NomCom2 Review

Progress and Implementation Status Report #2

NomCom Review Implementation Working Group
(NomComRIWG)

22 December 2020
Thomas Barrett: Chair
Cheryl Langdon-Orr: Vice-Chair
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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Executive Summary 4
2. NomCom2 Review Milestones 6
3. Proposed Bylaw Changes 9
4. Proposed Standing Committee Charter 18
5. Current Implementation Status 23
   - Recommendation #1 - Member Job Description 23
   - Recommendation #2 - Member Training 26
   - Recommendation #3 - Leadership Training 29
   - Recommendation #4 - Evaluation Training 32
   - Recommendation #5 - Recruiting Consultant 35
   - Recommendation #6 - Evaluation Consultant 37
   - Recommendation #7 - Two-Year Terms 39
   - Recommendation #8 - Maintain Current Size 42
   - Recommendation #9 - Voting Members 43
   - Recommendation #10 - Rebalancing 46
   - Recommendation #11 - Staff Reporting 50
   - Recommendation #12 - Budget and Staffing Resources 51
   - Recommendation #13 - Process Diagram 52
   - Recommendation #14 - Communications to Receiving Bodies 54
   - Recommendation #15 - Candidate Job Descriptions 56
   - Recommendation #16 - Feedback on NomCom Appointees 57
   - Recommendation #17 - Maintain Current Diversity 59
   - Recommendation #18 - Candidate Communications Schedule 60
   - Recommendation #19 - NomCom Marketing Plan 62
   - Recommendation #20 - Blinded Candidate Assessment 64
   - Recommendation #21 - Standardized Evaluation Tool 66
   - Recommendation #22 - Interview Question Library 68
   - Recommendation #23 - Candidate Pool Data Metrics 70
   - Recommendation #24 - NomCom Standing Committee 72
   - Recommendation #25 - Improve NomCom Selections 76
   - Recommendation #26 - Leadership Development 78
Recommendation #27 - ICANN Unaffiliated Directors

6. NomComRIWG Attendance Summary

7. Outreach & Responses
1. Executive Summary

This is the second six-month progress and implementation status report of the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group (NomComRIWG) that is overseeing the implementation of the 27 recommendations of the second Nominating Committee Review (NomCom2). The NomComRIWG met 22 times during this period (1 July 2020 – 31 December 2020).

There are two main areas of activity that we would like to highlight in this status report. Both of these require steps by the ICANN Board’s Organizational Effectiveness Committee (OEC) in order for the NomComRIWG to finish its work. These two areas are:

1. Proposed changes to the ICANN Bylaws
2. Proposed Charter for the NomCom Standing Committee

Proposed Changes to the ICANN Bylaws

We identified five recommendations that require changes to the ICANN Bylaws. For efficiency, we have grouped these together so that the OEC can follow a single process for the entire group. All of the proposed changes are limited to Article 8: Nominating Committee of the ICANN Bylaws, along with a transition article. The proposed changes to the ICANN Bylaws are related to the following recommendations:

- Unaffiliated Board Directors (recommendation 27)
- All voting members (recommendation 9)
- Rebalancing (recommendation 10)
- Two-year terms (recommendation 7)
- Standing Committee (recommendation 24)

Proposed Charter for the NomCom Standing Committee

The formation of a NomCom Standing Committee is described in recommendation 24 of the review. Implementation of this recommendation is necessary to fully realize the overall benefits anticipated from many of the other NomCom’s Review’s recommendations.

The NomComRIWG has drafted a Charter for this body to describe its scope and responsibilities vis-à-vis the NomCom and other ICANN bodies. We are proposing that the OEC lead a process similar to the Bylaw update process to conduct ICANN community review and gain approval of this new NomCom Standing Committee.

Community Outreach on the Proposed Bylaws and Standing Committee Charter

As previously reported, the NomComRIWG started off 2020 identifying those recommendations with potential Bylaw changes and soliciting feedback from all affected bodies.

An extensive public webinar [link] was held detailing all of the proposed Bylaw changes to nearly 70 attendees on June 17, 2020.

Note that the Bylaw changes related to the rebalancing recommendation do not attempt any rebalancing but are designed to facilitate future rebalancing exercises. These changes are
specific to the GNSO NomCom seats. Additional outreach was conducted with the leadership of the GNSO SO/ACs to address any questions they had about the proposed changes.

