Governance Models in Japan
- .JP ccTLD and the Internet -

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Content

- .JP ccTLD Management Governance
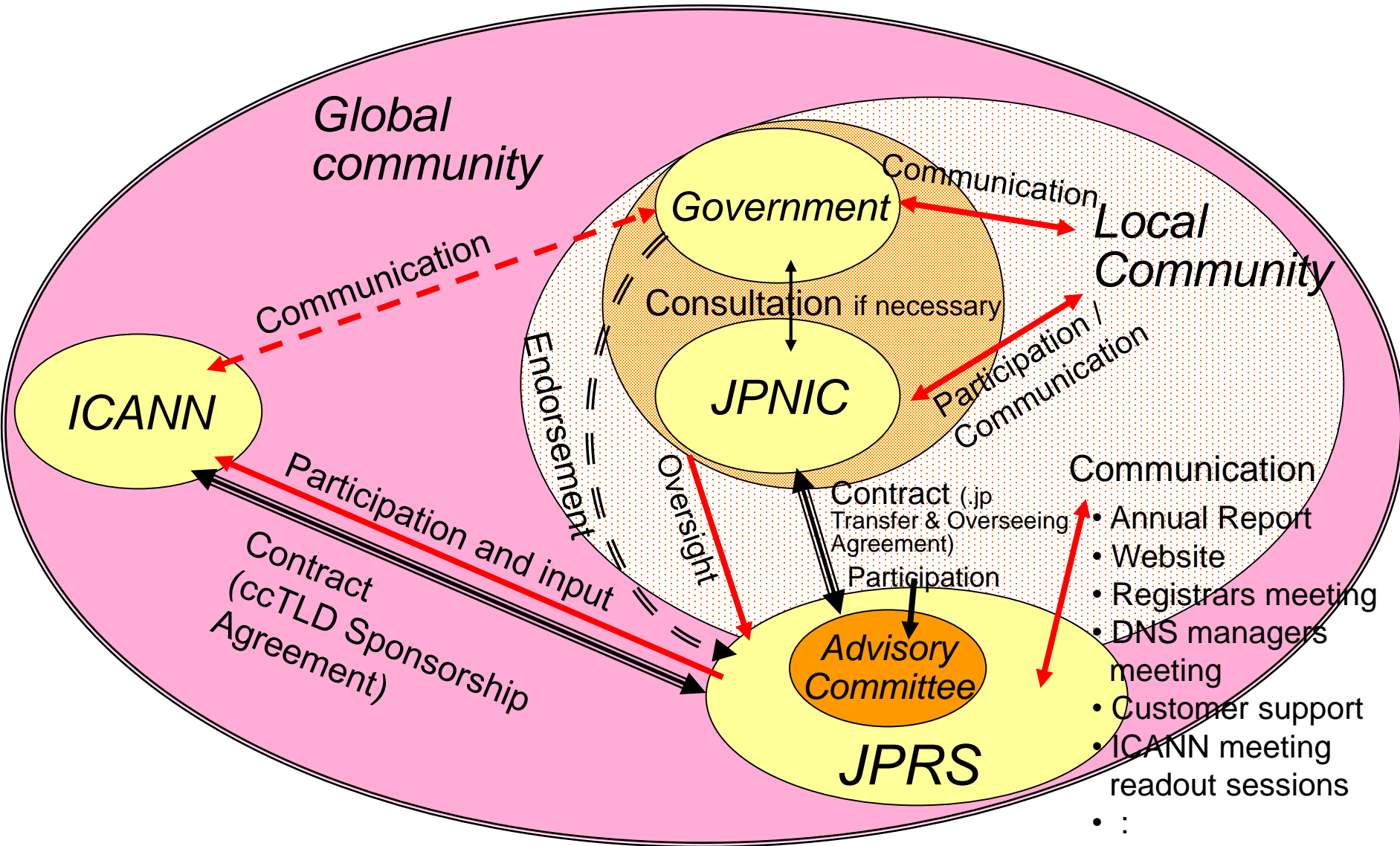
- Internet Governance (Japanese case)

