Expedited Policy Development Process on Internationalized Domain Names (EPDP on IDNs)

Update & Consultation with At-Large CPWG Re: Role of Variants in String Similarity Review

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• Recap – Source Label, Allocatable & Blocked Variant Labels

• End-User Interest:

- Good/consistent experience
- Security

String Similarity Review: Role of Allocatable & Blocked Variants

• Charter Questions e1, e3, e3a (also b4a, e4)

• EPDP on IDNs String Similarity Small Group

- Assignment Narrow Remit
- Recommendation
- Implications for implementation

• Straw Poll to ascertain support for Recommendation



Recap – Source Label, Allocatable & Blocked Variant Labels

A real example of RZ-LGR output for an Arabic label

Valid means available for application and delegation Allocatable means available for request and activation

| # | Туре | U-label | A-label | Disposition | Code point sequence |
|----|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | original | <mark>شبکة</mark> | <mark>xnngbc5azd</mark> | valid | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+0629 |
| 2 | varlabel | شبکه | xnngbx0cq | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+0647 |
| 3 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx0c15a | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06BE |
| 4 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbx0c95a | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06C0 |
| 5 | varlabel | شبکہ | xnngbx0cy6a | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06C1 |
| 6 | varlabel | شبکہ | xnngbx0c26a | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06C2 |
| 7 | varlabel | شبكۃ | xnngbx0c66a | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06C3 |
| 8 | varlabel | شبکه | xnngbx0c31b | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+0643 U+06D5 |
| 9 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbc5az1b | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+0629 |
| 10 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx2d5u | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+0647 |
| 11 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx66ayc | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06BE |
| 12 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbx66a6c | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06C0 |
| 13 | varlabel | شبکہ | xnngbx66agd | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06C1 |
| 14 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx66akd | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06C2 |
| 15 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbx66aod | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06C3 |
| 16 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx66a0f | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06A9 U+06D5 |
| 17 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbc5a31b | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+0629 |
| 18 | varlabel | شبڪه | xnngbx2d9u | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+0647 |
| 19 | varlabel | شبكه | xnngbx96asc | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06BE |
| 20 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbx96a0c | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06C0 |
| 21 | varlabel | شبڪہ | xnngbx96a4c | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06C1 |
| 22 | varlabel | شبڪم | xnngbx96a8c | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06C2 |
| 23 | varlabel | شبكة | xnngbx96ahd | allocatable | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06C3 |
| 24 | varlabel | شبڪه | xnngbx96arf | blocked | U+0634 U+0628 U+06AA U+06D5 |



String Similarity Review for gTLDs

 String similarity review focuses on visual confusability, conducted with String Similarity Review Panel

• EPDP on IDNs Charter:

- What potential adjustments are needed to string similarity review due to variant implementation?
- Specifically, what role should Allocatable & Blocked Variant Labels have in string similarity review?