The NomComRIWG outreach to the GNSO began with a June 16 letter (LINK) to 11 leaders of the GNSO SOs/ACs, asking for feedback on the proposed Bylaw change related to recommendation 10. On July 22, 2020, all were invited to a Zoom call to discuss the proposed changes with the NomComRIWG, with about 6 of them attending. The SO/ACs were then invited to submit written responses to the NomComRIWG.

A summary of those GNSO groups informed and responding is listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Constituency/Working Group</th>
<th>Written Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Stakeholder Group (CSG)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Business Users Constituency (CBUC)</td>
<td>09/02/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual Property Constituency (IPC)</td>
<td>07/27/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISP and Connectivity Providers Constituency (ISPCPC)</td>
<td>09/02/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Commercial Stakeholder Group (NCSG)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Commercial Users Constituency (NPOC)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registrar Stakeholder Group (RrSG)</td>
<td>09/03/2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registry Stakeholder Group (RySG)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Document Overview

The rest of this document contains sections on the following:

1. NomCom2 Review milestones
2. The proposed Bylaw changes
3. The draft of the Standing Committee Charter
4. The current implementation status of all 27 recommendations
5. An attendance summary for June through December 2020
6. A summary of community outreach and responses for 2020
2. NomCom2 Review Milestones

ICANN’s second Nominating Committee Organizational Review began on 7 June 2017 with the following phases:\(^1\):

1. Review
2. Feasibility Assessment and Initial Implementation Plan
3. Detailed Implementation Plan
4. Implementation

The Review phase concluded on 5 June 2018 with the publication of the independent examiner's Final Report, containing 27 recommendations. A NomCom Review Implementation Planning Team (IPT) was then convened for assessing the feasibility of the independent examiner's recommendations, and for developing an initial implementation plan. The independent examiner and the IPT respectively presented the Final Report and the Feasibility Assessment and Initial Implementation Plan on 8 January 2019 to the Organizational Effectiveness Committee (OEC) of the ICANN Board, who made a recommendation to the Board on next steps.

On 14 March 2019, the ICANN Board accepted the NomCom Review Final Report and the NomCom Review Implementation Planning Team’s Feasibility Assessment and Initial Implementation Plan (FAIIP), and resolved that “the NomCom Review Implementation Planning Team convene a working group that drafts a detailed implementation plan of the recommendations, as detailed in the FAIIP, within six months from the adoption of this resolution, and for that implementation working group to oversee the implementation of these recommendations, once the Board has approved said detailed implementation plan”. The Board also directed “the NomCom Review implementation working group to oversee the implementation process, once the Board has accepted the detailed implementation plan.” See full resolution here.

Therefore, on 25 March 2019, a call for volunteers was published for volunteers to join the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group (NomComRIWG). 32 volunteers joined the NomComRIWG, with Tom Barrett (SOI) elected as Chair. Cheryl Langdon-Orr (SOI) and Zahid Jamal (SOI) assumed the positions of Vice Chairs.

The NomComRIWG started its work on 17 April 2019 (all meeting proceedings can be found here) to draft a detailed implementation plan setting out to provide for each of the twenty-seven (27) recommendations: a realistic timeline for the implementation, a definition of desired outcomes, an explanation of how the implementation addresses underlying issues identified in the Final Report, a way to measure current state as well as progress toward the desired outcome, and details on the expected budgetary implications for each of the implementation steps. On several of the recommendations, the NomComRIWG sought additional input from the ICANN community and ICANN org. The NomComRIWG provided a briefing on implementation planning of the 27

\(^1\) See announcement: https://www.icann.org/news/announcement-2017-06-07-en
recommendations to the third Accountability and Transparency Review Team (ATRT3) on 24 July 2019.

The scope and potential impact of the 27 recommendations vary from overarching to straightforward operational improvements. In particular, the NomComRIWG determined that a number of recommendations (2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27) require, once implemented, the support of an ‘empowered body’ (hereafter: Standing Committee), itself the result of recommendation 24. The NomComRIWG has identified a number of these recommendations that require participation from the Standing Committee – even before the Standing Committee itself may be fully established. Therefore, as part of the detailed implementation plan, the NomComRIWG plans a subgroup of NomComRIWG members to take on the tasks of the Standing Committee on an interim basis until recommendation 24 is fully implemented.

