Africa Internet Summit – Nairobi - KENYA ICANN Day

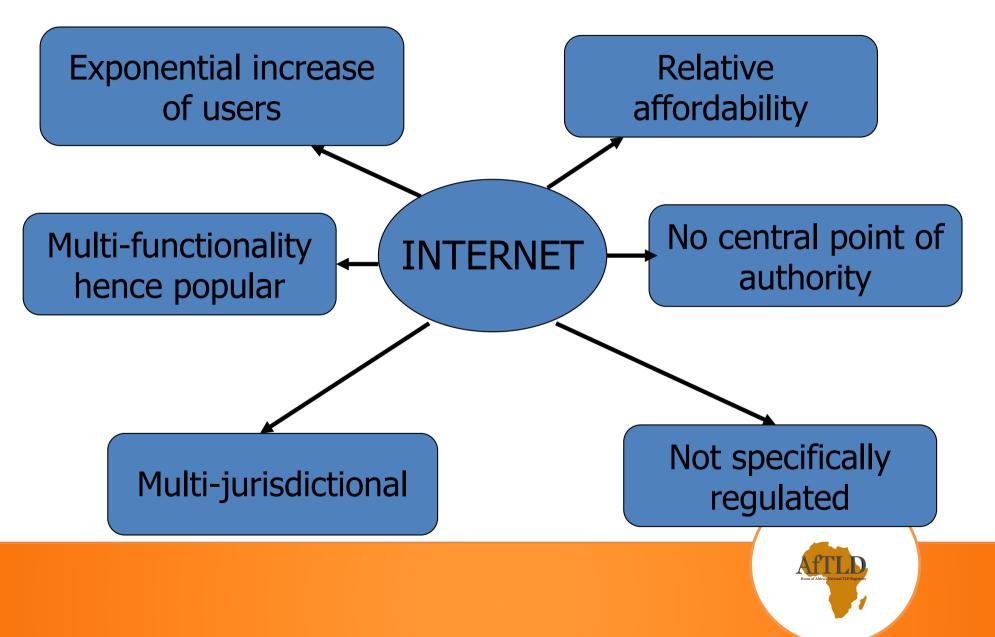
27 May 2017

Dr Alex Corenthin, Chair EXCOM
Africa Top Level Domains Organization

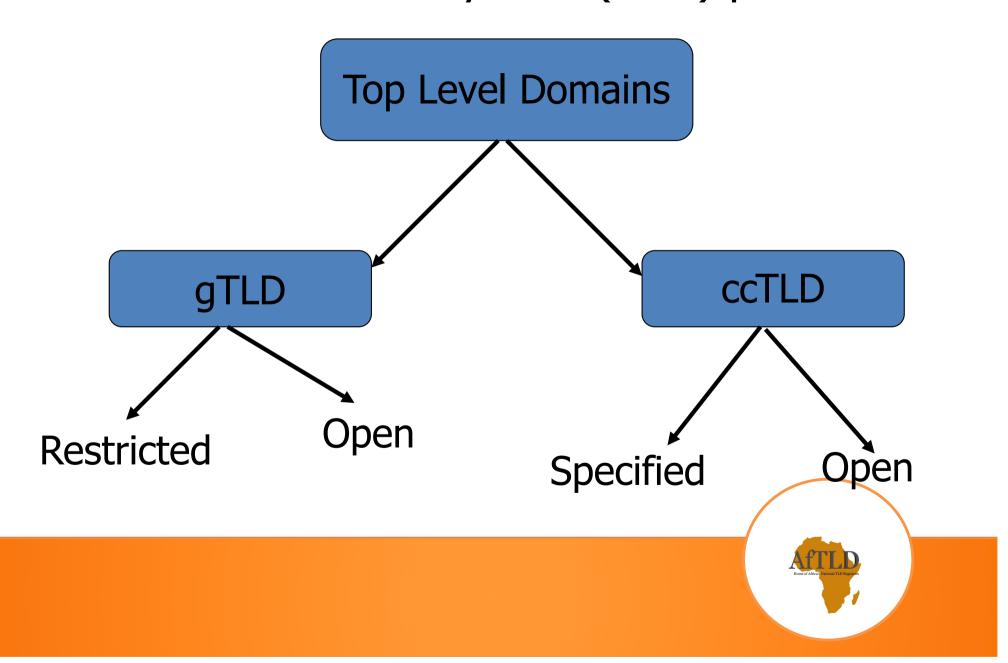
**Home of Africa National TLDS** 



# The Domain Name System (DNS)



## The Domain Name System (DNS) policies



### Domain Name and Business

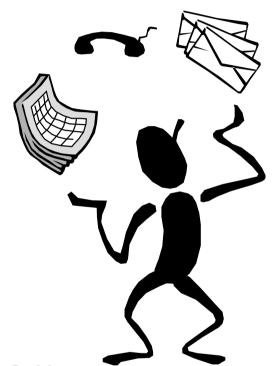
- A Domain name can be a short-cut to branding
- Potential of reaching new markets increases
- Companies take extra efforts to acquire and promote their domain names
- The explosive growth of the Internet leaves fewer good names from which to choose.



