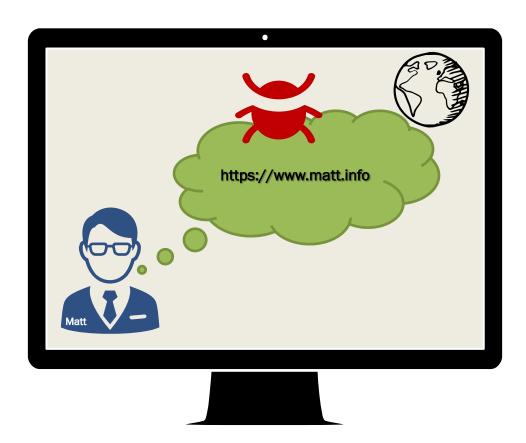
Current legislative processes and their impact onto ICANN's **#DNSAbuse** policies <a href="https://www.current.com/www.current.

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#ICANN69, 20 October 2020



Current legislative processes and their impact onto ICANN's **#DNSAbuse** policies <**WHAT TO EXPECT>**





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DNS Abuse Framework at 3.



DNS Abuse Framework

When should a registrar or registry act on website content abuse?

Specifically, **even without a court order**, we believe a registry or registrar should act to disrupt the following forms of website content abuse:

- (1) child sexual abuse materials ("CSAM");
- (2) illegal distribution of opioids online;
- (3) human trafficking; and
- (4) specific and credible incitements to violence.





Current legislative processes and their impact onto ICANN's **#DNSAbuse** policies < **WHAT TO EXPECT**>



- How can we still guarantee fundamental rights e. g. freedom of speech, if we agree on such DNS remedies?
- How can we tackle the problem of end-user DNS abuse realistically but still having safeguards implemented that prevent potential misuse and censorship by decision-makers?
- Should there be a supervisory board /body?
- What should the supervisory board /body look like that reviews an initial decision?
- Who will concretely decide at a registry or registrar level, and on what capacity?
- How will the decision-makers gain the respective skillset if we agree on such DNS remedies?