This Detailed Implementation Plan was completed on 12 September 2019 after 19 plenary meetings and was approved with full consensus by the NomComRIWG, and submitted to the Organization Effectiveness Committee (OEC) the following day.

On 7 November 2019, the ICANN Board accepted the NomCom Review Detailed Implementation Plan and directed the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group to commence implementation, in accordance with the Detailed Implementation Plan, and to provide updates to the Organizational Effectiveness Committee of the ICANN Board (OEC) through six-monthly written implementation reports on progress.

On 21 November 2019, the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group commenced implementation activities per the approved plan.

On 19 December 2019, the NomComRIWG reached out to various community groups (see section 7) to provide input on questions related to the implementation steps laid out in the NomComRIWG detailed implementation plan.

On 16 June 2020, the NomComRIWG invited, in its letter, the GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups leaders to discuss and provide their feedback on the NomComRIWG’s suggested path forward resulting, from the NomComRIWG assessment of recommendation 10, whereby Bylaws would be revised to eliminate language referring to specific seats for stakeholder groups.

On 17 June 2020, the implementation status of these recommendations were summarized during an ICANN68 Prep Week Webinar entitled “NomCom Review - Implementation Milestones and Next Steps” presented by Chair Tom Barrett and Vice-Chair Cheryl Langdon-Orr.

On 30 June 2020, the NomComRIWG submitted its first six-monthly written implementation report on progress to the Organizational Effectiveness Committee of the ICANN Board (OEC).

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2 See ICANN Board resolution: https://www.icann.org/resources/board-material/resolutions-2019-11-07-en#2.b
New for this Report

On 22 July 2020, NomComRIWG scheduled a Zoom call to answer questions from GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups leaders on the proposed Bylaws. Four written responses were received from the IPC, CBUC, ISPCP and RrSG.

On 22 December 2020, the NomComRIWG submitted this report, its second six-monthly written implementation report on progress to the Organizational Effectiveness Committee of the ICANN Board (OEC).
3. Proposed Bylaw Changes

The purpose of this document is to summarize for the Organizational Effectiveness Committee, the NomComRIWG’s rationale for proposed Bylaw changes for various recommendations of the NomCom Review. The recommendations pertain to: extending the term of NomCom members, converting all NomCom members to voting members, rebalancing the NomCom, creating a ‘NomCom Standing Committee’, and a definition of and desire for specific Board seats for “unaffiliated directors”. These proposed changes were signaled in the detailed implementation plan, accepted by the ICANN Board on 7 November 2019.

The NomComRIWG has conducted outreach within the ICANN community for these various proposals, including ICANN Legal and various SO/ACs impacted by the changes and have considered their inputs in these proposed changes.

We understand that proposed Bylaw changes will follow a process managed by the Board. Once these Bylaw changes are enacted, there are additional steps required to complete the implementation of the related recommendations.

The specific recommendations that have proposed Bylaw changes include:

1. **Recommendation 7**: NomCom members, except for leadership positions, should serve two-year terms, and be limited to a maximum of two terms.

2. **Recommendation 9**: All NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members, except for NomCom leadership.

3. **Recommendation 10**: Representation on the NomCom should be re-balanced immediately and then be reviewed every five years.

4. **Recommendation 24**: An empowered body of current and former NomCom members should be formed to ensure greater continuity across NomCom’s, and in particular, to recommend and assist in implementing improvements to NomCom operations.

5. **Recommendation 27**: Provide clarity on desire for and definition of “unaffiliated directors”. Upon clarification of desire and definition, determine the number of specific seats for “unaffiliated directors”.

The Bylaw revision related to the Rebalancing recommendation merits additional comment. The implementation of this recommendation focuses on the NomCom seats allocated to the GNSO. The pertinent comment in the Final Report is “A number of people thought the

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3 This term was created by the NomComRIWG to eliminate confusion with the term used by the Independent Examiner in the final report. For more clarification, see detailed implementation plan, and the implementation summary for recommendation 27 later in this document.
NomCom needed to be rebalanced, both across ICANN organizations and within ICANN organizations. Regarding the latter, for example, more than one person thought the GNSO should consider rebalancing their NomCom appointees to match the structure of the GNSO.”

The proposed Bylaw change for this recommendation does not attempt to do any rebalancing of the GNSO, nor does it change the composition of GNSO NomCom seats. Further, this Bylaw change has no dependencies on any GNSO or community-wide reviews. Thus, these Bylaw changes can and should occur prior to any future reviews.

