

Internationalized Domain Names: Advancing the IDN Agenda for a More Inclusive Internet

APRALO Webinar, 27 July 2021 Emily Taylor

What are internationalized domain names (IDNs)?

- Traditionally, domain names supported a-z 0-9 (ASCII) and hyphen, and that's it.
- At a technical level, IDNs transliterate Unicode labels into ASCII strings
- Implementation began in 2000 at the second level (.com and .net) and 2001 (.jp).
- IDNs at the top level became available from 2009 onwards.





About the IDN World Report

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Roadmap for this session

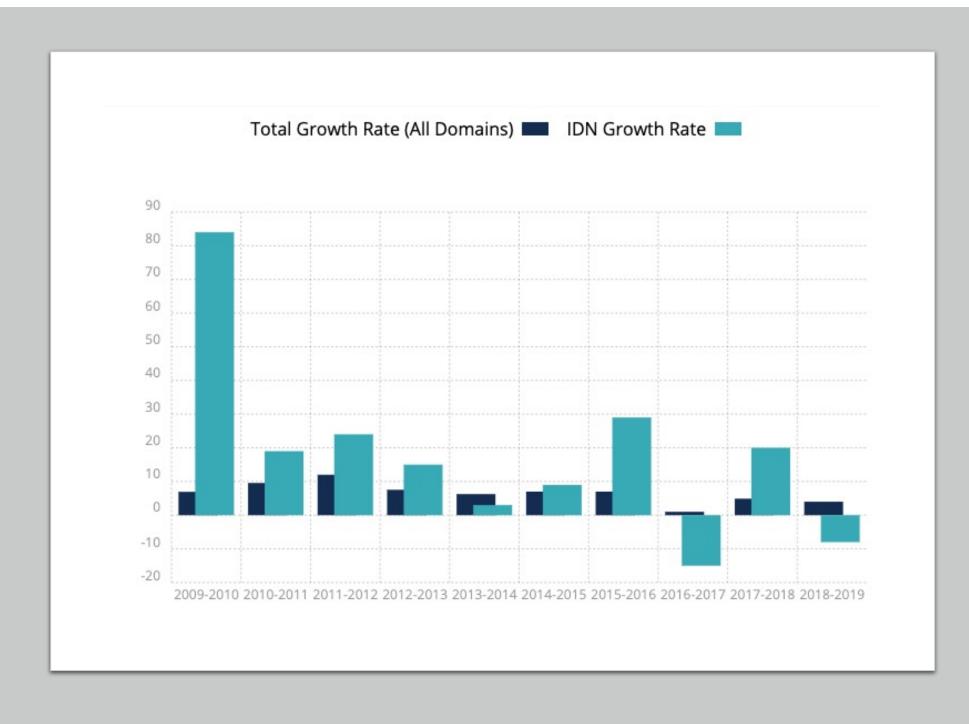
IDN Report key findings

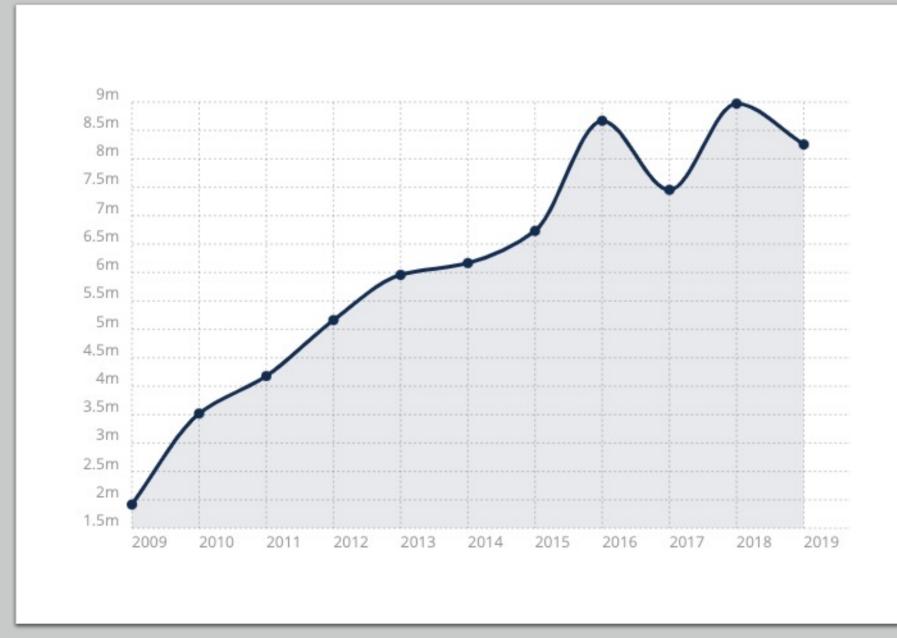
Update on universal acceptance and EAI study

