



Principles / Criteria Framework: consists of principles, criteria, and indicators:

- **Principles** describe the objectives of the Continuous Improvement Program. They define what the CIP is fundamentally trying to do.
- **Criteria** are the conditions that need to be met in order to comply with a principle. Criteria define how a principle will be achieved, without themselves being a measure of performance.
- **Indicators** define what the CIP will measure to assess whether or not criteria are being met. Indicators can include metrics, assessments, and or new processes put in place to meet a criteria.



Principles to Criteria Example

Example of a Potential Principle:

- The operations of SO, AC, or NomCom are efficient.

Examples of Potential Criteria:

- Each structure has a process for planning and setting priorities.
- Each structure efficiently assesses inputs related to their scope of responsibility.
- Each structure efficiently develops and recommends outputs relevant to their purpose (policy development, support policies, leadership placement).
- Each structure's outputs are implemented efficiently and implementation of outputs is monitored.



Establecer fondo

Borrar marco



01.

The SO, AC, or NomCom is fulfilling its purpose



5 PRINCIPLES



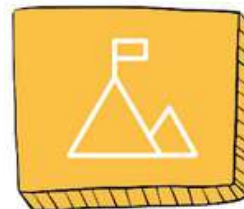
05.

The ICANN community collaborates to further the mission of ICANN and the effectiveness of the ICANN multistakeholder model.



02.

The structures of SO, AC, or NomCom are effective.



03.

The operations of SO, AC, or NomCom are efficient.



04.

The SO, AC, or NomCom is accountable to the wider ICANN community, its organizations, committees, constituencies, and stakeholder groups.





Principle #5 - The ICANN community collaborates to further the mission of ICANN and the effectiveness of the ICANN multistakeholder model.

OS: while the RrSG does not have a formal CI structure, we are increasing outreach to various SO/AC, including formal liaisons, to ensure additional collaboration

OS: +1 to CD re: principles comment

Participants: ... Chen (GNSO-Council), Alan Greenberg (NARALO), Chris Disspain (GNSO-RySG), Owen ... (GNSO-RrSG), Carlos Aguirre (LACRALO), Liubomir Nikiforov (GNSO-NCUC)

AG:3 How do we do this? Question asks how CI activities support this. Shouldn't this simply be how activities??

OS: ensuring continued collaboration with other groups should lead to increased effectiveness of the ICANN MSM.

CD: Criteria - the is a cross community principle so a collaboration process and the necessary tools need to be provided.

CD: Specific improvements in individual groups should contribute to mission/effectiveness. Possibly, awareness of each groups CI work in the rest of ICANN would also help.

AG: 2 Criteria: Where there are common needs, problems, issues, should work collaboratively.

CDA 1. YES, make sense, and it is important. Multistakeholder model include all into this concept. so, nobody can be exclude to give collaboration on this

CDA 2. the collaboration must be the more wide possible, with a clear process in a cross community participation. the effective solution born by consensus.

CDA 3. In my particular opinion there are no problems to align with these principle, because we are looking for the same, CI.

1 - Principles: Do the ... (s) make sense ... another principle need to be added, combined, or removed?

Manju re: 3: aspirational statement in progress regarding representative voting on PDP recs

Manju re 3. PDP 3.0 manual

AG: 1 Princ. makes sense although not always done in practice.

CD: This principle makes sense but it is important to note that the collaborators MUST include ICANN Org and ICANN Board to be effective

2 - Criteria: What criteria for your community group and structure would apply to this principle(s)?

3 - Existing CI: How do the existing continuous improvement activities of your community group and structure align under these draft principles?