredited Registrars. 1. Until such time when the ICAPF review of the Transfer Policy is completed, the Transfer Data is required by ICANN to be offered, if the Transfer Policy is adopted, to all registrants. The Transfer Policy will be superseded by the ICAPF transfer policy and is not REQUIRED to obtain a Form of Authorization from the Transfer Contact 12. The Registrant must provide the relevant contact details of the Registrant Name Holder and all information required by the Transfer Policy. The Registrant must provide the relevant contact details of the Registrant Name Holder and all information required by the Transfer Policy as provided in Section 4.C. of the Transfer Policy. Having reviewed this section I support this section as is.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	The following concerns/questions were flagged by group 1 in the Transfer Policy section: 1. Sections 1.1 - 3.2 are intended as temporary, stop-gap measures to address the lack of a formal transfer policy. These sections are not intended to be permanent and will be replaced by the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Does the Transfer Policy is working, but creates new challenges for the registrant and the registrant needs to take action in efforts to replace/re-modify the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Does ICSC doles on answering this question for the time being, but creates new challenges for the registrant and the registrant needs to take action in efforts to replace/re-modify the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. In action 1, it is obvious that the ample existence of the Transfer Policy is not the problem. The problem is that the Transfer Policy is not being enforced and does not give full access to the necessary data. 2. In the absence of ICAPF, there does not appear to be adequate protection mechanisms in place to prevent abuse (i.e., the transfer process is basically non-existent). The ICSC recommends that the Transfer Policy be removed and replaced by a redundant process on the Registrars, which is a weaker user experience.	1. The ICPC is supportive of this section, subject to the transfer policy being replaced by the ICAPF transfer policy. 2. The Transfer Policy is not being enforced and does not give full access to the necessary data. 3. In the absence of ICAPF, there does not appear to be adequate protection mechanisms in place to prevent abuse (i.e., the transfer process is basically non-existent). The ICSC recommends that the Transfer Policy be removed and replaced by a redundant process on the Registrars, which is a weaker user experience.	Yes	Yes
	1. Should this section be affected by existing effects to replace/re-modify the Transfer Policy? 2. Does Section 1.2 of Appendix G, providing redundant processes on the registrars, overly damage the user experience? 3. Should the language "to be deleted" be removed from Section 2 to avoid confusion?	Yes	No	Yes	1. The following concerns/questions were flagged by group 1 in the Transfer Policy section: 1. Sections 1.1 - 3.2 are intended as temporary, stop-gap measures to address the lack of a formal transfer policy. These sections are not intended to be permanent and will be replaced by the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Does the Transfer Policy is working, but creates new challenges for the registrant and the registrant needs to take action in efforts to replace/re-modify the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Does ICSC doles on answering this question for the time being, but creates new challenges for the registrant and the registrant needs to take action in efforts to replace/re-modify the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. In action 1, it is obvious that the ample existence of the Transfer Policy is not the problem. The problem is that the Transfer Policy is not being enforced and does not give full access to the necessary data. 2. In the absence of ICAPF, there does not appear to be adequate protection mechanisms in place to prevent abuse (i.e., the transfer process is basically non-existent). The ICSC recommends that the Transfer Policy be removed and replaced by a redundant process on the Registrars, which is a weaker user experience.	1. The ICPC is supportive of this section, subject to the transfer policy being replaced by the ICAPF transfer policy. 2. The Transfer Policy is not being enforced and does not give full access to the necessary data. 3. In the absence of ICAPF, there does not appear to be adequate protection mechanisms in place to prevent abuse (i.e., the transfer process is basically non-existent). The ICSC recommends that the Transfer Policy be removed and replaced by a redundant process on the Registrars, which is a weaker user experience.	Yes	Yes
Appendix G Please consider Appendix G: "Supplemental Procedures to the Transfer Policy". As used in the Transfer Policy, the term "WhoIS data" SHALL mean the WhoIS data maintained by the Registrars in their databases. The term "WhoIS details" SHALL mean the same meaning as "WhoIS data". The term "ICAPF" shall have the same meaning as "ICAPF-3". The term "ICAPF transfer policy" shall have the same meaning as "ICAPF-3". Registrant and Registrant Name Holder shall have the same meaning as "Registrant" and "Registrant Name Holder" in general and updating the "AuthINFO" code facilitates a secure transfer process. A Registry Operator shall have the same meaning as "Registry" provided by the Gaining Registrar is valid in order to complete the transfer process. Having reviewed this section I support this section as is.	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	The following concerns/questions were flagged by group 1 in the Transfer Policy section: 1. Sections 1.1 - 3.2 are intended as temporary, stop-gap measures to address the lack of a formal transfer policy. These sections are not intended to be permanent and will be replaced by the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Registrars need to make sure their limits are able to process authinfo changes in bulk	1. ICSC might have comments on this section in the future which might lead to changing its answer.	1. ICSC might have comments on this section in the future which might lead to changing its answer.	1. The ICPC is supportive of this section, subject to further clarification on "best practices". Will there be agreed-upon mandatory practices?	Yes	Yes
	1. Does the language "to be deleted" be removed from Section 3 require additional clarity? 2. Please consider Appendix G: "Urs Domains Request for Assistance". Having reviewed this section I support this section as is.	Yes	No	Yes	1. The following concerns/question was flagged by group 1 in the Transfer Policy section: 1. Sections 1.1 - 3.2 are intended as temporary, stop-gap measures to address the lack of a formal transfer policy. These sections are not intended to be permanent and will be replaced by the transfer policy and therefore these sections would not likely be considered appropriate inclusion for the Consensus Policy.	1. Registrars need to make sure their limits are able to process authinfo changes in bulk	1. ICSC might have comments on this section in the future which might lead to changing its answer.	1. ICSC might have comments on this section in the future which might lead to changing its answer.	1. The ICPC is supportive of this section, subject to further clarification on "best practices". Will there be agreed-upon mandatory practices?	Yes	Yes
Other	There is no further action required to implement the sections referenced above that will help inform further deliberations, please comment this box	Yes	No	Yes	Please see my response attempt to reflect the intent of the ICSC but we note that it has not gone to the full group for review / approval. Responses may need to be updated.				The relationship between ICSC and the Transfer Policy needs to be reflected in the updated document.		