

RIPE Policy Development Process

Marco Schmidt I MEAC-SIG 2021v I 6 July 2021

The Internet Registry System





Regional Internet Registries (RIR)



- Five RIRs worldwide
 - Main goal: high-quality registration
 - Not-for-profit organisations
 - -Funded by membership fees
 - Policies decided by regional communities
 - Neutral, Impartial, Open, Transparent

RIPE Policy Development Process



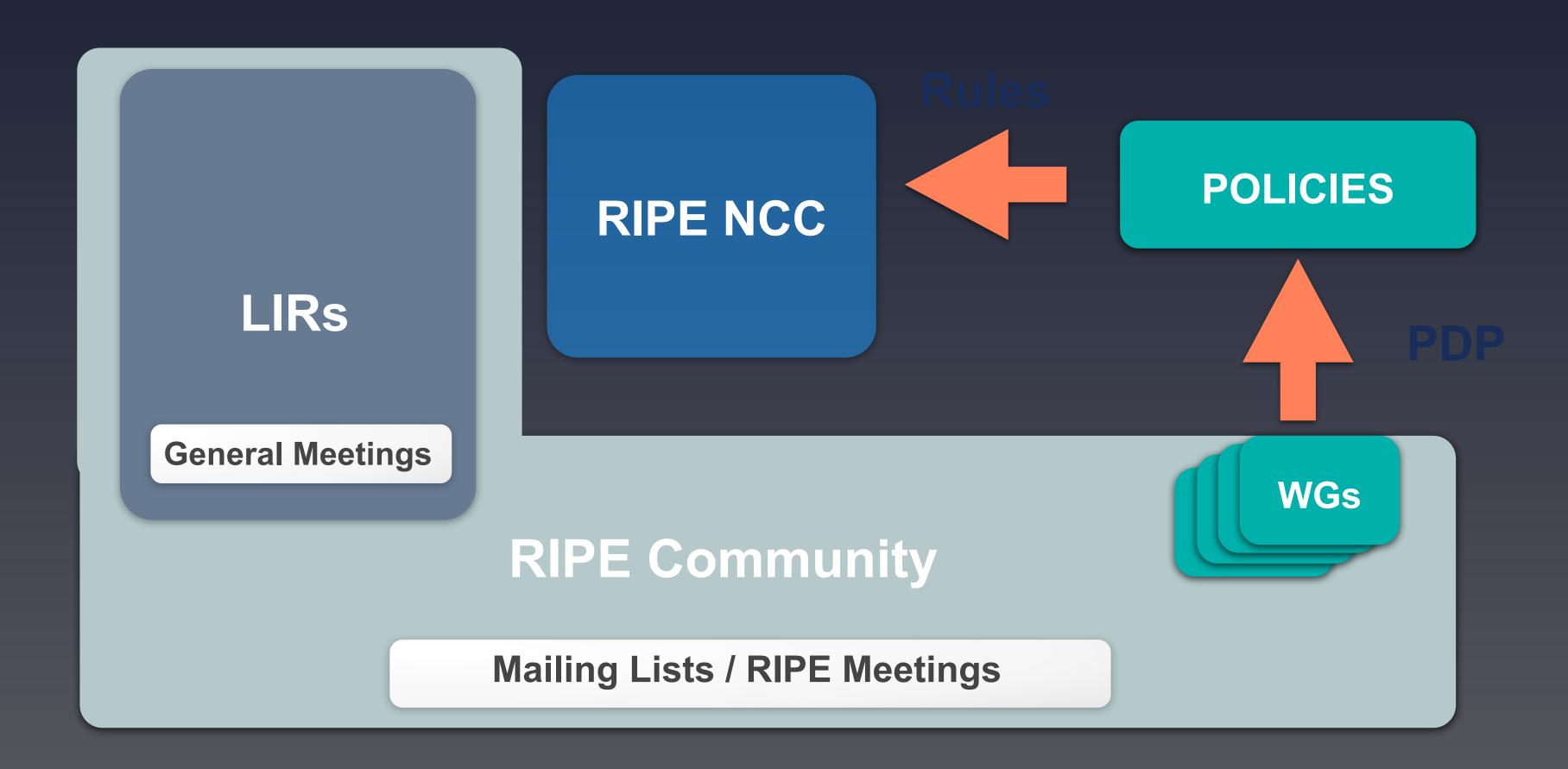
RIPE policies are set of rules accepted by the RIPE community

 The Policy Development Process (RIPE PDP), creates the policies related to Internet operations for the RIPE community.