IDNs in the Asia Pacific region



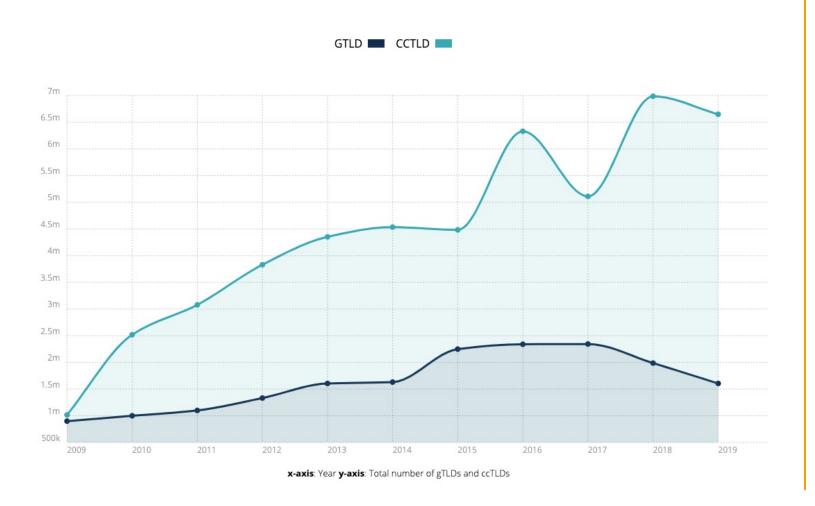
Key findings, 2020 report





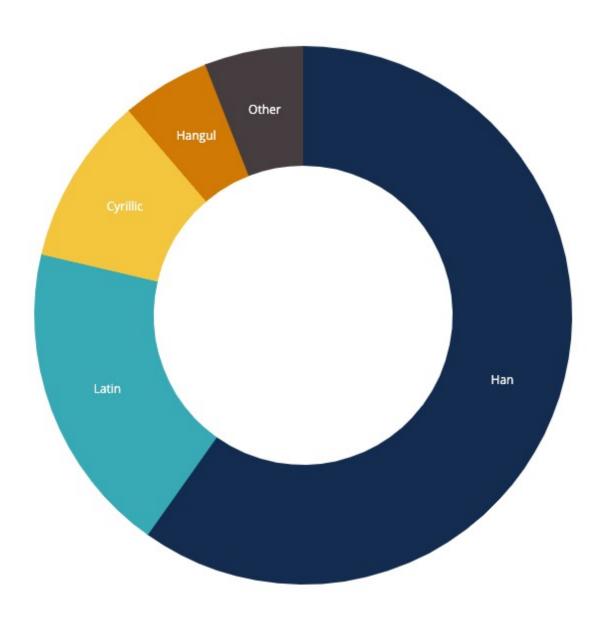
IDNs by Type

IDN Growth by type, comparing the number of IDNs in gTLDs to ccTLDs



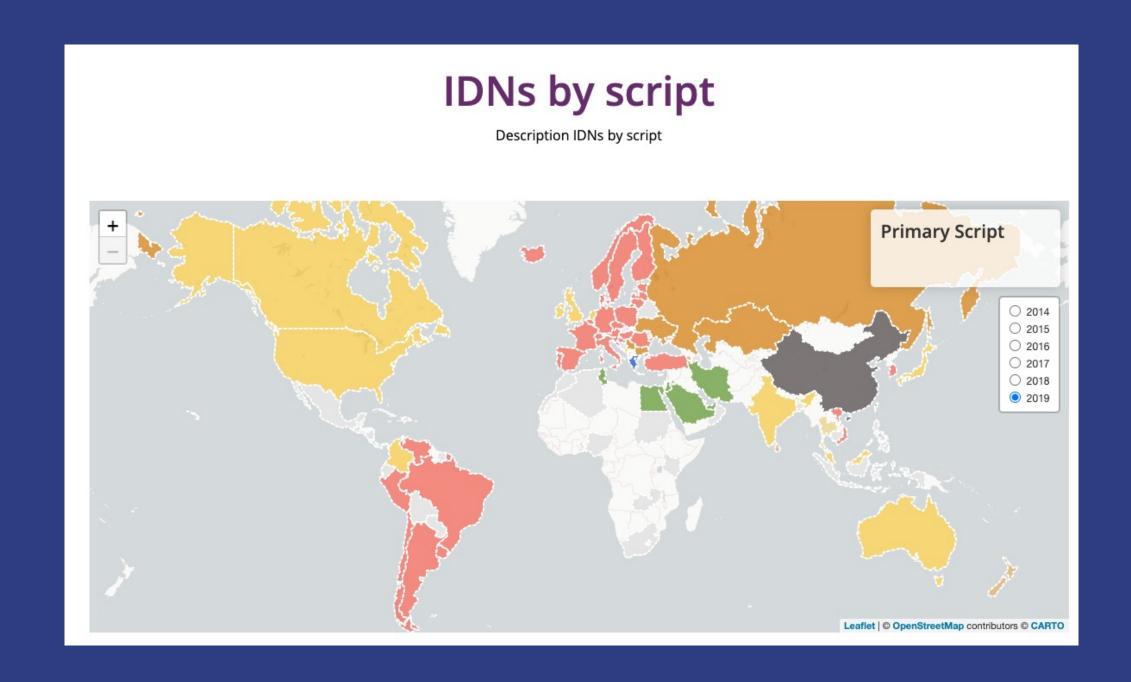
IDNs by Script (All)

