

# SSAC Activities Update as of September 2022



# **Security and Stability Advisory Committee (SSAC)**

#### Who We Are



36 Members



Appointed by the ICANN Board

#### What We Do



Role: Advise the ICANN community and Board on matters relating to the security and integrity of the Internet's naming and address allocation systems.

#### What is Our Expertise

- Addressing and Routing
- Domain Name System (DNS)
- DNS Security Extensions (DNSSEC)
- Domain Registry/Registrar Operations
- DNS Abuse & Cybercrime
- Internationalization
   (Domain Names and Data)
- Internet Service/Access Provider
- ICANN Policy and Operations

#### **How We Advise**



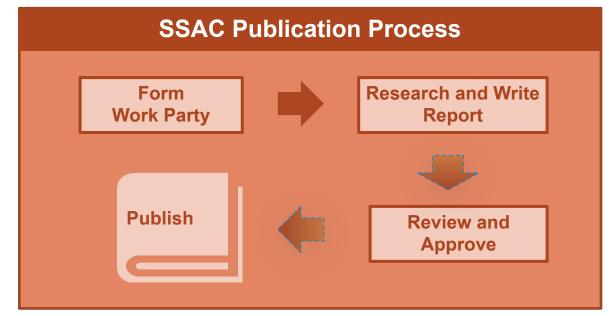
121 Publications since 2002

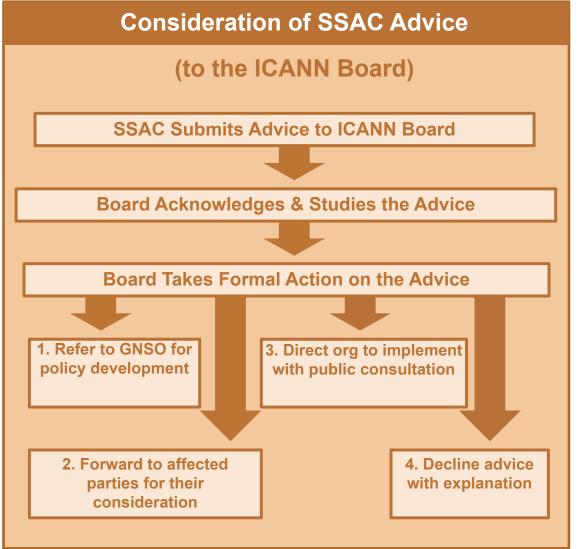


# **Security and Stability Advisory Committee (SSAC)**

#### **ICANN's Mission & Commitments**

- Ensure the stable and secure operation of the Internet's unique identifier systems.
- Preserve and enhance the administration of the DNS and the operational stability, reliability, security, global interoperability, resilience, and openness of the DNS and the Internet.







## **SAC121: SSAC Briefing on Routing Security**

- Background Technical Information
- Routing Security and the Domain Name System (DNS)
- Efforts to Enhance Routing Security
- Operating Secured Infrastructure
- Key Takeaways

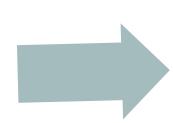


Operate

## The Relevance of Routing Security for the DNS

#### The DNS protocol and DNS resolution are susceptible to routing incidents

- Many authoritative DNS servers answer any query they receive
- Many DNS clients do not authenticate the identity of the server that provides the answer, and do not perform DNSSEC validation
- Stub resolvers have no visibility into which authoritative servers provide answers to queries
- Vast majority of DNS queries are in the clear and use UDP as the transport protocol



- A routing attack can substitute one DNS server for another without the awareness of the client
- Routing attacks can alter the network path of a query, allowing third parties to inspect DNS queries or otherwise eavesdrop on transactions.

DNS Rout Sec

## **SAC120: Input to GNSO IDN EPDP on IDN Variants**

- A variant management mechanism serves two purposes:
  - Enhance security of IDNs that have variants
  - Promote an acceptable experience that meets the user expectations for those IDNs
- Balancing Security and Usability:
  - IDN and its variants must be treated as a single package from a domain provisioning and life cycle management perspective
  - Variants of an IDN that are in actual use can be delegated.



#### **SAC120: Input to GNSO IDN EPDP on IDN Variants**

- Important Limitations:
  - There is no protocol solution in the DNS or other protocols (e.g., HTTP, SMTP, TLS) to enforce equivalence of variant domains.
  - Management of variant domains can introduce a combinatorial explosion for registries, registrars and registrants and need to managed carefully
- These limitations call for a conservative approach in the delegation and management of variant domain names.
- The Root Zone must use the ICANN Root Zone Label Generation Rule to determine variants for all current and future TLDs.



## NCAP (name collision project) Background

- ICANN Board tasked SSAC to conduct studies to present data, analysis and points of view, and provide advice to the Board on name collisions
  - O Specific advice regarding .home/.corp/.mail
  - General advice regarding name collisions going forward
- Studies to be conducted in a thorough and inclusive manner that includes other technical experts
  - 25 discussion group members, including 14 SSAC work party members
  - O 23 community observers
  - O Chaired by James Galvin and Matt Thomas



#### **Current Work Parties**

- Name Collision Analysis Project
- DS Automation
- Evolution of DNS Resolution
- DNSSEC and Security Workshops (Ongoing)
- Membership Committee (Ongoing)



# SSAC Member Skills, hunting for new community members

• The skills of SSAC members span the following categories:

Domain Name System	IP Addressing/Routing
Security	Registration Services
Abuse	Internationalized Domain Names
Root Server System	Information Technology
Non-Technical (e.g., legal, risk management, business skills)	

 The <u>SSAC Skills Survey</u> is used to document the skills of all existing and potential SSAC Members