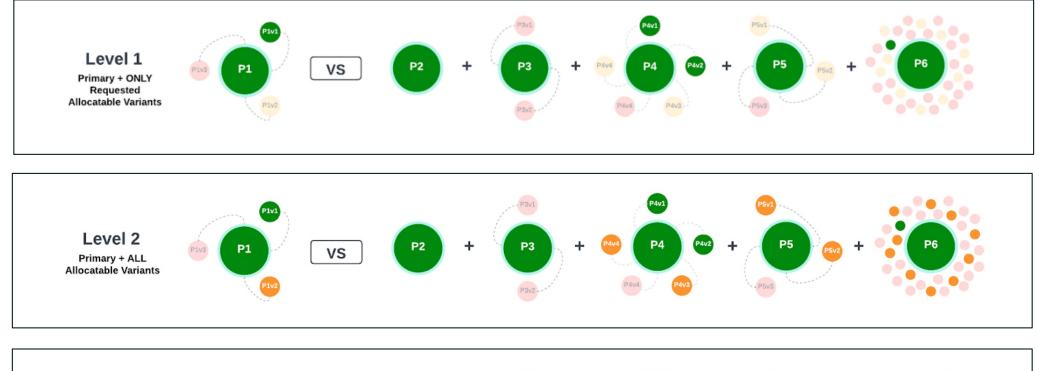
○ 3 possible levels of comparison

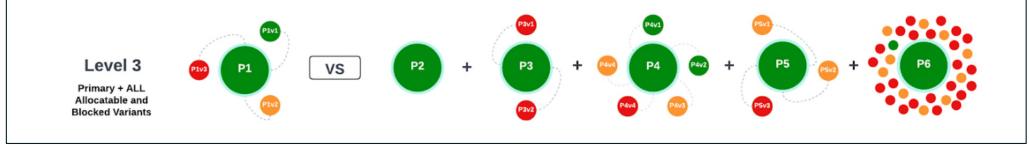
- Level 1: Primary + only requested allocatable variants
- Level 2: Primary + all allocatable variants
- Level 3: Primary + all valid variants (blocked + allocatable)

Staff Paper on variant management advocated for Level 3 – maximally conservative approach



Comparison Matrix – Consolidated View







Non-Requested Allocatable Label

Blocked Label

Graphic by Ariel Liang



EPDP on IDNs String Similarity Small Group

- Task 1: Develop concrete examples of strings that have blocked and/or allocatable variant labels and may be visually confusable with other strings in the same script or across scripts
- <u>Task 2</u>: Demonstrate how these examples would be compared against each other in the string similarity review according to the three levels – showcase impact and potential consequences
- Task 3: Demonstrate how these examples would undergo the objection process according to the three levels – showcase impact and potential consequences
- <u>Exclusion</u>: Complexity implementation for Task 2 (and Task 3) is out of scope – defer to full EPDP Team.



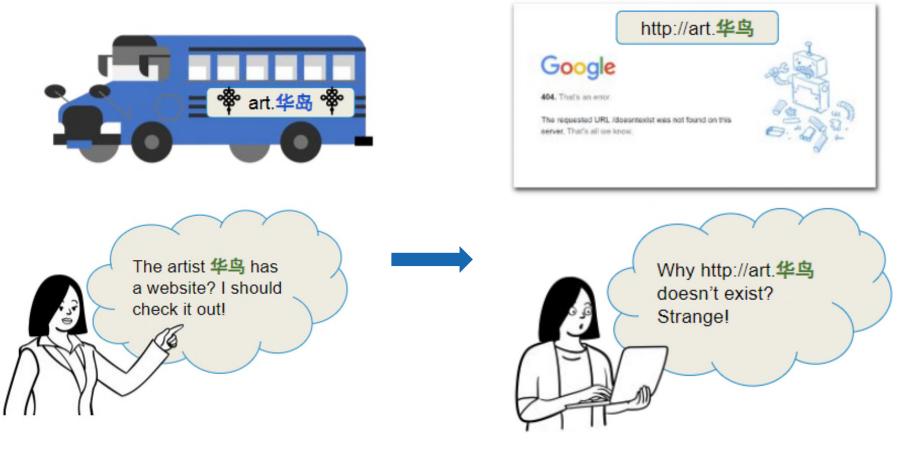
Small Group Recommendation: Hybrid Model

- A mixed-level approach between level 2 and level 3
- Goal is to mitigate possibility of confusing similarity leading to two failure modes –
 - \circ (i) Denial of Service (NOT DDOS!) and
 - o (ii) Misconnection
- \odot Considered
 - RFC 5891: Any domain name registry, including that of the root zone, should develop and apply <u>additional restrictions</u> as needed <u>to reduce confusion</u> <u>and other problems</u> (part of IDNA2008 standard)
 - **RFC 6921**: Zones higher in the DNS tree tend to have <u>more restrictive</u> <u>rules</u>...the context is that the root zone serves the entire Internet population
 - SAC089: Confusability cannot be considered in isolation from other issues related to security. Phishing and other social engineering attacks based on domain name confusion are a security problem for end users
 - Staff Paper: Variant implementation must be done in a way that operation and maintenance of the DNS not be adversely impacted by the introduction of variants; it should <u>avoid including variant TLDs in a manner that would</u> <u>create user vulnerabilities or a probability of confusion</u>



Denial of Service Example & Consequence

A user attempts to visit http://example.X, reading it as being the same as the http://example.Y that, for example, he or she saw in an advertisement. After typing the address (http://example.X), the connection does not work as http://example.X is not registered.