The scripts of all IDNs, both at top and second level



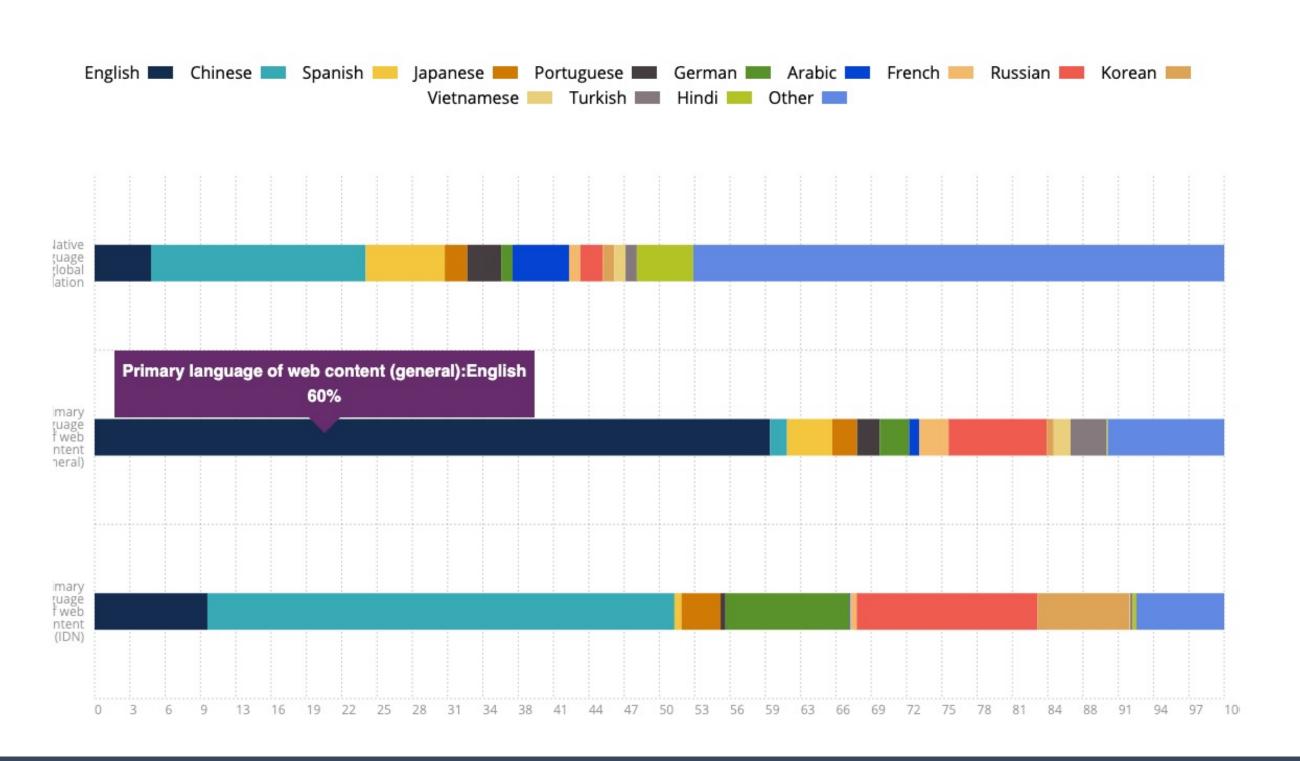


IDNs help to promote linguistic diversity in cyberspace

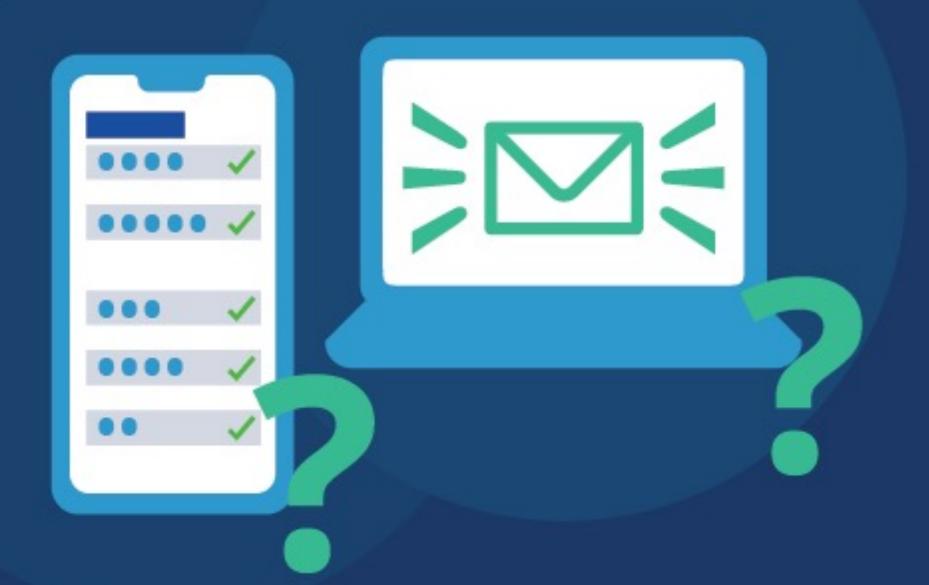


IDNs and Linguistic Diversity

A comparison of the native language of the global population, the primary language of all web content, and the primary language of IDN web content. With IDNs, the web content is more linguistically diverse



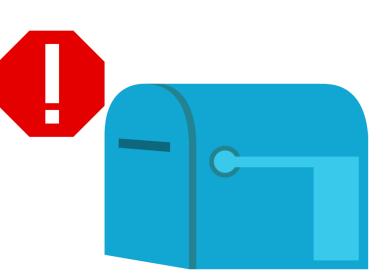




Universal acceptance remains a challenge

EAI study 2020

EURid commissioned OXIL to evaluate 2 commercial full stack email systems for UA adherence

