1. What does `/` mean in Recommendation 2? OR or AND?

Option 1: OR
Language OR script must be identified

Option 2: AND
Language AND script must be identified

2. How are scripts to be identified?

Option 1: Unicode script property (automated detection)

Option 2: RFC 5646 subtag

3. How are languages to be identified?

RFC 5646 language tag

T/T Decision Tree

Data Provisioning

1. What does `/` mean in Recommendation 2? OR or AND? (data fields should be stored and displayed in a way that allows for easy identification of what language(s)/script(s) have been used by the registered name holder.)

2. How are scripts to be identified?

Option 1: RFC 5646 subtag

Option 2: Provided by registrant

Option 3 (combines options 1 and 2): unicode script property (automated detection) + optional provision for entities who wish to populate script data for RFC 5646 subtag

3. How are languages to be identified?

RFC 5646 language tag

T/T Decision Points

T/T Decision Tree

(ALL DECISION POINTS PRELIMINARY PENDING FURTHER IRT INPUT AND FINAL AGREEMENT)

Green = support indicated by IRT

Red = support not indicated by IRT

Yellow = remaining for discussion with IRT

The latest version of Unicode is recommended for automated script detection.

A script subtag, if provided in PDS systems as part of the language tag, must be valid for all Unicode script points detected through automated script detection. Registrars SHOULD validate that the script subtag matches with the Unicode script points in the data entered.

For implementation notes: If automated Unicode script detection yields more than one valid script to generate a script subtag, then registrars MAY use the registrant’s locale to infer the registrant’s native script.

Confirm with expert in language tags. Not just applicable to scripts: General private use language tags as described in RFC 5646 shall not be allowed in generating language tags. However, use of the private use subtag under “langtag” in RFC 5646 shall be permitted.