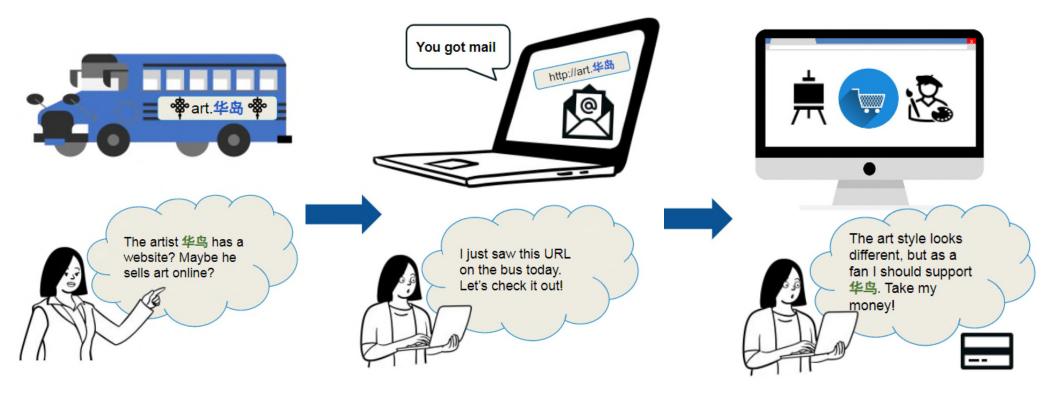
Denial of service will likely cause user confusion and frustration but not harm

Graphic by Ariel Liang



Misconnection Example & Potential Consequences

• A user attempts to visit http://example.X, reading it as being the same as the http://example.Y that, for example, he or she saw in an advertisement. After clicking on http://example.Y, the user arrives at a site controlled by a registrant different to http://example.X.



Misconnection may be more problematic than denial of service, cause more harm to end-user beyond confusion and frustration



Arriving at the wrong site, even if legitimate, can result in credential compromise and accidental exposure of information

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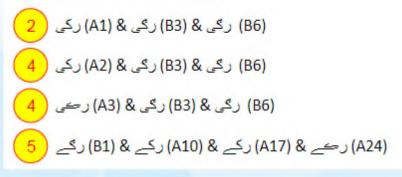
If confusing similarity is maliciously leveraged, it can be a DNS abuse vector. When confusion is at the TL, the possibility of DNS abuse is much greater than that at the SL



Example 6 – impact, potential consequences

| (A1) رکی (B1) 2 3 (A2) رکی (A2) 5 4 | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| (A15) رکی (A4) رکئ | (B24) رگې (B13) رگې (B2) رکئ | | | | |
| (A16) رکې (A5) رکي | (B25) رکّے (B14) رکی (B3) رکی | | | | |
| (A17) رکے (A6) رکب | (B26) رڭئ (B15) رڭى (B4) ركي | | | | |
| (A18) رکی (A7) رکی | (B27) رڭى (B16) رڭې (B5) رىكې | | | | |
| (A19) رڪي (A8) رکي | (B28) رکی (B17) رگے (B6) رکی | | | | |
| (A20) رڪٻ (A9) رکي | (B29) رڭب (B18) رگئ (B7) ركى | | | | |
| (A21) رکی (A10) رکے | (B30) رڭى (B19) رگى (B8) ركى | | | | |
| (A22) رڪي (A11) رکئ | (B31) رڭى (B20) رگى (B9) رڭے | | | | |
| (A23) رڪي (A12) رکي | (B32) رڭې (B21) رگې (B10) رڭئ | | | | |
| (A24) رکے (A13) رکب | (B22) رگی (B11) رڭی | | | | |
| (A14) رکی | (B23) رگى (B12) رڭي | | | | |

