FINAL LIST OF SUGGESTED CHARTER QUESTIONS FOR REVIEW OF THE TMCH Updated by ICANN Staff on 6-13 DECEMBER 2016

SUGGESTED CHARTER QUESTION	COMMENTS FROM THE TMCH	WORKING GROUP DISCUSSION	WORKING GROUP NOTES
	CHARTER QUESTIONS SUB		
	TEAM/WORKING GROUP CO-		
	<u>CHAIRS</u>		
Category 1: Guidance			
Should the verification	This issue was raised by various	Rebecca Tushnet (1 Dec), seeking	 Clarify what is meant by
criteria used by the TMCH to	public comments to the Draft RPM	clarity on Q1 esp. in relation to Q4:	"verification criteria" and add
determine if a submitted	Staff Paper (Feb 2015), referring to		link to TMCH Guidelines
mark meets the eligibility and	administrative challenges (e.g.	"It seems to me that Q4, and maybe	(DONE)
other requirements of the	inconsistent submission	Q1, goes to the problem that the	 Agreed that Q1 is not about
TMCH be clarified or	requirements such as for on non-	TMCH is only supposed to accept	design marks (see Q4)
amended? If so how? (NOTE:	Latin text marks, error corrections	marks that are valid as word marks,	
See the TMCH Guidelines at	and certifications required), as well	not marks that are only valid in	
http://trademark-	as the need for clearer	combination with a design. E.g.,	
clearinghouse.com/sites/defa	communications and better	PARENTS + design for magazines	
ult/files/files/downloads/TM	guidelines from the TMCH; also	should not be accepted into the	
CH%20guidelines%20v1.2_0.	supported by several commenters to	TMCH, because the registrant has no	
pdf)	the Preliminary Issue Report (Oct	rights in the word "parents" as such,	
	2015) – though one noted the need	even though that's the only word	
	to define what "different" means	component of the mark. See Gruner	
	(e.g. jurisdiction? Design vs work	+ Jahr USA v. Meredith Corp., 991	
	word mark? Goods or services?	F.2d 1072 (2d Cir. 1993). Am I	
		mistaken about what Q1 is supposed	
		to cover? It does appear to me that	
		the TMCH's current handling of word	
		+ design marks is inconsistent with	
		the instructions provided by ICANN."	
2. What activities does is the			
TMCH undertake to clearly			
communicat <u>ing</u> e: (i) the			
criteria it applies when			

Commented [MW1]: Should this be deleted? Have these concerns been adequately covered by the final questions?

determining whether or not to accept marks for entry into the TMCH; (ii) options for rights-holders when their submissions are rejected; and (iii) -options for third parties who may have challenges to or questions about recordals in the TMCH? 2. what to do when registrations are challenged?		
3. Should the TMCH be responsible for education services for trademark ownerseducating rights-holders, domain name registrants and potential registrants about the services it provides? If so, how? If the TMCH is not to be responsible, who should be?		
4. How are design marks currently handled by the TMCH provider? (NOTE: The Working Group is using the more commonly-used term "design marks" to refer to what the TMCH Guidelines describe as "device" or "image" marks, or otherwise marks that do not excessively consist of letters, words, nu	See comments from Rebecca Tushnet under Q1, above. Mathieu Weill (3 Dec), noting that the TMCH seems to accept marks comprising Geographical Indications and suggesting: "How are Geographical Indications and/or Appellations/Designations of Origin handled by the TMCH provider? How many such	

Commented [MW2]: A further suggestion was to add "and what information does it already provide" to this question; however, staff notes that this may be covered by Q5 below and suggests reviewing these questions together.

merals, special characters (se	registrations were submitted /
e TMCH Guidelines p. 20))	approved?"
4.	
	Massimo Vittori (13 Dec):
	"How many design marks and marks
	<u>protected by statute or treaty have</u>
	been submitted and validated? What
	is your criteria for validating these?
	How are you differentiating between
	design marks in the practical
	application of the TMCH guidelines?
	<u>Under the marks protected by</u>
	statute or treaty, how many
	applicants based their requests on
	titles such as Geographical
	Indications (GI), Protected
	<u>Designation of Origin (PDO) or</u>
	Appellation of Origin (AO)?"
5. What information on the Note from staff – this may need to	
following aspects of the be discussed in tandem with the Co-	
operation of the TMCH is Chairs' Paper on Private Protection	
available and where can it be Mechanisms (see separate paper)	
found:	
TMCH services;	
Contractual relationships	
between the TMCH providers	
and private parties; and	
With whom does the TMCH	
share data and for what	
purposes?	
Category 2: Verification & Updating of TMCH Data	
Should there be an additional	Justine Chew (5 Dec) with a follow
or a different recourse	up suggestion:

	mechanism to challenge				
	rejected trademarks?		"If answered in the positive, should		
	•		such mechanism be incorporated		
			into and administered under the		
			TMCH Dispute Resolution		
			Procedures?"		
2.	How quickly can and should a				
	cancelled trademark be				
	removed from the TMCH to				
	avoid discouraging or losing				
	domain names registration?				
	Is this satisfactory?				
Catego	ory 3: Balance				
	Does the scope of the TMCH		•		
	and the protection				
	mechanisms which flow from				
	it, reflect the appropriate				
	balance between the rights				
	of trademark holders and the				
	legitimate rights of non-				
	trademark registrants?				
1 2		Duanasal fram Ca Chaire (12 Dag)	Kinga Malashanduwil (1 Das)		
2.	Should the scope of the TMCH be limited to apply	Proposal from Co-Chairs (13 Dec):	Kiran Malachandruvil (1 Dec):		
	only to the categories of	"Should the scope of the TMCH be	"I still have serious concerns about		
	goods and services in which	limited to apply only to the	the reference to "generics" in		
	the generic term(s) within a	categories of goods and services in	Question 10. I think the arguments		
	trademark are protected? If	which the dictionary term(s) within a	about why "generics" is a legally		
	so, how?	trademark are protected? If so,	inappropriate reference here have		
		how? (Note: In responding to this	all been stated, and I support		
		question, you should note that the	them. I think it should be deleted		
		original submitters of the related	completely and I think the prior		
		Charter questions seem to be been	questions about balancing		
		particularly concerned about	competing rights (and free speech)		

	"generic terms" representing the common or class name for the goods and services)"	address the concerns this question tries to get at" and noting possible redundancy in view of earlier questions." Note additional discussion on the WG list on the use of the word "generic" in this question; four additional WG members (as of 6 Dec) support deleting the term – is there alternative wording that will work? Phil Corwin (13 Dec): "Should the scope of the RPMs associated with the TMCH be limited to apply only to TLDs that are related to the categories of goods and services in which the dictionary term(s) within a trademark are protected?"	
3. Should the TM+50¹ be retained or removed?			
 Should the TMCH matching rules be retained, modified, or expanded, e.g. to include plurals, 'marks contained' or 			

¹ Trademark owners can add up to 50 variations that are similar to each valid submission in the TMCH—within the notification process—provided that the variant of the mark was awarded to the trademark holder in a prior UDRP case.

Catego	'mark+keyword', and/or common typos of a mark? ory 4: Access & Accessibility				
	How accessible is the TMCH database and RPM Rights Protection Actions and Defenses to individuals, orgs, trademark owners and trademark agents in developing countries?	Findings on this issue should be shared with the New gTLD Subsequent Procedures PDP Working Group		L	
2.	What concerns are being raised about the TMCH being closed, what are the reasons for having/keeping the TMCH Database private, and should the TMCH Database remain closed or become open?				
Catego	ory 5: Costs & Other Fundamen	tal TMCH Features			
1.	Should the TMCH remain a single provider or should we open it to different providers, of course with a central database that should be accessed by the different providers? Is it practical to have more than one provider?	WG input sought on the following options: Proposal 1 "Does the present structuring of the TMCH optimize such operational considerations as cost, reliability, global reach, and service diversity and consistency, or should significant changes be considered?" Proposal 2 "What are the concerns with the TMCH Database being provided by a single Provider - and	As of 6 Dec, three WC have indicated a pref Proposal 2. George Kirikos (4 Dec "There's no technical central database wou There could instead be independent databas registrars and/or regi query in parallel via a stand There'd only need to *list* of which TMCH needed to be queried.	erence for notes: reason why a ld be required. ee multiple es, which stries could ardized API. be a central providers	

	how might those concerns be addressed?"	perspective, the registrar/registry could simply query the entire list of providers, and collate the results. Most registrars already have this technology/capability, as they often query multiple registries (and secondary marketplaces) in parallel when customers attempt a new domain name registration (e.g. customer searches for EXAMPLE.COM, but they'll query not only the Verisign-operated .com registry, but also .net/org/biz/info/us and hundreds of other TLDs, marketplaces like Sedo/Afternic, and they'll even generate and query variations of "EXAMPLE.TLD" for availability, presenting the customer with a list of hundreds of alternatives)."	
Are the costs and benefits of the TMCH, for rights holders, for ICANN, for the community, proportionate?			