The NomComRIWG considered two potential rebalancing scenarios: one for the entire NomCom and another limited to just the GNSO NomCom appointees. Both options are still possible and pursuing one does not preclude the other. The NomComRIWG also notes that, among all ICANN supporting organizations, the GNSO has evolved the most and is likely to continue to evolve – its Charter includes sections that anticipate further evolution and expansion. Thus, the NomComRIWG wanted to make sure that any rebalancing exercise impacting the GNSO NomCom seats did not merely substitute one set of specific allocations for another. But rather was “future-proofed” to allow for multiple rebalancing exercises without requiring more Bylaw changes each time. This futureproofing is what this Bylaw change is intended to achieve.

Once these Bylaw changes are approved, the next steps for recommendation 10 would be the rebalancing of the GNSO NomCom seats – either by the GNSO itself or by a larger cross-constituency working group.

Redlined Bylaw Changes

A redlined version of the proposed changes to Article 8 Nominating Committee of the ICANN Bylaws, is shown on the following pages. This draft of Article 8 of the ICANN Bylaws incorporates feedback received from ICANN Legal.

This feedback included a recommendation to add a transition article for the Bylaw changes related to two-year terms. Thus, this year-end report also includes a draft of this transition article. The NomComRIWG anticipates further input from ICANN Legal before the proposed Bylaws are finalized for the OEC’s consideration.

For the detailed rationale of each of the proposed Bylaw changes, as well as the community outreach conducted; and the additional steps required to complete the implementation following approval of the Bylaw change, please see the details for each recommendation later in this document.
ARTICLE 8 NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Section 8.1. DESCRIPTION
There shall be a Nominating Committee of ICANN ("Nominating Committee"), responsible for nominating all Directors except the President and those Directors nominated by Decisional Participants; for nominating two directors of PTI (in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws of PTI); and for such other selections as are set forth in these Bylaws. Notification of the Nominating Committee's Director nominations shall be given by the Nominating Committee Chair in writing to the EC Administration, with a copy to the Secretary, and the EC shall promptly act on it as provided in Section 7.25. Notification of the Nominating Committee's PTI director nomination shall be given to the Secretary.

In addition to the skills and attributes listed for all ICANN Board directors in Article 7, the NomCom shall ensure the nomination of unaffiliated Board Members.

Section 8.2. COMPOSITION
The Nominating Committee shall be composed of the following persons:

(a) A non-voting Chair, appointed by the Board;

(b) A non-voting Chair-Elect, appointed by the Board as a non-voting advisor;

(c) One voting delegate each selected by the following entities:

i. The Council of the Address Supporting Organization established by Section 9.2;

ii. The Council of the Country Code Names Supporting Organization established by Section 10.3;

iii. The Governmental Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(a);

iv. The Security and Stability Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(b);

v. The Root Server System Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(c); and

vi. The Internet Engineering Task Force.

A non-voting liaison appointed by the Root Server System Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(c);

(d) A non-voting liaison appointed by the Security and Stability Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(b);

(e) A non-voting liaison appointed by the Governmental Advisory Committee;

(df) Five voting delegates selected by the At-Large Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(d);
Seven voting delegates to the Nominating Committee shall be selected by from the Generic Names Supporting Organization established by Article 11, as follows:

(i) One delegate from the Registries Stakeholder Group;

(ii) One delegate from the Registrars Stakeholder Group;

(iii) Two delegates from the Business Constituency, one representing small business users and one representing large business users;

(iv) One delegate from the Internet Service Providers and Connectivity Providers Constituency (as defined in Section 11.5(a)(iii));

(v) One delegate from the Intellectual Property Constituency; and

(vi) One delegate from consumer and civil society groups, selected by the Non-Commercial Users Constituency.

(h) One voting delegate each selected by the following entities:

(i) The Council of the Country Code Names Supporting Organization established by Section 10.3;

(ii) The Council of the Address Supporting Organization established by Section 9.2; and

(iii) The Internet Engineering Task Force.

(f) A non-voting Associate Chair, who may be appointed by the Chair, at his or her sole discretion, to serve during all or part of the term of the Chair. The Associate Chair may not be a person who is otherwise a member of the same Nominating Committee. The Associate Chair shall assist the Chair in carrying out the duties of the Chair, but shall not serve, temporarily or otherwise, in the place of the Chair.