.JP ccTLD Management Governance

Internet resource management in Japan

JPRS — JAPAN REGISTRY SERVICES

	JPRS (private company)	JPNIC (general incorporated association)
ccTLD (.JP)	• Manages .JP domain names - Develops name registration policy and registry systems - Manages registry database - Operates JP Domain Name System	• Oversees management of .JP ccTLD conducted by JPRS (thru consultation with gov.) • Finds new registry operator in case redelegation from JPRS is necessary (thru consultation with gov.) • Maintains JP-DRP (JP domain name dispute resolution policy)
IP Address		• Allocates IP addresses

.JP management relationship with the community
- before amended telecommunications business law -

Global community

Government

Communication

Local Community

Consultation if necessary

JPNIC

Participation / Communication

ICANN

Communication

Endorsement

Oversight

Contract (.jp Transfer & Overseeing Agreement)

Participation

Communication

Participation and input

Contract (ccTLD Sponsorship Agreement)

Advisory Committee

JPRS

Communication
- Annual Report
- Website
- Registrars meeting
- DNS managers meeting
- Customer support
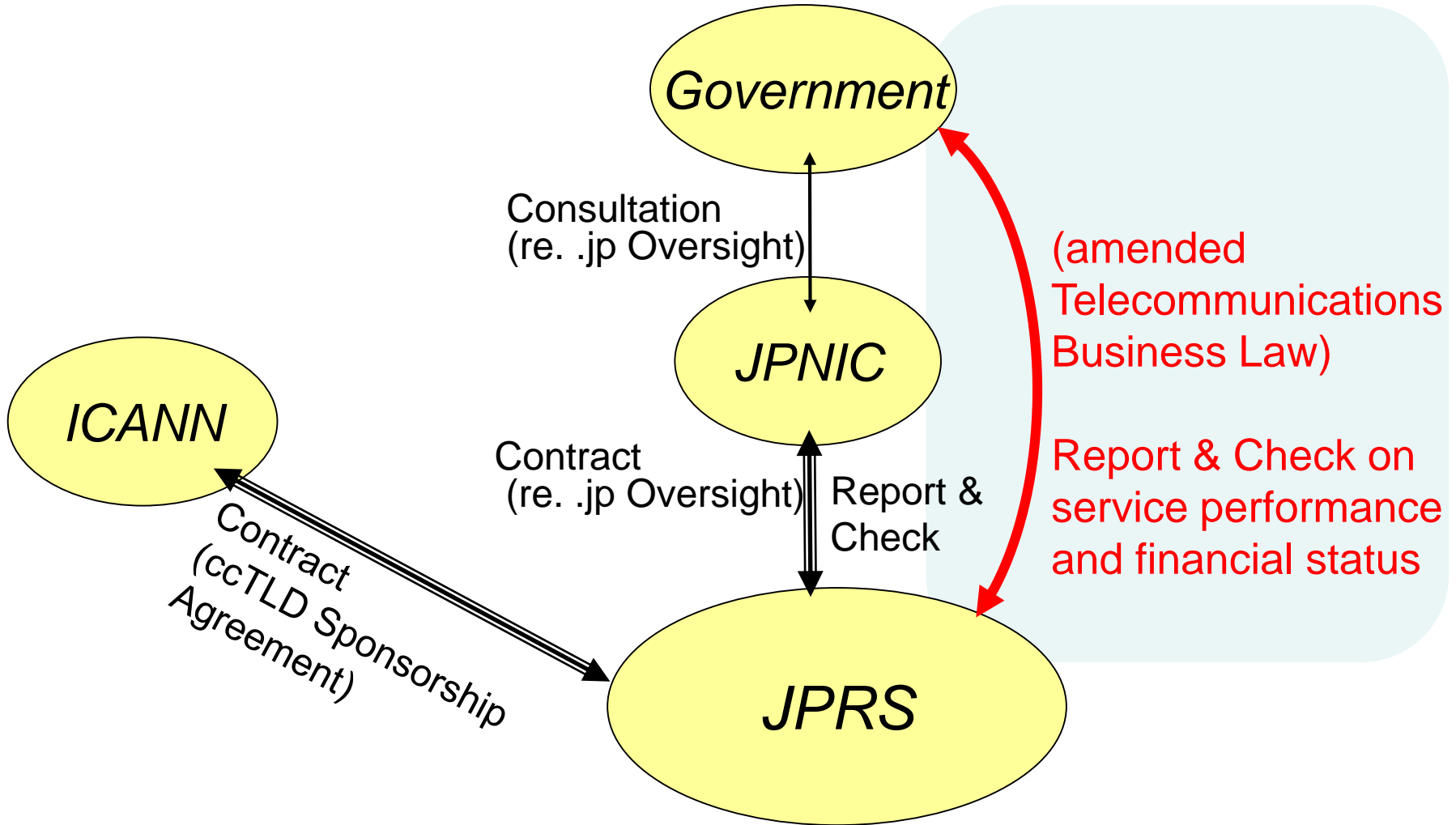- ICANN meeting readout sessions
- :

