An Introduction to Universal Acceptance

Don Hollander / Presentation to ALAC September 2017



UA in a Nutshell

Universal Acceptance (UA) ensures that all domain names and email addresses can be used by all Internetenabled applications, devices and systems.



Anatomy of an email address

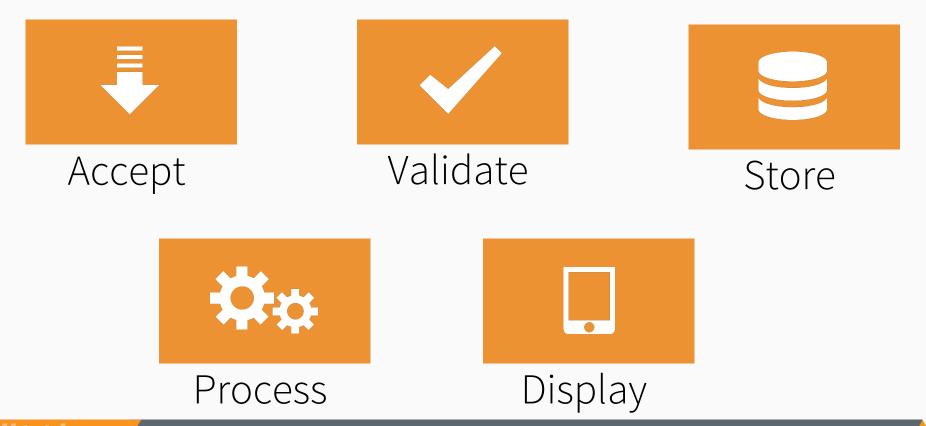
username@example.com

测试5@普遍接受-测试.世界

- * Username/<u>测试5</u>
 - * Mailbox name
 - * Can be in ASCII or Unicode
- * Second level domain name (example/_普遍接受-测试)
 - * Can be ASCII or Unicode.
 - * Unicode can be represented as Unicode or Punycode
- * Top Level Domain name (.com/<u>.世界</u>)
 - * Can be ASCII or Unicode
 - * Unicode can be represented as Unicode or Punycode
 - * Can be 2 to 63 characters long
 - * Can ONLY be from an authoritative list that is dynamic and has more than 1,500 choices



Five Verbs to UA Readiness



Our Target Audiences

Doers

Developers & Systems Architects

Directors

CIOs and senior IT Management

Influencers

C* suite, Thought Leaders, Government Ministers and Officials



UA Documents: uasg.tech/documents

- * UASG003 One page Fact Sheet
- * UASG004 Use Cases for UA Testing
- * UASG005- Quick Guide to Universal Acceptance 11 Languages
- * UASG007 Introduction to Universal Acceptance Technical
- * UASG008 Local Engagement
- * *UASG010 Quick Guide to Linkification*
- * UASG014 Quick Guide to EAI

UASG003 – Fact Sheet

- * UA At a Glance
- * What it Addresses
- * Why it Matters
- * Aimed at non-Geeks

UASG011 – FAQs

- * UA At a Glance
- * What it Addresses
- * Why it Matters
- * Aimed at Media

UASG008 – Local Engagement

- * Model of a Local UA Initiative
- * Multi-Party
- * We're looking for local partners to engage local communities
- * We can provide content and collateral
- * We can also provide limited funds See Help Wanted Ad
- * Aimed at At-Large structures, ISOC Chapters, Local Computer Societies

UASG005 – Quick Guide

- * 11 Languages
- * Accept, Validate, Store, Process & Display
- * Aimed at Technical Managers

UASG004 – Use Cases

- * Working Websites
- * Working Email Addresses
- * Provides Test Suite for Developers
- * Aimed at Geeks

UASG007 – Introduction

- * Extensive Technical Document 70 Pages
- * English and Chinese
- * Aimed at Developers and Architects

UASG006 – RFCs

- * Lists relevant RFCs
- * Aimed at Geeks

White Paper

- * Commissioned Report by Analysis Mason
- * Looks at Social, Cultural and Financial Implications
- * Estimates nearly US\$10 Billion added economic Benefit
- * Estimates millions of additional users
- * Aimed at C*Os, Boards, Ministers

UASG010 – Linkification

- * Identifies the issues around automatic creation of Links in Applications
- * Linkification Evaluation of Popular Social Media currently underway
- * Aimed at Application Owners

UASG014 – Quick Guide EAI

- * Introduces Email Address Internationalisation (EA)
- * Identifies the Issues
- * Aimed at email Geeks & SysAdmins