Section 8.3. TERMS
(a) The term for each voting delegate shall be serve a two one-year term. No individual A delegate may serve as a delegate for more than two terms. In addition, no individual may serve
in consecutive terms, regardless of the entity selecting them to the Nominating Committee. An individual will only be eligible to serve a second term as a delegate on the Nominating committee if a minimum of two years has elapsed between the end of their first term and the beginning of the term for which they are being selected. at most two successive one-year terms, after which at least two years must elapse before the individual is eligible to serve another term.

(b) The regular term of each voting delegate shall begin at the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the immediately following ICANN annual meeting in two years, subject to the Transition Section 27.xx

(c) Non-voting liaisons shall serve during the term designated by the entity that appoints them. The Chair, the Chair-Elect, and any Associate Chair shall serve as such until the conclusion of the next ICANN annual meeting.

(d) It is anticipated that upon the conclusion of the term of the Chair-Elect, the Chair-Elect will be appointed by the Board to the position of Chair. However, the Board retains the discretion to appoint any other person to the position of Chair. At the time of appointing a Chair-Elect, if the Board determines that the person identified to serve as Chair shall be appointed as Chair for a successive term, the Chair-Elect position shall remain vacant for the term designated by the Board.

(e) Vacancies in the positions of delegate, non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect shall be filled by the entity entitled to select the delegate, subject to the details in the approved Nominating Committee Standard Operating Procedures non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect involved. If a delegate is selected to fill a vacancy and less than eight months have elapsed in that term, the delegate will be considered to have served a full term for the purposes of Section 8.3(a). If more than eight months have elapsed in the term at the time the delegate is selected to fill a vacancy, such service will not be considered a full term pursuant to Section 8.3(a).

(f) For any vacancy in the position of Chair, the Board shall appoint a replacement. For any term that the Chair-Elect position is vacant pursuant to Section 8.3(d), or until any other vacancy in the position of Chair-Elect can be filled, a non-voting advisor to the Chair may be appointed by the Board from among persons with prior service on the Board or a Nominating Committee, including the immediately previous Chair of the Nominating Committee. A vacancy in the position of Associate Chair may be filled by the Chair in accordance with the criteria established by Section 8.2(i).

(g) The existence of any vacancies shall not affect the obligation of the Nominating Committee to carry out the responsibilities assigned to it in these Bylaws.

Section 8.4. CRITERIA FOR SELECTION OF NOMINATING COMMITTEE DELEGATES
Delegates to the ICANN Nominating Committee shall be:
(a) Accomplished persons of integrity, objectivity, and intelligence, with reputations for sound judgment and open minds, and with experience and competence with collegial large group decision-making;

(b) Persons with wide contacts, broad experience in the Internet community, and a commitment to the success of ICANN;

(c) Persons whom the selecting body is confident will consult widely and accept input in carrying out their responsibilities;

(d) Persons who are neutral and objective, without any fixed personal commitments to particular individuals, organizations, or commercial objectives in carrying out their Nominating Committee responsibilities;

(e) Persons with an understanding of ICANN's mission and the potential impact of ICANN's activities on the broader Internet community who are willing to serve as volunteers, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses; and

(f) Persons who are able to work and communicate in written and spoken English.

Section 8.5. DIVERSITY
In carrying out its responsibilities to nominate Directors to fill Seats 1 through 8 (and selections to any other ICANN bodies as the Nominating Committee is responsible for under these Bylaws), the Nominating Committee shall take into account the continuing membership of the Board (and such other bodies), and seek to ensure that the persons it nominates to serve as Director and selects shall, to the extent feasible and consistent with the other criteria required to be applied by Section 8.4, be guided by Section 1.2(b)(ii).

Section 8.6. ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT
ICANN shall provide administrative and operational support necessary for the Nominating Committee to carry out its responsibilities.

Section 8.7. PROCEDURES
The Nominating Committee shall adopt such operating procedures as it deems necessary, which shall be published on the Website. The Nominating Committee and the NomCom Standing Committee, while ensuring confidentiality, will ensure that they maintain transparency and accountability to the ICANN Community for all their processes.

Section 8.8. INELIGIBILITY FOR SELECTION BY NOMINATING COMMITTEE

(a) No person who serves on the Nominating Committee in any capacity shall be eligible for nomination by any means to any position on the Board or any other ICANN body having one or more membership positions that the Nominating Committee is responsible for
filling, until the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting that coincides with, or is after, the conclusion of that person's service on the Nominating Committee.