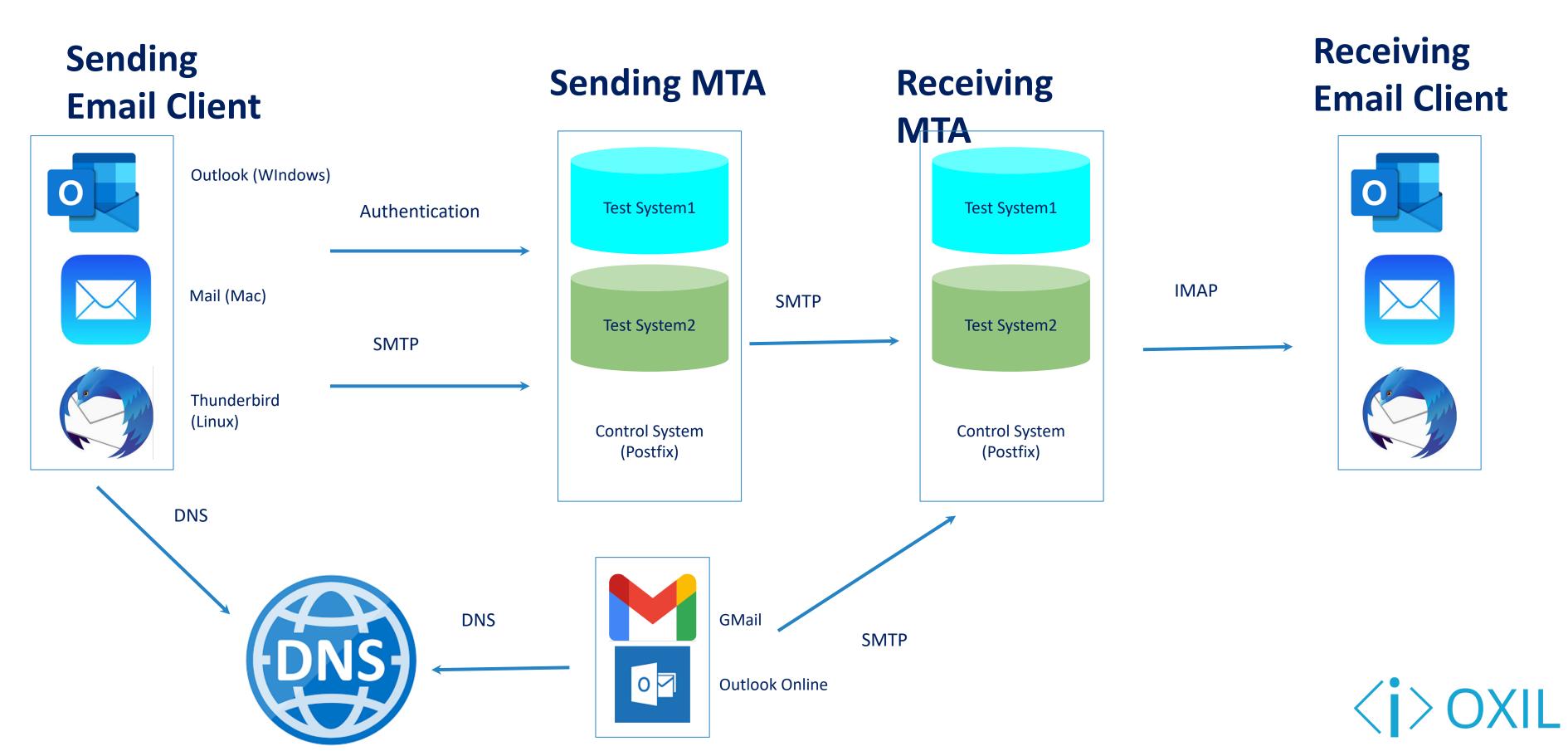


 Study focus on the European Market and languages (Latin with Diacritics, Cyrillic and Greek scripts only)

Benchmark test systems against a best practice control system



Points of success / failure!