Running .JP for the interest of the community

- "Advisory Committee" on JP domain name service policy
  - members are the representatives form the following 7 sectors
    - JPNIC
    - JP domain name registrars
    - ISPs
    - Private sector (user companies)
    - academic experts
    - individual Internet users (e.g., consumers)
    - Japanese Government (from 2015)
  - JPRS submits a consultation document when it is necessary or Advisory Committee spontaneously finds something necessary to discuss.
  - Advisory Committee discusses about the policy of the JP domain name services from various points of view.
  - Committee meetings and the documents are open to the public.
  - After getting reports from the Advisory Committee, JPRS informs JPNIC of its action as a response to the advisory report. Then, JPNIC reports it further to the Government.
- Check on organizational stability as an registry
  - JPRS reports its financial report to JPNIC at least once a year. And then, JPNIC checks it and reports it further to the Government.

New involvement of government
- on and after 21 May 2016 -

Internet Governance (Japanese case)

Internet Governance Conference Japan (IGCJ)

- a platform to advance Internet Governance in Japan -

http://igcj.jp/

in Japanese but with some English assistance

Why IGCJ?

- Internet Issues are getting more…
  - complicated, globalized, seriously impacting, stakeholders involved, politicized, …
- Low interest/concern about <u>I</u>nternet <u>G</u>overnance in Japan
  - Less awareness regarding importance of <u>IG</u> discussion
  - There hadn't been any suitable activities in Japan to address this situation (as of 2 years ago)
- IGCJ aims to be a (bottom-up) platform
  - for various stakeholders
  - to discuss various Internet-related issues
  - no decision making mechanism in IGCJ
- IGCJ keeps its activities continuous
  - Physical meetings with remote participation every other months
  - Provide information through Mailing list, facebook page, etc
- IGCJ liaises with other existing/theme-specific activities

Numbers (as of April. 25)

- Launched on : June 18, 2014 (~2 years old)

- Subscription to Mailing List : 300

- Messages to Mailing List : 239

- Participants in a meeting : 30 – 60 (staff excluded)
  - Mainly from ISPs but some from biz, gov, academia, and users