String Similarity Review may find the following confusingly similar strings



Potential Outcome of the String Similarity Review

رکی (A1) & its variants A2-A24 AND رکے (B1) & its variants B2-B32 get processed in a contention set

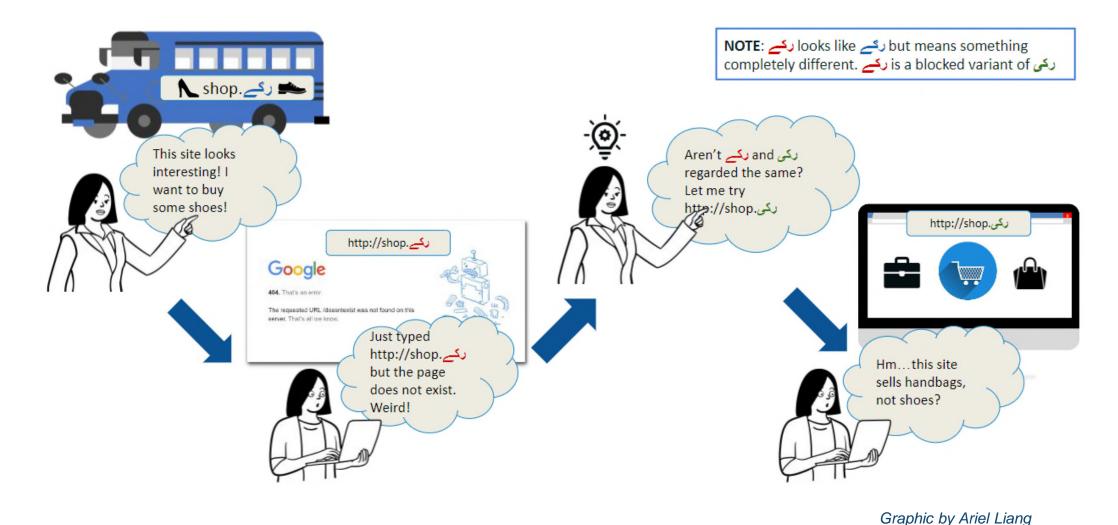
If the hybrid model were not used and blocked variants were not taken into account in String Similarity Review

(A1) and ركى (B1) would have been both delegated with the misconnection risk. E.g., a user may mistake ركى (A1) as ركى (B3), a blocked variant of ركال (B1), but arrive at site controlled by a registrant different to ركال (B1).



Misconnection Involving Blocked Variants

 A label may be a blocked variant label by RZ-LGR calculation, but end-users may still perceive and intend to access a blocked variant label domain name without knowing that it does not exist in the root



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Small Group Recommendation: Hybrid Model

• In practice, proposes to modify string similarity review ...

| From existing | To add Levels 2+3 manifestation | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1/ Compare an applied- for IDN gTLD | 1/ Compare an applied-for source IDN gTLD and all its allocatable variant label(s) | | | |
| Against: Existing TLDs Strings requested as IDN ccTLDs Other applied-for gTLDs in the same round Reserved Names Any other 2-char ASCII strings | Against: Existing TLD and all their allocatable and blocked variant labels Strings requested as IDN ccTLDs and all their allocatable and blocked variant labels Other applied-for gTLDs in the same round and all their allocatable and blocked variant labels Reserved Names; and Any other 2-char ASCII strings and all their allocatable and blocked variant labels (if the applied-for source IDN gTLD is a 2-char string) 2/ Also compare all the blocked variant label(s) of an applied-for primary IDN gTLD Against: Existing TLDs and all of their allocatable variant labels | | | |



- As at early Oct 2022,
 - Nominating groups in EPDP on IDNs asked re: level of support
 - □ RySG yes, with some refinement
 - □ NCSG yes
 - □ GAC yes
 - □ RrSG yes, probably
 - Thus, need for risk analysis exercise possibly averted
- Clarifying questions?
- STRAW POLL Do you support the logic of the Hybrid Model as summarily explained?
 - Noting that the ALAC Team may need to exercise discretion to consider refinements or other factors arising from EPDP deliberations eg. risk analysis, operational impact, complexity in implementation, cost & benefit of model



Thank you for your input.