#### Relevance of IP

#### Tension between

Addresses on the internet (power of connotation and identification)



Trademarks,
personality rights,
Geographical
indication
(rights of
Identification)

**Domain Name System** 

**Intellectual Property System** 



## Relevance of IP

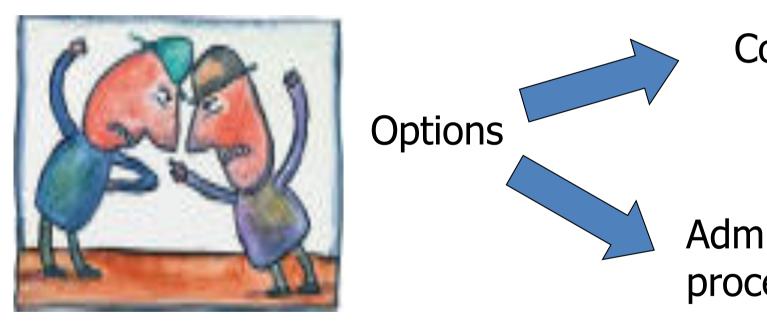
#### Trademark

- Territorial registration and application
- Different classes
- Examination and opposition
- Goods and services in commerce

#### **Domain Name**

- First come first served
- One unique registration
- Application across jurisdictions
- In principle, no examination
- Broad use





**Courts** 

Administrative procedure



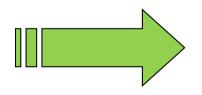
- Filing a claim before a court
  - You need a *lawyer*
  - Lodge a complaint against the cybersquatter
  - Interim measure (injunction)
  - Process can be extremely long
    - Won't be able to use your DNS until the end of the process
    - The cost of waiting can be extremely high in business term

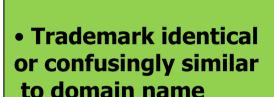
- WIPO Arbitration and Mediation Center
  - Established 1995
  - To provide services for the *resolution of commercial dispute* between private parties
     *involving IP* , through procedure other than
     court litigation



- Administrative procedure: The Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy (UDRP)
  - Adopted by ICANN effective December 1999
  - Applicable to gTLD
  - May be used by ccTLD through voluntary adoption
  - Both parties can go to court after UDRP
  - Remedies: *Transfer* or cancellation only; No monetary damages

UDRP procedure is designed for DNS disputes that meet the following cumulative criteria





• Registrant has no rights or legitimate interest in DN

DN registered and used in bad faith

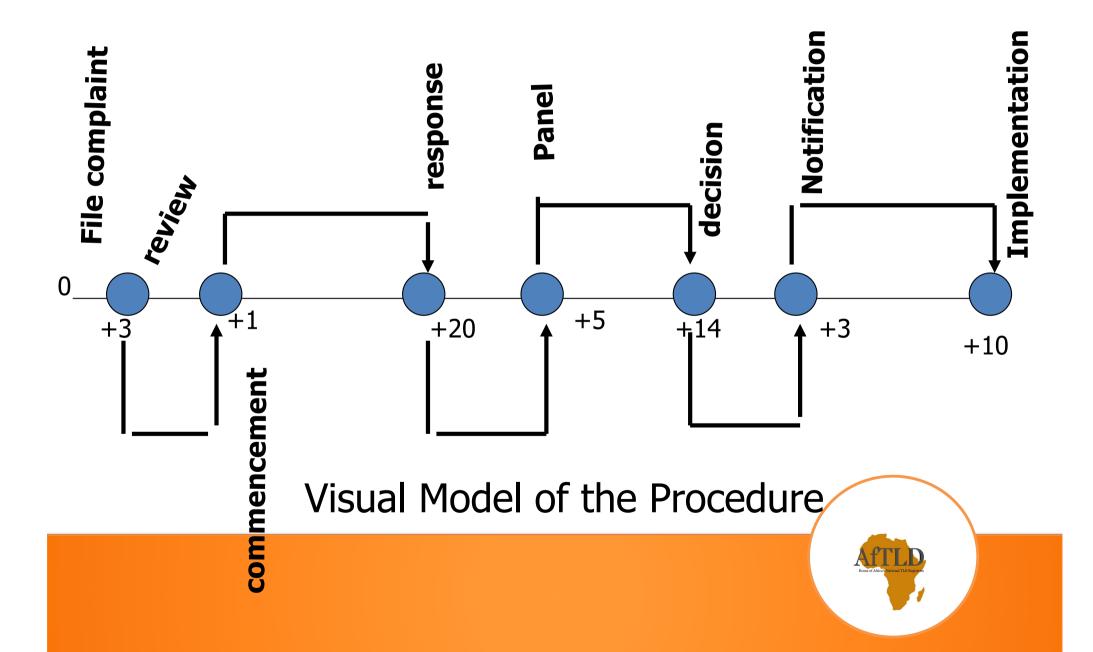


- WIPO UDRP Implementation
  - Web site including model complaint and model response
  - Online case filing and communication (e-mail and web forms)
  - Multilingual case administration
  - Non-profit fees (btw US \$ 1'500 4'000)
  - Impartial WIPO Panelists

- WIPO UDRP Panelists
  - 1 3 *independent* and *impartial* (appointed by WIPO)
  - Intellectual Property and Internet specialists
  - Posted detailed resumes
  - More than 1000 members
  - Multilingual capacity (speaking 33 languages amongst them)

#### Procedure

- Complainant files complaint with dispute resolution service provider e.g WIPO Center
- Provider *notifies* DNS registrant of opportunity to respond
- Provider appoints independent panel from list
- Panel decides based on common principles
- Registrar implements panel decision



- Advantages of UDRP process
  - Global scope
  - Time and Cost Effective
  - Enforceable Decisions
  - Transparent
  - Without Prejudice to Court Adjudication



## Conclusion

- DN names have evolved into strong business identifiers
- The potential of trademark and other business identifiers being infringed have increased with the increase popularity of Internet
- Basically two options are available to settle DN/TM conflict
  - Litigation in court
  - Administrative procedure



## Conclusion

- The *UDRP* offers a *less expensive* option for parties involved in DN/TM dispute
- WIPO's Arbitration and Mediation Center provide services for DN dispute resolution

More information,

http://www.wipo.int/amc/en/domains/

#### Thank You

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