(b) Individuals who do not meet the definition of “unaffiliated” as set forth in the Nominating Committee Standard Operating Procedures shall be ineligible for selection by the Nominating Committee to fill Seats 1 through 8 of the ICANN Board. Service on the ICANN Board shall not render any candidate ineligible pursuant to this Section 8.8(b).

Section 8.9. INELIGIBILITY FOR SERVICE ON NOMINATING COMMITTEE
No person who is an employee of or paid consultant to ICANN (including the Ombudsman) shall simultaneously serve in any of the Nominating Committee positions described in Section 8.2.
ARTICLE 27 TRANSITION ARTICLE

Section 27.xx Nominating Committee Two-Year Term Transition Period

(a) There will be a transition period from one-year to two-year terms for the Nominating Committee, whereby half of the NomCom members will initially serve one-year terms while the other half begin two-year terms.

(b) The initial one-year terms do not count towards the two 2-year term limits. Therefore, those who are appointed for an initial 1-year term can still serve two 2-year terms, as long as there is a minimum of a 2-year gap between each of the 2-year terms.

(c) NomCom Members appointed to serve 1 or 2-year terms during this transition period should not have served on the NomCom since the 2017-2018 NomCom cycle.

(d) If a member who serves one of the initial one-year terms resigns, they are eligible for two more 2-year terms regardless of the timing of their resignation.

(e) If a member who serves one of the initial one-year terms resigns prior to their SO/AC starting a two-year cycle, they can simply be replaced if they resign prior to the first eight months. Their replacement will not have that replacement year counted towards their term limits. If the resignation happens after eight months, the member would not get replaced until the new term starts.

(f) Upon adoption of recommendation 7 of the NomCom 2 Review, the transition for each NomCom appointing body will be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NomCom</th>
<th>Term Duration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ASO</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ccNSO</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - RrSG</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - RySG</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - BUC – Seat 1 (see g)</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - BUC – Seat 2 (see g)</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
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<tr>
<td>GNSO - NCUC</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - ISPCP</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO - IPC</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IETF</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALAC - Seat 1 (see g)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALAC - Seat 2 (see g)</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALAC - Seat 3 (see g)</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>ALAC - Seat 4 (see g)</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALAC - Seat 5 (see g)</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GAC (inactive, see h)</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSSAC (see h)</td>
<td>1-year term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSAC (see h)</td>
<td>2-year term</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(g) The BUC and ALAC will be assigned responsibility for choosing which seats are assigned 1-year vs 2-year terms

(h) Assumes approval of the Bylaw change associated with recommendation 9 (All NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members, except for NomCom leadership).
4. Proposed Standing Committee Charter

The NomComRIWG has generated a Charter to define the roles and responsibilities and scope of the NomCom Standing Committee specified in recommendation 24.

To ensure this new Standing Committee has longevity and standing, the NomComRIWG proposes that the Board OEC follow a process like the one that is used for ICANN Bylaw updates to gain community recognition and endorsement of the NomCom Standing Committee purpose and mission.

This draft Charter incorporates feedback received from an initial review by ICANN Legal. The NomComRIWG anticipates further input from ICANN Legal before the Charter is finalized for the OEC’s consideration.

Nominating Committee Standing Committee Charter

I. Background

In the final report of the second Nominating Committee (NomCom) review, published on June 5, 2018, the independent examiner conducting the review found that there was a lack of continuity in process across different years’ Nominating Committees such that the operational performance of any individual NomCom was routinely impacted. The independent examiner recommended that a standing committee be formed to suggest and assist in implementing changes to NomCom processes since the NomCom itself operates on a tight timeline and needs to focus on its recruiting and evaluation activities.

II. Purpose

The Nominating Committee Standing Committee’s Purpose is to oversee continuous improvement to the NomCom Operating Procedures and associated processes to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of the Nominating Committee while ensuring the NomCom’s transparency and accountability to the overall ICANN community, including:

1. Provide continuity across annual NomCom cycles
2. Build the institutional memory of the NomCom
3. Help coordinate processes and communications with other bodies

The NomCom Standing Committee does not participate in the decision-making processes of the NomCom’s annual candidate evaluation and selection activities.

