

# RFC 8691

The journey From the draft to the Standard Track

MEAC School on IG 2021v

July 4-8, 2021 Cyberspace





## Standardization bodies





































































- Organized activity of the Internet Society
- A voluntary Standards Development Organization
- Consists of !many! Working Groups
- Organized by Areas: Applications and Real Time, General, Internet, Operations and Management, Routing, Security and Transport
- Most standards work is done by the Working Groups
- Lots more details not immediately important to you!





# **IETF Purpose**

- Develop and maintain standards for technologies used to provide Internet service or to provide services over the Internet
- Ensure that the technology can perform needed functions
- Ensure that the technology will support the proper scale of deployment and usage
- Ensure that the technology itself is secure and can be operated securely
- Ensure that the technology is manageable





## What is the IRTF?

- The Internet Research Task Force is an activity of the Internet Architecture Board
- Investigates more "researchy" topics than IETF (i.e., Delay-Tolerant Networking investigated interplanetary internetworking)
- Research Groups (RGs) of the IRTF share space at IETF meetings
- Meetings are open to all attendees as observers, but some have closed membership





### The road to the IETF

# Past Next Generation Leaders Programs





IGF Ambassadors Program (closed)







# IETF fellowship

# Policymakers Programme to the IETF Bringing Policy Experts and the IETF Together



## The Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)

The world's premier Internet standards-setting organization, the IETF is responsible for developing many of the Internet's most important standards, such as TCP/IP, email (POP, SMTP, IMAP), instant messaging (XMPP), VoIP (SIP, RTCWEB), and IPv6.

The IETF is an open, international community of volunteer specialists, including operators, network designers, researchers, and vendors, who collaborate to develop and promote the open standards that lie at the heart of the Internet.

The mission of the IETF is to produce high quality, relevant technical and engineering documents that influence the way people design, use, and manage the Internet in such a way as to make the Internet work better.

As the organizational home of the IETF, the Internet Society has developed the Policymakers Programme to the IETF to allow for close interaction between policy experts from developing countries and IETF technical participants in an environment that supports dialogue, information sharing, and problem solving. The programme also provides an opportunity for the IETF to gain a better understanding of policy concerns and priorities.

The Internet Society believes this interaction is critical, because, although very technical, IETF discussions shape the way online communications happen, and policy influences how these technical solutions are implemented and used by society at large. By working together, everyone benefits.

#### Building Support for Open Standards

The Policymakers Programme to the IETF focuses on bridging the gap between the technical community and policymakers by giving policy experts an opportunity to interact directly with the open, multi-stakeholder community of technical experts at the IETF.

The goal is to build support among policymakers worldwide for the IETF's unique model of standards development and how that contributes to the global Internet and to provide an opportunity for the IETF to gain a better understanding of the concerns and priorities in developing countries. Topics addressed in the programme include the following areas where the IETF's work intersects with policy:

- Aspects of the Domain Name System (DNS)
- · Overview of IP Routing
- · Introduction to Interconnection and Traffic Exchange
- Security and Privacy Protocols
- · Quality of Service (QoS)
- · Open Standards Processes

#### Who Are Participants in the Policymakers Programme to the IETF?

Participants in the Internet Society's Policymakers

Programme to the IETF are senior-level policymakers in
their country, organization, or region. They have deep
experience in communications policy at the local, regional,
or global level. Since 2012, the Internet Society has hosted
policymakers from over 53 countries, crossing all regions,
to attend the IETF.

# The Working group







Datatracker

Groups

Documents

Meetings

Other

User

### IP Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments (ipwave)

About	Documents	Meetings	History	Photos	Email expansions	List archive »	Tools »	
WG		Name II	Wireless Ac	cess in Veh	nicular Environments			
	Α	cronym ip	ipwave					
		<b>Area</b> Ir	Internet Area (int)					
		State A	Active					
		Charter cl	charter-ietf-ipwave-01 Approved					
	Depen	dencies D	Document dependency graph (SVG)					
	Additional - Issue tracker  Resources - Wiki							
Personne	1		Carlos Bernardos ⊠ Russ Housley ⊠					
	Area I	Director E	rik Kline 🖂					
Mailing l	ist	<b>Address</b> it	s its@ietf.org					
	To su	ıbscribe h	ttps://www.ie	etf.org/mai	lman/listinfo/its			
		Archive h	ttps://mailar	chive.ietf.o	org/arch/browse/its/			
Jabber ch	at Room	address x	mpp:ipwave@	@jabber.iet	f.org?join			
			https://jabber.ietf.org/logs/ipwave/					

### Charter for Working Group

Automobiles and vehicles of all types are increasingly connected to the Internet. Comfort-enhancing entertainment applications, road safety applications using bidirectional data flows, and connected automated driving are some of the new features expected in automobiles to hit the roads from now to year 2020.





