



# DNS abuse in a time of Covid-19

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# DNS Abuse trends

- The rapid shift to remote work has changed the dynamics of the threat environment for many organizations and individuals
- eCrime actors are leveraging the DNS to carry out cyber attacks incorporating Covid-19 themes
- Many campaigns focus on phishing victims to defraud them or deliver malware
- Domain name registrations incorporating “covid-19”, “WHO,” and “CDC” have been used

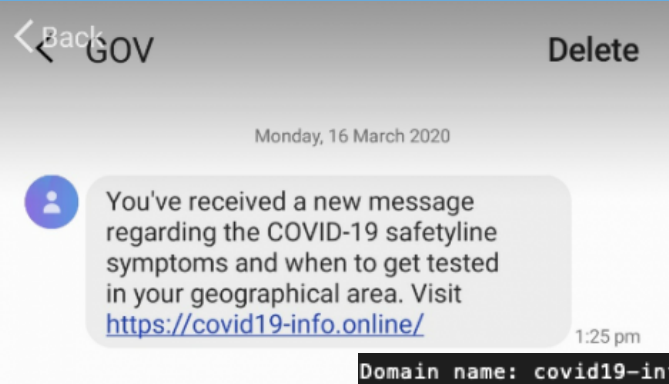


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# Phishing in Australia



ASD's Australian Cyber Security Centre warned about phishing scams utilizing Covid-19 themed domain names



```
Domain name: covid19-info.online
Registry Domain ID: D178897519-CNIC
Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.namecheap.com
Registrar URL: http://www.namecheap.com
Updated Date: 0001-01-01T00:00:00.00Z
Creation Date: 2020-03-16T01:16:59.00Z
Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2021-03-16T01:16:59.00Z
Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC
Registrar IANA ID: 1068
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abuse@namecheap.com
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.6613102107
Reseller: NAMECHEAP INC
Domain Status: serverTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#serverTransferProhibited
Domain Status: addPeriod https://icann.org/epp#addPeriod
Registry Registrant ID:
Registrant Name: WhoisGuard Protected
Registrant Organization: WhoisGuard, Inc.
Registrant Street: P.O. Box 0823-03411
Registrant City: Panama
Registrant State/Province: Panama
Registrant Postal Code:
Registrant Country: PA
Registrant Phone: +507.8365503
Registrant Phone Ext:
Registrant Fax: +51.17057182
Registrant Fax Ext:
Registrant Email: b8905c02e41642409e4cc8526f729b5f.protect@whoisguard.com
```

# Phishing in the UK



Similar campaigns have occurred in the UK utilizing Covid-19 themed domain names

Phishing emails designed to lure people into revealing passport details and other PII utilized the domain name:  
uk-covid-19-relieve[.]com

```
Domain Name: uk-covid-19-relieve.com
Registry Domain ID: 2505659685_DOMAIN_COM-VRSN
Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.godaddy.com
Registrar URL: http://www.godaddy.com
Updated Date: 2020-03-21T00:28:25Z
Creation Date: 2020-03-21T00:28:25Z
Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2022-03-21T00:28:25Z
Registrar: GoDaddy.com, LLC
Registrar IANA ID: 146
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abuse@godaddy.com
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.4806242505
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited http://www.icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited
Domain Status: clientUpdateProhibited http://www.icann.org/epp#clientUpdateProhibited
Domain Status: clientRenewProhibited http://www.icann.org/epp#clientRenewProhibited
Domain Status: clientDeleteProhibited http://www.icann.org/epp#clientDeleteProhibited
Registrant Organization:
Registrant State/Province: London
Registrant Country: UK
Registrant Email: Select Contact Domain Holder link at https://www.godaddy.com/whois/results.aspx?domain=uk-covid-19-relieve.com
Admin Email: Select Contact Domain Holder link at https://www.godaddy.com/whois/results.aspx?domain=uk-covid-19-relieve.com
Tech Email: Select Contact Domain Holder link at https://www.godaddy.com/whois/results.aspx?domain=uk-covid-19-relieve.com
Name Server: NS19.DOMAINCONTROL.COM
Name Server: NS20.DOMAINCONTROL.COM
DNSSEC: unsigned
URL of the ICANN WHOIS Data Problem Reporting System: http://wdprs.internic.net/
>>> Last update of WHOIS database: 2020-05-01T14:00:00Z <<<
```

Source: CrowdStrike, <https://www.crowdstrike.com/blog/covid-19-cyber-threats/>



# Quiz Question 1



# It's easy to tell if an email is legitimate

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE



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# It's easy to tell if an email is legitimate

- A. TRUE
- **B. FALSE**



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# WHO focused phishing



## camp

WHO domain  
name spoofing



Several recent campaigns have sent phishing emails that appear to be sent from legitimate WHO email addresses such as:

eurohealthycities@who[.]int

donate@who[.]int

healthcaresupport@who[.]int



# Tips for Staying Safe

- STOP. THINK. CONNECT. – Do not click on unknown links or open email from unknown senders, verify email headers
- Use Whois to try to determine if a domain name registration appears legitimate
- Protect your devices with an effective endpoint protection solution
- Provide cybersecurity training at your organization
- Test files and URLs before clicking on them by submitting them to free multi-scanner sites (e.g. [www.hybrid-analysis.com](http://www.hybrid-analysis.com))



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# Quiz Question 2



# What's an example of proactive anti-abuse?

- A. Investigating a domain name after it has been used for phishing
- B. Taking down a domain name after it has directed a user to malware
- C. Identifying a suspicious domain name before it has been used
- D. Preventing a registrant account associated with abuse from registering more domain names
- E. Both C and D



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# LEGAL, REPUTATION, AND

# FINANCIAL VARIABLES:

- ccTLD and gTLD registrars face legal pressures to respond to abuse complaints in the form of contracts (ICANN accreditation for gTLDs), local laws, and community best practices
- There may be reputational incentives to be a clean registrar to avoid the ire of law enforcement and inclusion on blocklists
- Financial pressures from credit card chargebacks, court orders, lawsuits, loss of accreditation (gTLDs especially), and labor costs of responding to complaints
- Nonetheless, domain names impersonating the WHO, etc. are still successfully registered and used



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# Quiz Question 3



# Who is affected by DNS abuse?

- A. ICANN
- B. Contracted parties
- C. Only end users that click on the wrong link
- D. Consumers
- E. Everyone



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- A. ICANN
- B. Contracted parties
- C. End users that click on the wrong link
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- **E. Everyone**







# Quiz Question 4



# Who has the ability to prevent DNS

- abuse?
- A. ICANN
  - B. Contracted Parties
  - C. End users
  - D. Cybersecurity experts
  - E. We all do



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# Who has the ability to do something about DNS abuse?

- A. ICANN
- B. Contracted Parties
- C. End users
- D. Cybersecurity experts
- E. We all do**



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# Internet governance

## matters

- The ICANN community can raise awareness about DNS abuse
- ICANN can incentivize registrars and registries to undertake proactive anti-abuse measures
  - Scrutinize registrations that incorporate “covid-19”, “WHO”, “CDC”, etc.
  - Act quickly to mitigate DNS abuse once it’s discovered
- ICANN Org can deter contracted parties from being apathetic about DNS abuse
  - Use a data-driven approach to determining which parties are associated with high levels of abuse
  - Work with parties to mitigate abuse levels



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# Poll Questions



Have you been

targeted by Covid-  
19 related phishing

campaigns?

A. YES

B. NO

C. I DON'T KNOW



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Have you received  
additional  
cybersecurity training  
from your employer  
since the Covid-19  
pandemic began?

A. YES  
B. NO



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