The PDP is documented in ripe-710 (https://www.ripe.net/
 publications/docs/ripe-710)

RIPE PDP Bottom-up Model





Working Groups

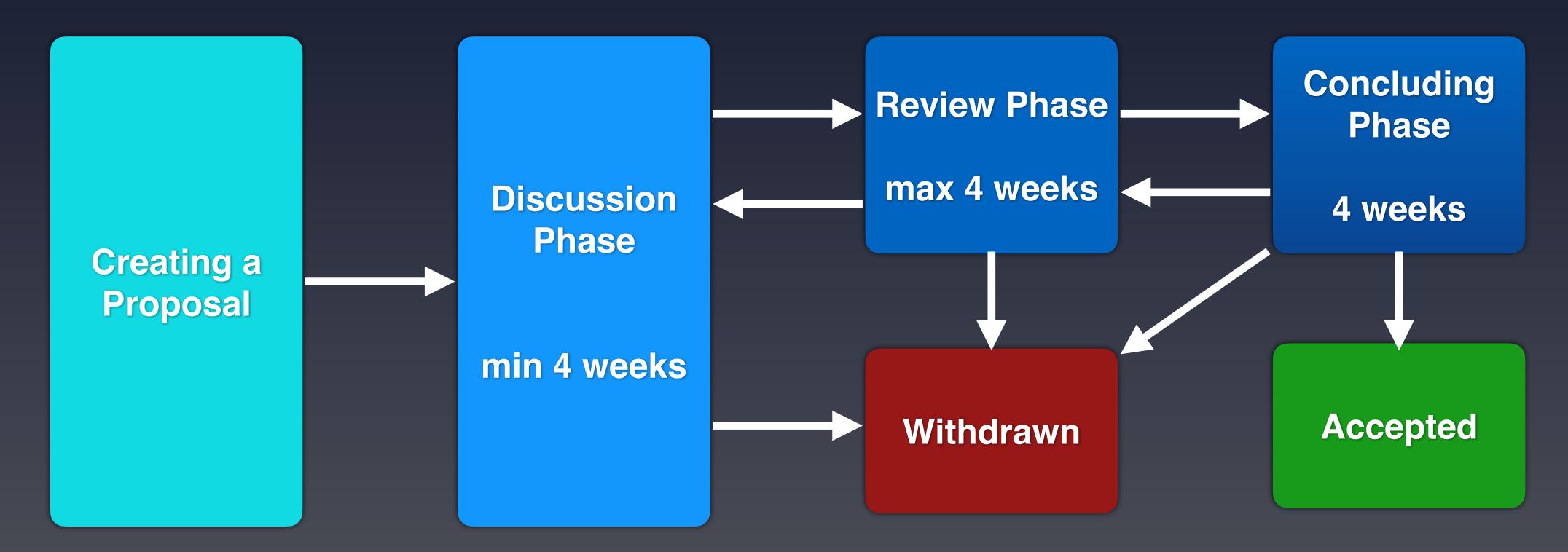


- Address Policy
- Routing
- Database
- Anti-abuse
- Cooperation
- DNS

- IPv6
- RIPE NCC Services
- Connect
- Open Source
- Measurement, Analysis and Tools
- IoT

PDP phases





 Conclusions are reached by consensus determined by the WG Chairs

Policy Development Process



- Open
- Transparent
- Bottom-up

Who is most interested in PDP and why?



Different network operators are taking part in the PDP

- ISPs, WebHosting providers, VPN providers, Content providers
- Commercial entities
- Universities, Researchers
- Governments
- Law Enforcement Agencies
- Individual internet users
- Brokers

RIPE Policies might change



- The size of allocations made by the RIPE NCC to its members
- The size of assignments made by LIRs to end users
- The number of peers needed to qualify for a public AS
- The information to be published in the RIPE Database
- The transferability of internet number resources to different entities

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RIPE NCC in the PDP



- Secretariat to support the process
- Helps with documentation
- Implements the policies



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PDP Challenges



- Wide participation in the open discussion
- Representation of different parties with different needs
- Cultural barriers
- Respect of the Code of Conduct
- Legal constraints

PDP Conflicts



 The RIPE NCC Policy Office can help spotting a proposal conflict, i.e. with the governance scope of different bodies (RIPE NCC, RIPE NCC EB,...)

 The appeal procedure is in place to resolve conflicts with the decision taken by the WG chairs

Recent RIPE policy changes



Introducing new regulations for the distribution of scarce IPv4
resource (reducing maximum size to 256 IPs, for new members
only via waiting list system)
https://www.ripe.net/participate/policies/proposals/2019-02

 Change the business rules for the RIPE Internet Routing Registry (IRR) service to allow for a better hierarchy.
 Objects in conflict with Route Origin Authorisations (ROAs) will be deleted from the Non-Authoritative RIPE IRR Database https://www.ripe.net/participate/policies/proposals/2018-06

What are we expecting to see happen with PDP over the next 12 months?



• New privacy rules for the RIPE Database?

Tuning in the IPv6 addresses allocation and assignment policies?

New services for routing registry/security?



Questions



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