UASG015 – CIO Blueprint

- * Aimed at CIO and IT Management
- * Outlines the Issues to address and how
- * Includes Checklist of Popular Internet Industry applications
- * Additional Blueprints planned for other Industries

UASG009 – Broccoli Issues

- * Provides sample tendering and contractual clauses
- * Includes IPv6 and DNSSEC
- * Aimed at IT Management & Procurement

UASG013 – Case Studies

- * APNIC
- * Xgen Technologies
- * ICANN
- * THNIC
- * Others to be developed

UASG16 – Browser Review

- * Being published September 2017
- * Looked at most popular browsers Desktop & Mobile
- * One passed all our tests
- * Most others were pretty good

UASG017 – Website Review

- * Looked at 1,000+ popular websites
- * Found just 7% accepted all test cases
- * Found just 7% rejected all test cases
- * Peeked under the hood of the code
- * Targeted at web geeks and Accessibility Advocates

Thank You & Questions



Principles of Universal Acceptance



Accept

UASG Recommendations

- * User interface elements must support:
 - * Unicode.
 - * Strings up to 256 characters.
- * ASCII Compatible Encoded text ("Punycoded") in place of Unicode.
 - * Unicode shown by default.
 - * Punycoded text shown *only* when it provides a benefit.

The process by which an email address or domain name is received as a string of characters from a user interface, file or API.



The process by which an email address or domain name – received or emitted – is checked for syntax correctness.

Validate

- * Easiest way to ensure all valid domain names are accepted.
- * Should not occur unless required. If yes:
 - * Verify TLD against authoritative table.
 - * Query domain name against DNS.
 - * Require repeated entry of email address.
 - * Validate characters no "disallowed" code points.
 - * Limit to few, whole-label rules defined in RFCs
 - * If string contains 'o 'convert to '.'



The long-term and / or transient storage of domain names and email addresses.

Store

- * Apps / services should support Unicode
- * Information stored in UTF-8 whenever possible
- * Consider end-to-end scenarios before converting between A-Labels & U-Labels
 - * Consider storing in both formats
- * Clearly mark email addresses and domain names during storage



Process

UASG Recommendations

- * Check code points not defined when application / service was created shouldn't "break" user experience.
- * Use supported Unicode-enabled APIs.
- * Use latest IDNA Protocol & Tables documents for Internationalized Domain Names.
- * Process in UTF-8 wherever possible.

Occurs whenever an email address or domain name is used by an application or service to perform an activity, or is transformed into an alternate format.



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Process (continued)

- * Ensure numbers are handled as expected
- * Treat ASCII numerals & Asian ideographic number representations as numbers
- * Upgrade apps & servers/services together
- * Perform code reviews to avoid buffer overflow attacks



Display occurs whenever an email address or a domain name is rendered within a user interface.

Display

- * Display all Unicode code points supported by underlying operating system.
- * When developing app/service, or operating a registry, consider languages supported.
- * Convert non-Unicode data to Unicode before display.
- * End user should see "everyone.みんな" vs. "everyone.xn--q9jyb4c."



Display occurs whenever an email address or a domain name is rendered within a user interface.

Display (continued)

- * Display Unicode by default
- * Use Punycoded text *only* when it provides a benefit
- * Consider that mixed-script addresses will become more common
- * Use Unicode IDNA Compatibility Processing to match user expectations
- * Be aware of unassigned & disallowed characters

Tools & Resources for Developers

Authoritative Tables:

- * http://www.internic.net/domain/root.zone
- * http://www.dns.icann.org/services/authoritative-dns/index.html
- * http://data.iana.org/TLD/tlds-alpha-by-domain.txt
- * See also SAC070: https://tinyurl.com/sac070

Internationalized Domain Names for Applications:

- * Tables: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5892
- * Rationale: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5894
- * Protocol: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5891

Unicode:

- * Security Considerations: http://unicode.org/reports/tr36/
- * IDNA Compatibility Processing: http://unicode.org/reports/tr46/

Universal Acceptance Steering Group info & recent developments: www.uasg.tech



Next Steps...

- * Read the documents at www.uasg.tech/documents
 - * UASG003 Fact Sheet
 - * UASG005 Quick Guide
 - * UASG007 Introduction to UASG
 - * UASG011 FAQs
- * Subscribe to the UASG Discussion list www.uasg.tech/subscribe
- * Get your own systems UA Ready
- * Spread the word...

