	STRAWMAN PROPOSAL 1	PROS	CONS	QUESTIONS
1. Creat	tion of an Oversight Body			,
	a. Operational Performance Review Committee.			
	A new body will be created to (1) ensure			
	continuity and enhancement of the			
	performance of current, new and improved			
	IANA administrative and technical functions –			
	the IANA naming services - essentially those			
	described in the current IANA contract, (2)			
	provide oversight over the IANA Functions			
	Operator, and (3) provide a body to which the			
	IANA Functions Operator is accountable. That			
	body will be the Operational Performance			
	Review Committee ("OPRC").			
	b. <u>Legal Status</u> . The OPRC will be a committee			
	rather than a separate incorporated entity.			
	[The committee may be considered an			
	"unincorporated association," and will be			
	domiciled in [California or the U.S. or			
	Switzerland or some other place] to the			
	extent that the committee has a legal			
	identity.]			
'	c. Governing Documents. The OPRC will operate			
	according to Articles of Association and			
	Bylaws to be created by a drafting team			
	composed of a representative group of			
	registries.			
2. Comp	position of Oversight Body			
	a. Registry Operators. The members of the			
	OPRC will be the registry operators, as direct			
	customers of the IANA naming functions.			
	imentation to Replace NTIA Contract			
-	a. <u>Service Level Agreement</u> . The OPRC and			
	ICANN will enter into a Service Level			
	Agreement for the performance of the			
	technical and administrative IANA functions.			
	The SLA would run for an initial term of three			
	years and would be renewed upon the			
	agreement of the OPRC and the IANA			
<u> </u>	Functions Operator.			
'	b. Question: Is any other document needed,			
	beyond SLA? For example, will functional			

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separation be set forth in the SLA? If so, does			
that go beyond the typical scope of an SLA?			
4. Status of IANA Functions Operator			
a. <u>Division of ICANN</u> . The IANA Functions			
Operator will remain a division of ICANN.			
b. Enhanced Separability. ICANN will maintain			
the current separation between ICANN and			
IANA, and will make the IANA Functions			
Operator more easily separable from ICANN,			
if separation becomes necessary at some			
future time.			
5. Method of Oversight. The OPRC would do some or all			
of the following:			
a. Review existing performance metrics, e.g.,			
that 80% of Root Zone File and WHOIS			
database change requests be processed			
within 21 days			
b. Develop the (SLA) for the performance of			
these technical and administrative functions			
[to be negotiated with ICANN] [and approved			
by the multistakeholder community]			
c. meet periodically with IANA staff to review			
performance relative to the SLA [and the need			
for changes to SLA parameters			
d. meet [annually] with the president of ICANN			
to review and approve the budget for the			
IANA naming services for the next [three]			
years			
e. On a periodic basis, e.g., every 3 to 5 years,			
initiate a review of the IANA naming services			
to consider whether new (e.g., the addition of			
DNSSEC represents an example of a 'new			
service' that was introduced) or improved			
services (e.g., further improvements to root			
zone automation) should are needed.			
i. Question: If the OPRC is composed			
solely of registries, should other			
stakeholders be involved in this			
review (e.g., Registries, Commercial			
Stakeholders, Noncommercial			
Stakeholders, SSAC, ALAC and the			

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GAC)]			·
ii. Any proposed new or improved			
services would be reviewed by the			
ccNSO, GNSO, ALAC and GAC before			
being implemented			
f. Act as a final review of changes to the root			
zone made by Verisign at the direction of a			
designated IANA staff member. [The Verisign			
Cooperative Agreement would be amended			
by the NTIA to require that Verisign make			
changes to the root zone at the direction of a			
designated IANA staff member, and not			
ICANN]			
6. Funding of OPRC			
a. Funded by Registries. All ccTLD and gTLD			
registries will fund the OPRC on a fair and			
equitable basis to be determined by the OPRC			
and approved by the ccNSO, GNSO, ALAC and			
GAC.			
7. Funding of IANA Functions Operator			
a. Funded by ICANN. As a division of ICANN, the			
IANA Functions Operator will continue to be			
funded as it is currently.			
8. Transparency of Decision-Making. To enhance			
consistency, predictability and integrity in decision-			
making of IANA related decisions, ICANN would agree			
[Q: in what document?] to:			
 a. Continue the current practice of public 			
reporting on naming related decisions			
b. Make public all recommendations to the			
ICANN Board from IANA staff on naming			
related decisions			
c. Agree to not redact any board minutes			
related to naming decisions			
d. Have the president and board chair sign an			
annual attestation that it has complied with			
the above provisions			
e. IANA functions staff be provided funds to hire			
independent outside legal counsel to provide			
advice on the interpretation of existing			
dance on the medipietation of existing			

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naming related policy.			
f. These provisions regarding reporting and			
transparency, along with the availability of			
independent legal advice, are intended to			
discourage IANA staff and the ICANN Board			
from taking decisions that may not be fully			
supported by existing policy.			
9. Redress and Consequences of Failure to Perform.			
a. If the IANA Functions Operator fails to			
perform as required under the SLA or other			
binding agreements, the SLA will set forth a			
process for providing notice of breach to the			
IANA Functions Operator and requiring the			
IANA Functions Operator to cure the breach.			
In the event of failure to cure a breach, OPRC			
may:			
i. Initiate a formal Performance			
Review to determine the underlying			
cause of the breach. At the end of			
such Performance Review, the OPRC			
may:			
1. Allow ICANN to continue as the			
IANA Functions Operator,			
subject to any remedial			
improvements required by			
OPRC;			
2. Initiate an RFP for a new IANA			
Functions Operator; or			
3. If the breach appears to be			
result of ICANN behavior			
outside of the IANA group,			
require the IANA Functions			
Operator to move outside of			
ICANN and be established as an			
independent entity.			
10. Policy Appeal Mechanism			
a. <u>Independent Review Panel</u> . Where disputes			
arise as to the implementation of "IANA			
related policies," for example, disputes over			
the consistency of ccTLD delegation decisions			
with accepted policy, there would be recourse			

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to an independent review panel. This need			
not be a permanent body, but rather could be			
done the same way as commercial disputes			
are often resolved, through the use of a			
binding arbitration process using an			
independent arbitration firm or a standing list			
of qualified people (to be developed by the			
OPRC). In either case, a three person panel			
would be used with each party to a dispute			
choosing one of the three panelists, with			
these two panelists choosing the third			
panelist.			