# RECOMMENDATIONS 20 & 21: STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES AND INDUSTRY TRENDS

#### STRATEGIC ALIGNMENT

## Part One - Which ICANN Objective does this meet

Promote role clarity and establish mechanisms to increase trust within the ecosystem rooted in the public interest. Also, evolve policy development and governance processes, structures and meetings to be more accountable, inclusive, efficient, effective and responsive. See Strategic Plan main web page at: https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/strategic-engagement-2013-10-10-en.

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Alignment with Strategic Objectives			
Goal	- Shared understanding by Board, staff and stakeholders of		
	the allocation of responsibilities for design, development and		
	implementation of policy and operational processes.		
	- Shared understanding of the roles, responsibilities and		
	accountability of the Board, staff and stakeholders.		
	- Board, staff, and stakeholders use best practices and exercises		
	appropriate behavioral norms.		
Project/Recommendation	Recommendation 20: That the GNSO Council should review annually ICANN's Strategic Objectives with a view to planning future policy development that strikes a balance between ICANN's Strategic Objectives and the GNSO resources available for policy development.  Recommendation 21: That the GNSO Council should regularly undertake or commission analysis of trends in gTLDs in order to forecast likely requirements for policy and to ensure those affected are well- represented in the policymaking process.		

# SCOPE DESCRIPTION

#### **Scope Statement**

#### Recommendation 20:

- 1. The GNSO Review Working Group to review if/how the GNSO Council has done this to date, if at all.
- 2. Based on the outcome of the review, the GNSO Review Working Group to work with staff to develop a lightweight process for the GNSO Council to participate in the development of ICANN's Strategic Objectives and guidance for planning future policy development that aligns the Strategic Objectives with GNSO resources.

#### Recommendation 21:

- 1. Staff to work with the GNSO to institute methods of information sharing of highly relevant research related to gTLDs to help the GNSO community members increase their knowledge base and ability to analyze potential impact. These could, for example, include regular staff briefings, implementing the recommendations of the DMPM Working Group, and CCT-RT data.
- 2. The GNSO Review Working Group to develop a timeline for reporting on a recurring basis. This timeline could include regular reporting/updating to the GNSO Council at every ICANN meeting as a status report to the GNSO, and as an item on the GNSO Council meeting agenda.

# Out of Scope

The above scope is sufficiently clear.

Assumptions	
None.	
Deliverables	
None.	

## **OPTION ANALYSIS**

None were considered or were necessary to be considered.

#### SOLUTION

Recommendation 20: The GNSO Council does not currently have a formal mechanism to review annually ICANN's Strategic Objectives with a view to planning future policy development that strikes a balance between ICANN's Strategic Objectives and the GNSO resources available for policy development. There is, however, a vehicle that could be adapted for this purpose.

GNSO Council Standing Committee on ICANN's Budget and Operations was chartered in December 2017 to "coordinate and facilitate dialogue to fully understand ICANN's strategic and operational planning and budgetary processes, in particular in preparation for the annual budgetary comments cycle as it relates to the GNSO Council's remit." The Standing Committee cannot initiate any action or decision on its own, unless specifically instructed by the GNSO Council – any and all recommendations are submitted to the GNSO Council for its consideration.

As currently chartered, the Standing Committee provides a mechanism for the GNSO Council to provide input on ICANN's annual budget from the Council's perspective as manager of the GNSO's policy development process and a Decisional Participant in the Empowered Community. While it is still in an early stage, the SCBO could potentially be the structure through which the GNSO Council develops input on ICANN's Strategic Plan, once Strategic Planning for the next cycle begins.

The scope of the Standing Committee could be expanded, so that it is also responsible for annually reviewing ICANN's Strategic Objectives and ensuring that the planning of future GNSO activities is in alignment with these Strategic Objectives. If this additional responsibility was to be added to the Standing Committee's charter, the analysis of Strategic Objectives would complement existing responsibilities related to analyzing the annual budget.

Recommendation 21: There are a number of initiatives underway within the ICANN organization to collect data and analyze trends in gTLDs to support decision-making by the ICANN organization and the ICANN community, including the GNSO. This data can be leveraged by Policy Development Process Working Groups and the GNSO Council to forecast likely requirements for policy and to ensure those affected are well-represented in the policy-making process.

The gTLD Marketplace Health Index is an ongoing project producing statistics and examining trends related to the health and diversity of the generic top-level domain (gTLD) marketplace. ICANN will continue to publish these statistics semi-annually to track progress against its goal for the domain name marketplace to be robust, stable and trusted. The project has created a set of beta metrics that will be used as a basis for further development of metrics in the future. The December 2017 Beta Report

(https://www.icann.org/en/system/files/files/gtld-marketplace-health-index-beta-14dec17-en.pdf) features 26 beta metrics and 267 individual data points under three goals: Robust Competition; Marketplace Stability; and Trust. The current timeline for planned work on this project is available under section 2.3 of the Accountability Indicators webpage (https://www.icann.org/accountability-indicators).