## The draft

The first versions were not adopted by the WG yet.

```
[Docs] [txt|pdf|xml|html] [Tracker] [WG] [Email] [Nits]
Versions: <u>00</u> <u>01</u> <u>02</u> <u>03</u> <u>04</u> <u>05</u> <u>06</u>
           draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb
                                                                        A. Petrescu
Network Working Group
Internet-Draft
                                                                                 CEA
Intended status: Informational
                                                                           R. Kuntz
                                                                         IP Flavors
Expires: April 24, 2014
                                                                         P. Pfister
                                                                           changing
                                                                         N. Benamar
                                                        Moulay Ismail University
                                                                  October 21, 2013
```

Transmission of IPv6 Packets over IEEE 802.11p Networks draft-petrescu-ipv6-over-80211p-00.txt

[Docs] [txt|pdf|xml] [Tracker] [WG] [Email] [Diff1] [Diff2] [Nits]

Versions: <u>00</u> <u>01</u> <u>02</u> <u>03</u> <u>04</u> <u>05</u> <u>06</u>

<u>draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb</u>

Network Working Group

Internet-Draft

Intended status: Standards Track

Expires: June 3, 2017

A. Petrescu CEA, LIST N. Benamar

Moulay Ismail University

J. Haerri Eurecom

C. Huitema

J. Lee
Sangmyung University
T. Ernst
YoGoKo
T. Li
Peloton Technology
November 30, 2016

Transmission of IPv6 Packets over IEEE 802.11 Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set (OCB)

draft-petrescu-ipv6-over-80211p-06.txt

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[Docs] [txt|pdf|xml|html] [Tracker] [WG] [Email] [Diff1] [Diff2] [Nits]
Versions: (<u>draft-petrescu-ipv6-over-80211p</u>)
          00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11
          <u>12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23</u>
          <u>36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47</u>
          <u>48 49 50 51 52</u>
IPWAVE Working Group
                                                             A. Petrescu
Internet-Draft
                                                               CEA, LIST
Intended status: Standards Track
                                                              N. Benamar
Expires: December 17, 2018
                                                Moulay Ismail University
                                                               J. Haerri
                                                                 Eurecom
                                                                  J. Lee
                                                    Sangmyung University
                                                                T. Ernst
                                                                  YoGoKo
```

Transmission of IPv6 Packets over IEEE 802.11 Networks operating in mode Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set (IPv6-over-80211-OCB) <u>draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb-24</u>

June 15, 2018

No Objection

 $\square$ 

(was Discuss) No Objection

(was Discuss) No Objection

### Basic Support for IPv6 Networks Operating Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set over IEEE Std 802.11

draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb-52

Status

IESG evaluation record

**IESG** writeups

**Email expansions** 

History

Yes

(Suresh Krishnan)

#### No Objection

(Deborah Brungard)

(Alissa Cooper)

Roman Danyliw

Warren Kumari

(Mirja Kühlewind)

(Barry Leiba)

(Alexey Melnikov)

Alvaro Retana

(Adam Roach)

Martin Vigoureux

Éric Vyncke

(Magnus Westerlund)

No Record

Benjamin Kaduk

Note: This ballot was opened for revision 47 and is now closed.

(Suresh Krishnan)

(Deborah Brungard)

(Alissa Cooper)

**Comment** (2019-08-01 for -51)

Thank you addressing my DISCUSS and COMMENT.

Roman Danyliw

**Comment** (2019-07-25 for -51)

Thank you for addressing my DISCUSS and some of the COMMENTs.

(Resolved comments removed)

- (5) Section 1. Per "The resulting stack inherits from IPv6 over Ethernet [RFC2462], but operates over ...", what exactly is being inherited? What does "inherited" mean in this case?
- (6) Section 4.3. Per "Among these types of addresses only the IPv6 link-local addresses can be formed using an EUI-64 identifier, in particular during transition time", the meaning of the "in particular during transition time isn't clear in the text. Should it say "in particular as all clients are upgraded to this specification?"
- (9) Section 5. What is "protected 802.11" mentioned in "Such a link is less protected ..."?
- (10) Section 5.2. SHA256 needs a reference.

### Basic Support for IPv6 Networks Operating Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set over IEEE Std 802.11

draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb-52

Status

IESG evaluation record

**IESG** writeups

**Email expansions** 

History

### Approval announcement

*Draft* of message to be sent *after* approval:

From: The IESG <iesg-secretarygietf.org>
To: IETF-Announce <ietf-announcegietf.org>
Cc: The IESG <iesggietf.org>, itsgietf.org, Carlos Bernardos <cjbcgit.uc3m.es>, draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocbgietf.org, cjbcgit.uc3m.es, rfc-editorgrfc-editor.org, sureshgkaloom.com, ipwave-chairsgietf.org
Subject: Protocol Action: 'Basic Support for IPv6 over IEEE Std 802.11 Networks Operating Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set' to Proposed Standard (draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb-52.txt)

The IESG has approved the following document:
- 'Basic Support for IPv6 over IEEE Std 802.11 Networks Operating Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set' (draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb-52.txt) as Proposed Standard

This document is the product of the IP Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments Working Group.

The IESG contact persons are Éric Vyncke and Suresh Krishnan.

A URL of this Internet Draft is:

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-ipwave-ipv6-over-80211ocb/

```
[Docs] [txt[pdf] [draft-ietf-ipwa...] [Tracker]
For this RFC, original HTML is available from the RFC-Editor: RFC8691
                                                               N. Benamar
Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)
Request for Comments: 8691
                                      Moulay Ismail University of Meknes
Category: Standards Track
                                                                 J. Härri
ISSN: 2070-1721
                                                                  EURECOM
                                                                   J. Lee
                                                     Sangmyung University
                                                                 T. Ernst
                                                                   YoGoKo
                                                            December 2019
```

Basic Support for IPv6 Networks Operating Outside the Context of a Basic Service Set over IEEE Std 802.11





## **Abstract**

- This document provides methods and settings for using IPv6 to communicate among nodes within range of one another over a single IEEE 802.11-OCB link. Support for these methods and settings require minimal changes to existing stacks.
- This document also describes limitations associated with using these methods. Optimizations and usage of IPv6 over more complex scenarios are not covered in this specification and are a subject for future work.