

Amin Hasbini

kaspersky BRINGON THE FUTURE





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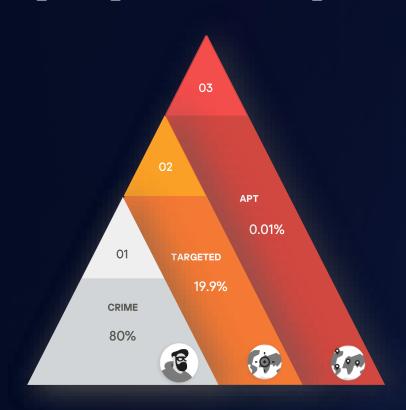
- Director of research center META, Kaspersky
- PHD smart cities security, Brunel University London
- Threat Hunter

Agenda

- 1. Cybersecurity governance
- 2. Regional statistics
- 3. Future predictions

Cybersecurity governance

Kinds of threats targeting users and organizations



Understanding cybersecurity governance

_____ISO and IEC definition
_____Cybersecurity governance Vs Cybersecurity management

"The system by which an organization directs and controls security governance, specifies the accountability framework and provides oversight to ensure that risks are adequately mitigated, while management ensures that controls are implemented to mitigate risks."

Cybersecurity governance essentials

Aligning cybersecurity with business objectives
Defining policies, procedures and frameworks
Defining cybersecurity decision making hierarchy
Defining accountability for decisions
Ensuring feedback is collected for decisions
Ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements
Monitor, measure, analyze, report and improve

Cybersecurity governance main challenges

_____Industry requirements (contractual, legal, regulatory)

____Environment requirements

_____Pervasive agility

ME threat statistics



Web attacks blocked in H1 2021 (Jan->Jun)

Country	Total
Saudi Arabia	46.6M
United Arab Emirates	19.9M
Oman	12M
Turkey	30M
Egypt	28.9M
Jordan	6M
Lebanon	5M
Pakistan	6M
Algeria	79.4M
Morocco	29.1M

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Source: Kaspersky Security Network (KSN)

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Malware attacks blocked in H1 2021 (Jan->Jun)

Country	Total
Saudi Arabia	780k
United Arab Emirates	3.8M
Oman	270k
Turkey	24M
Egypt	700k
Jordan	260k
Lebanon	260k
Pakistan	440k
Algeria	400k
Morocco	740k

Banking trojans blocked attacks in H1 2021 (Jan->Jun)

Country	Total
Saudi Arabia	23k
United Arab Emirates	36k
Oman	3k
Turkey	83k
Egypt	39k
Jordan	4k
Lebanon	3k
Pakistan	65k
Algeria	79k
Morocco	17k

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Ransomware trojans blocked attacks in H1 2021 (Jan->Jun)

Country	Total
Saudi Arabia	43k
United Arab Emirates	24k
Oman	5k
Turkey	128k
Egypt	107k
Jordan	44k
Lebanon	3k
Pakistan	110k
Algeria	48k
Morocco	20k

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Top impacted cities

Country	Total	
Saudi Arabia	Riyadh, Mekka, Eastern province	
United Arab Emirates	Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Sharjah	
Oman	Muscat, alBatina, Dhofar	
Turkey	Istanbul, Ankara, Izmir	
Egypt	Cairo, Alexandria, Qalyubia	
Jordan	Amman, Alzarqa, Irbid	
Lebanon	Beirut, Mount-Lebanon, North-Lebanon	
Pakistan	Punjab, Sindh, Islamabad	
Algeria	Alger, Tipaza, Setif	
Morocco	Casablanca, Rabat, Marrakech	ers

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Source: Kaspersky Security Network (KSN)

Top 10 targets

- Government
- Banks
- (Financial Institutions
- Diplomatic
- Telecommunications
- **Solution**
- Defense
- Energy
- Military
- IT companies

Top 10 active threat actors

- 1 Lazarus
- 2 DeathStalker
- 3 CactusPete
- 4 IAmTheKing
- TransparentTribe

- 6 StrongPity
- 7 Sofacy
- 8 CoughingDown
- 9 MuddyWater
- SixLittleMonkeys



APT threat actors will buy initial network access from cybercriminals



Targeted ransomware gangs using generic malware, e.g. Trickbot



Links between targeted ransomware groups and underground markets



APT threat actors to follow suit

Demanding money, threatening and blackmailing

- Ransomware developments
- Including the switch to highly-targeted attacks
- Careful selection of targets, big pay-outs
- No sector off-limits
- Ransomware plus doxing to maximize ROI
- Collaboration of ransomware gangs
- The future will be a blend of established practices and a small number of APT-like gangs

Increased targeting of network appliances



Improvements in operational security will drive threat actors to look for other vulnerabilities



Including network appliances, e.g. VPNs



Focus on social engineering, including reconnaissance through phishing and other real-world approaches

More disruptive attacks



Bigger attack surface than ever before



More disruptive attacks in the future



Either through deliberate attack or collateral damage

The emergence of 5G vulnerabilities

- 5G has attracted a lot of attention this year
- Concerns about Huawei and fake news about health risks
- Public and private researchers looking at the products of Huawei and others for implementation problems, crypto flaws and even backdoors
- Any flaws found will have massive impact
- Take-up of 5G will give hackers more incentive to look for vulnerabilities to exploit

Conclusion

Thank you! شكراً جزيلاً

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