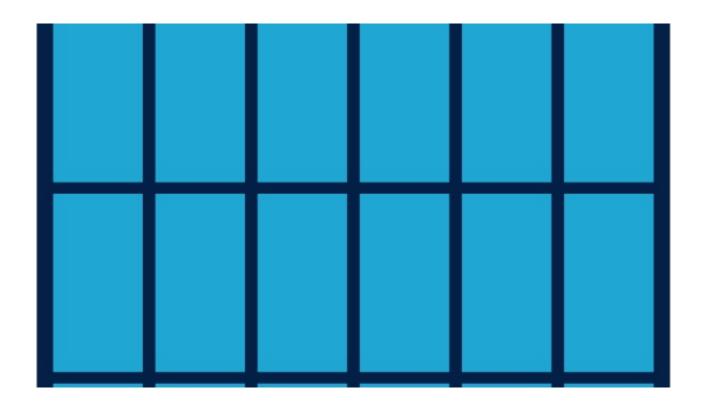


Benchmark / Control environment

- Had hoped to use CPanel (the most popular solution for hosting providers). Underpinned by EXIM which supports IDNs but out of box configuration and GUI lacked support for unicode.
- Custom Postfix / Dovecot configuration with full support for unicode@idn domain sending and receiving using aliases
- Whilst out of scope for practical reasons
 Postfix environment can be configured to
 authenticate with Unicode strings.







Summary Observations

 Underlying MTA software now has good support for IDNs, Unicode email prefixes and Unicode content and headers

 Issues with MTA solutions are usually down to lack of support by custom integrated software used for configuration etc

• Popular mail clients still have a long way to go to meet the mark for UA in email.