- Meetings held :
  14 regular and 1 ad hoc
  - http://igcj.jp/meetings/

- Coordination Group members : 5

What IGCJ has discussed

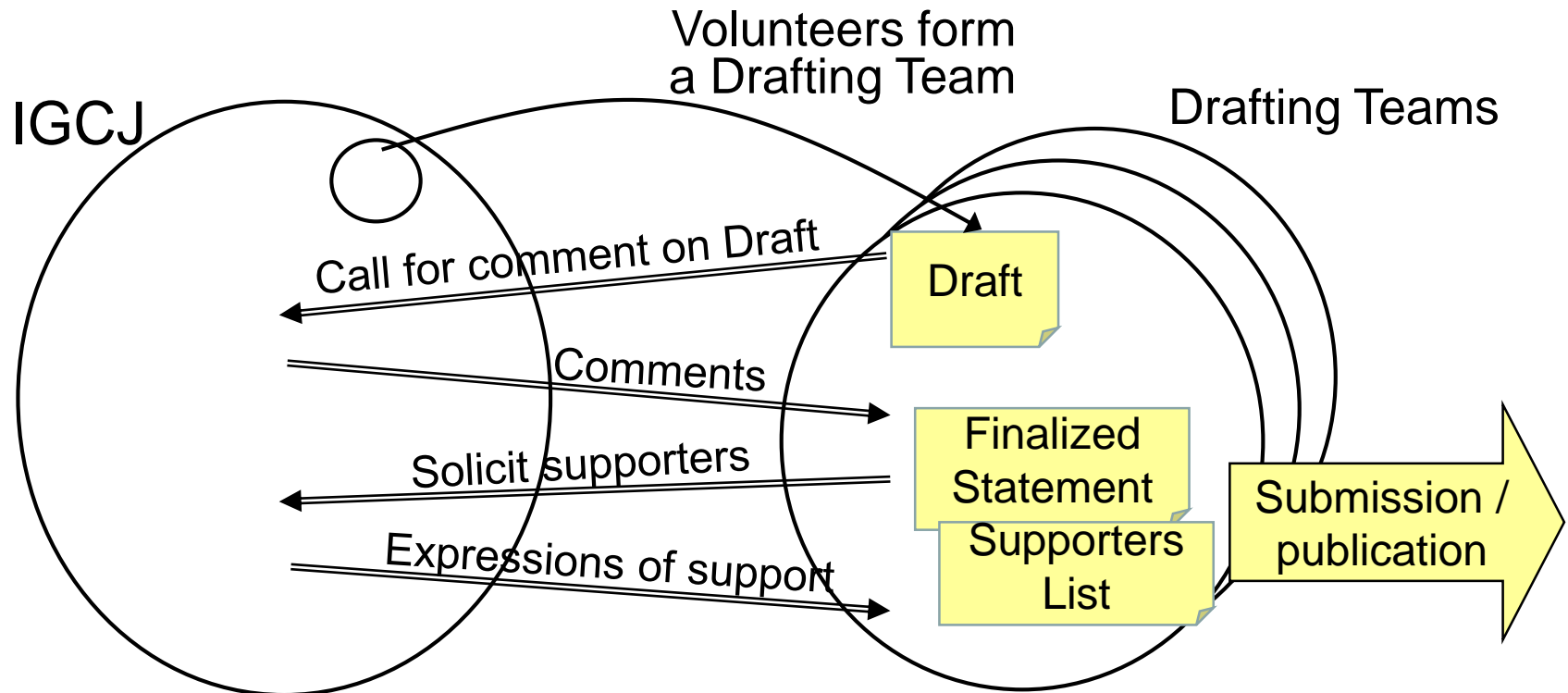| #	yy/mm/dd	Topics
1	14/06/18	IANA Stewardship Transition (hereafter IANAtrans)
2	14/08/19	IANAtrans, Update from UN arena, IGF, IGCJ operation policy, Network Neutrality
3	14/10/24	IANAtrans, IGCJ operation policy
4	14/11/20	IANAtrans, ITU Plenipot, "IGCJ Consideration Team" report, IGF2014
5	15/01/29	IANAtrans, Global IG activities (Wuzhen Summit, NETmundial Initiative, IGF)
*	15/03/11	Roundtable with Theresa Swinehart of ICANN
6	15/04/02	Net Neutrality, Cloud and Copyright, IANAtrans, Global IG activities (CCWG on IG@ICANN, NETmundial Initiative, IGF)

What IGCJ has discussed (cont'd)

#	yy/mm/dd	Topics
7	15/06/05	Data Privacy, GCCS Hague, IANAtrans, "Supporter Solicitation Model(SSM)"
8	15/07/28	WSIS+10, NETmundial Initiative, APrIGF, Security Principle document by SSM
9	15/09/29	APRU, IXP topic in ITU CWG-Internet, IGF2015, IANAtrans by SSM
10	15/11/19	Japanese RootLGR, Thought back on IGCJ
11	16/01/28	WSIS+10, IGF2015 Readout, IANAtrans
12	16/04/14	Security, Toward IGF2016
13	16/06/02	Security, G7 meeting in Japan, WSIS Forum 2016
14	16/08/04	Copyright, APrIGF, Toward IGF2016

Supporter Solicitation Model

- "Gathering voices" is important rather than "unifying the voice
- An alternative way to make voice to others

Supporter submission model
- two cases so far -

- **Security Principle Document**
  - philosophical principles on the Internet to avoid wrong way
  - Discussion launched in July 2015
  - Discussion@IGCJ8, IGCJ12, IGCJ13, mailing lists
  - Document published
  - http://igcj.jp/meetings/concept-for-security-en.pdf
  - Collaboration with ISOC in IGF workshop proposal

- **Comment submission for IANA transition**
  - Responding the call for comment from ICG in September 2015
  - Launched in Aug. 2015
  - Discussion meeting held
  - Comments with 92 supporters formally submitted
  - http://igcj.jp/news/2015/0909.html

Thank you for your attention !