ICANN's Domain Abuse Activity Reporting (DAAR) project (<a href="https://www.icann.org/octo-ssr/daar">https://www.icann.org/octo-ssr/daar</a>) is a system for studying and reporting on domain name registration and security threat (domain abuse) behavior across top-level domain (TLD) registries and registrars. The overarching purpose of DAAR is to report security threat activity to the ICANN community, which can then use the data to facilitate informed policy decisions. The data collected by the DAAR system can serve as a platform for studying or reporting daily or historical registration or abuse activity. ICANN Office of the CTO (OCTO) will be working with the ICANN community to determine the best way to share the statistics and analyses derived from data that DAAR collects.

The Identifier Technologies Health Indicators (<a href="https://www.icann.org/ithi">https://www.icann.org/ithi</a>) is a project organized by the ICANN Office of the CTO (OCTO) to develop metrics to quantify and measure the state of the unique Internet identifiers that ICANN helps coordinate. The primary targets of this work are the operational communities — Domain Names, Numbering Resources, and Protocol Parameters. Specific metrics are still being developed, but this initiative will likely produce data that can inform GNSO activities.

ICANN has recently collected a significant amount of data and commissioned additional studies to support the Competition, Consumer Trust and Consumer Choice (CCT) Review. Studies include Phase I and Phase II Assessments of the Competitive Effects Associated with the New gTLD Program, Wave 1 and Wave 2 Global Consumer Research Studies, Wave 1 and Wave 2 Global Registrant Surveys, an Application Process Survey, and the AMGlobal Report "New gTLDs and the Global South: Understanding Limited Global South Demand in the Most Recent New gTLD Round and Options Going Forward." A full list of studies, research, and material supporting the CCT-RT's work is available at <a href="https://community.icann.org/x/005YAw">https://community.icann.org/x/005YAw</a>. In addition, the ICANN community recommended a list of metrics and definitions that would inform this review and the ICANN board approved these metrics. ICANN staff is responsible for collecting data necessary to produce these metrics, which will be part of the recurring CCT Review. A full list of the metrics is available at <a href="https://www.icann.org/resources/reviews/cct/metrics">https://www.icann.org/resources/reviews/cct/metrics</a>. Many of these data sources and research efforts are relevant to the GNSO could inform policy work.

Currently the GNSO Council requests and receives updates on data collection initiatives on an as-needed basis. GNSO Policy Development Process Working Groups take into account inputs from these data sources as they are relevant to each Working Group charter. For example, the New gTLD Subsequent Procedures Policy Development Process Working Group considered the AMGlobal Report "New gTLDs and the Global South: Understanding Limited Global South Demand in the Most Recent New gTLD Round and Options Going Forward" in its deliberations on providing support for applicants from developing countries in the New gTLD Program.

As the GNSO maintains open channels of communication with relevant data collection projects, and has access to the outputs of these projects via reports and public websites, it is not anticipated that a formal mechanism for input is needed at this time. As each data collection project runs on a different timeline, it may be more beneficial for the GNSO to review these inputs and request updates, as needed, when the data is released, rather than setting rigid timelines for reporting from these groups.

## **Working Group Determination:**

- The Working Group recommends that the charter of the GNSO Council Standing Committee on ICANN's Budget and Operations be revised to include an annual review of ICANN's Strategic Objectives with a view to planning future policy development that strikes a balance between ICANN's Strategic Objectives and the GNSO resources available for policy development.
- Given that there are already a number of data sources available and research initiatives underway that

provide information about trends in gTLDs, the Working Group does not anticipate a need for additional data collection and analysis efforts. The GNSO Council already maintains ties with the coordinators of these efforts and receives updates when they are timely. This approach allows the Council to receive information as it becomes available rather than setting rigid timeframes for updates. Should the Council decide that a different approach is needed, it may consider setting up a regular review of data and analysis at set intervals.

# **KEY DEPENDENCIES**

The GNSO receives data and updates as they become available from research efforts underway. If priorities in the Strategic Plan or budget resources change, research efforts described above may be impacted.

## **RISK IDENTIFICATION**

N/A

## **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

It is not clear to staff whether a KPI applies in the implementation of these recommendations.

# **NECESSARY TO PROCEED**

**Next Phase Activities/Resources** 

None.

APPROVERS			
Name	Title	Approval Status	Date
GNSO Review Working Group			

REVISION HISTORY					
Date	Version	Description	Author		
27 Feb 2018	V1	Original Draft	Emily Barabas		

# Attachments, as applicable:

None