New UA studies for 2021



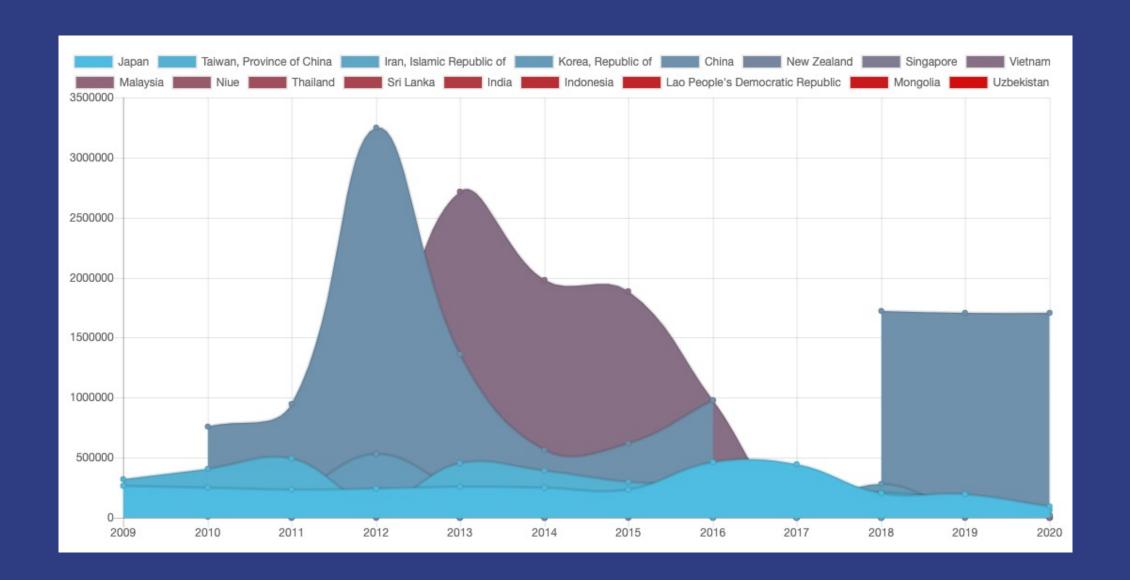


IDNs in Asia Pacific



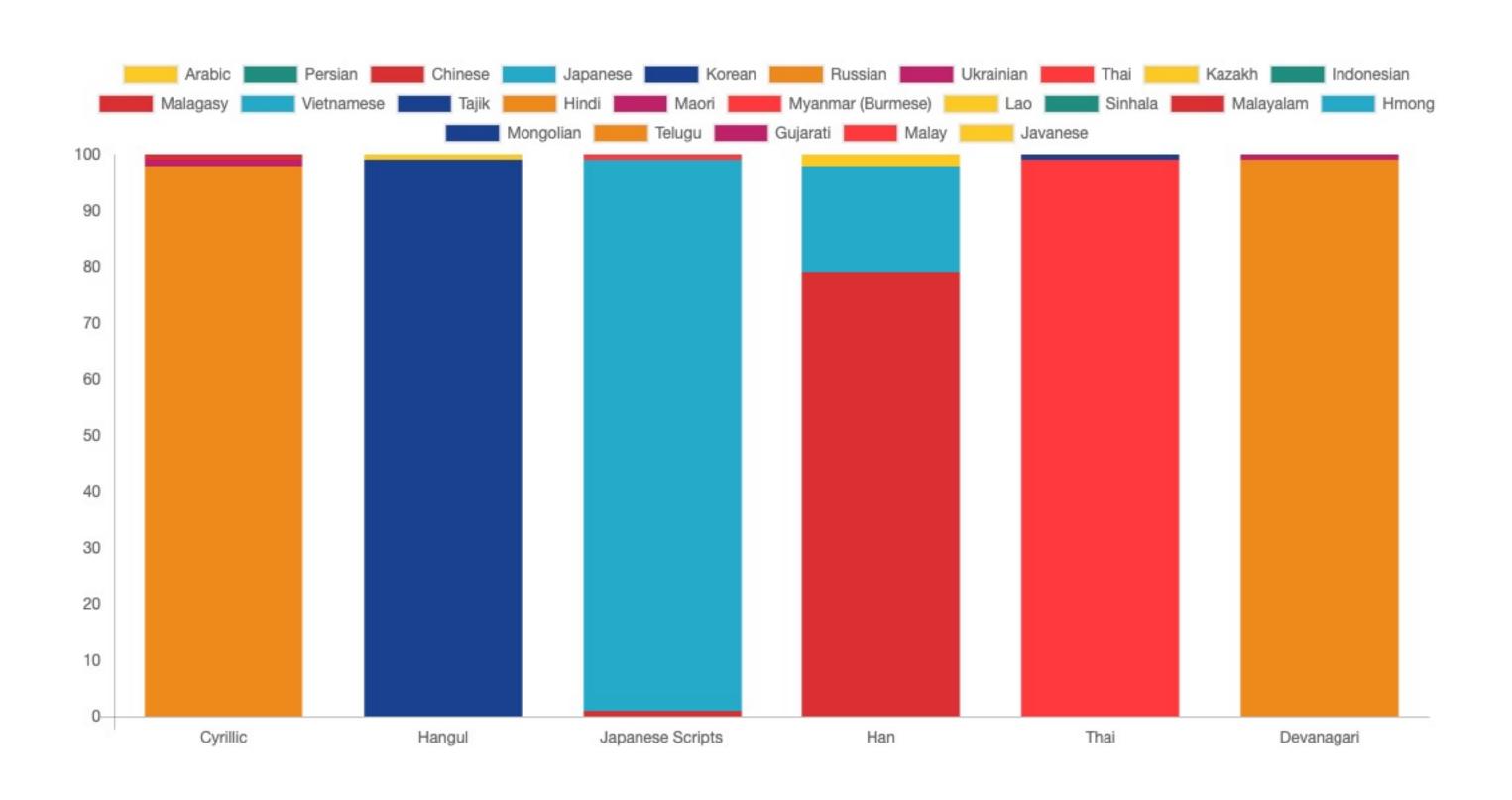


• The majority of IDNs are in the AP region



IDNs in the AP region over time

IDN script accurately indicates language of web content



We would love to talk to you about your IDN experiences



IDN World Report > IDNs Around the World > IDNs in Asia and the Pacific

This section looks at the region of Asia and the Pacific, and its extensive contribution towards the refinement of IDN standards and the introduction of the IDN ccTLD. It then reviews implementation of IDNs by country or territory, with a particular focus on China, Republic of Korea and Viet Nam, followed by a round-up for the rest of the region.

It identifies the core problem as lack of end-user awareness. Finally the section concludes by revisiting the IDN-Readiness Matrix, finding that while the factors are still relevant, generally IDN registrations are under-performing compared with their potential, due to a combination of poor user experience and lack of user awareness.

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IDNS HELP TO ENHANCE LINGUISTIC DIVERSITY IN CYBERSPACE

IDNS ARE ACCURATE
PREDICTORS OF THE LANGUAGE
OF WEB CONTENT

UNIVERSAL ACCEPTANCE REMAINS A CHALLENGE

MANY CCTLDS IN THE REGION OFFER IDNS

Conclusions



Thank you!

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