SSR Recommendation 11 Implementation

ICANN Operational Responsibilities 31 December 2015

Implementation 11 Timeline

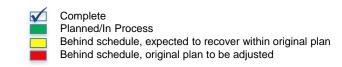


Recommendation 11 Implementation Description

ICANN should finalize and implement measures of success for new gTLDs and IDN fast track that expressly relate to its SSR-related program objectives, including measurements for the effectiveness of mechanisms to mitigate domain name abuse.

Status of Deliverables

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	Responsible	Due Date
Identify and implement measures of success for new gTLDs and IDN fast track that expressly address SSR-related program objectives	Staff	Oct 2015
 Include operations that support SSR objectives in new gTLDs as part of standard operating procedures, including: Service Level Agreements and monitoring Emergency back-end registry operators and data escrow Trademark Clearinghouse Root zone scaling management DNSSEC-related activities Compliance Department activities 	Staff	√
Organize two panels for security and stability review for all applied-for labels	Staff	√
Incorporate security and stability evaluation mechanisms for applied-for IDN labels across the new gTLD and IDN ccTLD Fast Track Programs	Staff	√





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Project Status

Effort has been underway to identify and implement measures of success for new gTLDs and IDN fast track that expressly address SSR-related program objectives. Examples of key activities that are being factored in are included below. Target completion date for implementation schedule: Closure date estimated March 2106.

✓ Operations that support SSR objectives in new gTLDs are part of ICANN's SOP, including Service Level Agreements and monitoring, emergency back-end registry operators and data escrow, Trademark Clearinghouse, root zone scaling management, DNSSEC-related activities, and Compliance Dept. activities.

✓ Implementation is underway for (IAG-CCT) metrics on the impact of the New gTLD Program on competition, consumer trust, and consumer choice, which has SSR-related elements; this supports the upcoming CCT Review. ICANN commissioned third-party research that supports the IAG-CCT work.

O Specification 11 of the Registry Agreement signed by all new gTLD registries requires technical analysis and reporting on security threats, and a framework is under development. The targeted schedule of deliverables for the Framework Drafting Team is as follows:

4 Sept. 2015 - Initial Draft Framework for consultation with relevant communities

2 Oct. 2015 - Revised Draft Framework for discussion during ICANN 54 (to be held Oct. 18-22 in Dublin).

6 Nov. 2015 - Final Draft Framework released for Public Comment.

29 Jan. 2016 - Release of Framework revised with input received during public comment period.

v Per the new gTLD Program Applicant Guide Book, two separate panels were organized for security and stability review for all applied-for labels, focused on: (i) security and stability evaluation of the strings, and (ii) string similarity review against existing, reserved and applied-for labels.

✓ Security and stability evaluation mechanisms for applied-for IDN labels across the new gTLD and IDN ccTLD Fast Track Programs are in place. As defined in the Final Implementation Plan, the IDN ccTLD Fast Track Program includes a two-panel mechanism for technical string evaluations, including the DNS Stability Panel.

√ For both IDN gTLDs & ccTLDs, the <u>Label Generation Rule set (LGR)</u> for the root zone is developed to have a conservative mechanism to define IDN TLD labels, focused on DNS stability and security. Guidelines for Designing Script-Specific Label Generation Rules (LGR) for the Root Zone

 ${f v}$ The IDN ccTLD Fast Track Process is reviewed annually and includes SSR components.

√ Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Reporting at ICANN

Implementation Notes

This recommendation is in progress.

