

	AF	LAC	NA	EU	AP
<i>Internet fragmentation</i>	X	X	X	X	X
<i>WSIS review</i>					X
<i>Digital sovereignty</i>	X	X			
<i>Cybersecurity</i>	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Universal access</i>	X				
<i>Capacity building</i>	X	X	X		
<i>Small island issues</i>		X			
<i>Global digital compact</i>		X			
<i>Policy issues that foster the security and stability of the internet</i>			X		
<i>Indigenous peoples internet access</i>			X		
<i>Privacy</i>			X		X
<i>Internet as a destabilizing force</i>			X		
<i>Domain name registration data</i>				X	
<i>User verification</i>				X	
<i>Content regulation</i>				X	X
<i>How does the internet work?</i>				X	
<i>Cyberspace militarization</i>				X	
<i>Politicization big internet players</i>				X	
<i>Digital rights & privacy</i>				X	
<i>China's approach to IG</i>				X	
<i>Standard setting</i>				X	
<i>Internet resilience</i>					X
<i>Whois data accuracy</i>					X
<i>Universal acceptance</i>					X
<i>Local language access</i>					X
<i>Data sovereignty</i>					X
<i>Societal impact on the internet</i>					X
<i>New technology dependencies</i>					X
<i>Data governance</i>					X
<i>Digital infrastructure</i>					X
<i>ccTLD alienation</i>					X
<i>Disaster recovery</i>					X
<i>Role of governmental organisations</i>					X
<i>Digital and social inclusion</i>				X	
<i>Innovative digital technologies</i>				X	
<i>Internet accessibility</i>				X	
<i>Human rights in digital societies</i>				X	
<i>Digital cultural heritage</i>				X	
<i>Digital systems for health protection</i>				X	
<i>Green Web and sustainable technologies</i>				X	