III. Scope of Responsibilities

1. Provide continuity across annual NomCom cycles
   Several of the NomCom processes span the typical timeframe of an annual NomCom cycle. With the transition to new leadership and members, this can lead to inefficiencies.
The Standing Committee will publish and maintain the process maps and timelines related to ensuring an efficient NomCom process

2. **Build the institutional memory of the NomCom**
   Historically, the NomCom’s efficiency and productivity has been hampered by the lack of work products created by previous NomCom cycles, causing an annual re-invention of evaluation and interviewing techniques. The Standing Committee will establish and maintain a published archive of NomCom work products. This will include updating any changes or additions generated by each NomCom, after redacting any sensitive information contained in the documents.

3. **Help coordinate processes and communications with other bodies**
   An efficient NomCom is dependent on the timely actions and contributions of external bodies that need to occur before a new NomCom cycle begins and after it ends.

   The scope of responsibilities for the Nominating Committee Standing Committee will encompass NomCom associated processes with the following groups:
   a. NomCom Leadership
   b. ICANN and PTI Boards
   c. ICANN org
   d. Bodies that appoint members to the NomCom
   e. Bodies that receive NomCom appointees
   f. Candidates applying for NomCom appointments
   g. External consultants to the NomCom
   h. Overall ICANN community

   Each of these external groups are listed below with a description of processes that the Standing Committee will be involved in:

   a. **NomCom Leadership**
      (i) Coordinate the processes of continuous improvement for the NomCom Operating Procedures and ensure transparency and accountability to the overall ICANN community for these processes
      (ii) Assess one-time exceptions to the Operating Procedures and determine the level of community outreach and awareness that is warranted by the exceptions
      (iii) Coordinate the process of assessing the recommendations published in the NomCom Annual Report
      (iv) Coordinate updates to the overall Process Maps generated by the NomCom Review Working Group
      (v) Oversee continuous improvement of the evaluation toolkit used by the NomCom for the evaluation and prioritization of candidates, including the historical archive of interview questions
      (vi) Oversee any extraordinary budget requests desired by NomCom Leadership that were not included in the approved NomCom budget

   b. **ICANN Board and PTI Board**
(i) Ensure that the process is followed with the ICANN Board on the job descriptions and annual appointments for the NomCom leadership team
(ii) Ensure that a feedback process used by the ICANN and PTI Boards on assessing the NomCom’s performance
(iii) Ensure that the process is followed by ICANN Board for communicating to the NomCom the performance assessment of re-applying NomCom appointees

c. **ICANN org**

(i) Oversee the process for securing NomCom budget and staffing resources as part of ICANN’s annual budgeting cycle
(ii) Oversee the annual assessment process of the NomCom’s outreach/marketing efforts
(iii) Oversee the assessment of any consultants used by the NomCom to identify improvements for the following year as required
(iv) Oversee the assessment and effectiveness of NomCom training to improve training of incoming NomCom members and Leadership
(v) Oversee the continuous improvement of the NomCom online knowledge base and tools, such as the evaluation tools, interview libraries and other relevant mechanisms
(vi) Facilitate the continuous improvement of the interaction between ICANN org and the NomCom

d. **Bodies that appoint members to the NomCom**

(i) Ensure that a process is followed for the appointment of NomCom members, including revisions to the NomCom member job descriptions, when appropriate
(ii) Ensure a process is followed for any member vacancy due to non-performance or any other reason and the subsequent process for replacing a new member to serve the remainder of the term

e. **Bodies that receive NomCom appointees**

(i) Ensure a process is followed by the NomCom to receive feedback on desired skills and diversity requirements for upcoming NomCom appointees
(ii) Ensure a process is followed for providing feedback to the NomCom regarding the contributions and participation of members up for re-appointment by the NomCom
(iii) Ensure a process is followed to improve NomCom selections by assessing the performance and needs of all bodies receiving NomCom appointees

f. **Candidates applying for NomCom positions**

(i) Ensure a process is followed for conducting and assessing applicant surveys, subject to privacy and confidentiality limitations
(ii) Ensure a process is followed for referring non-selected candidates to suitable opportunities elsewhere within the ICANN community

g. **External consultants to the NomCom**
(i) Ensure the NomCom’s goal for Unaffiliated Board directors is consistently communicated to all external consultants
(ii) Oversee the process and standardized tools used by any external consultants to evaluate and prioritize candidates
(iii) Oversee the process to assess the effectiveness of the external consultants. Based on the results, work with ICANN org and the NomCom to propose adjustments to the consultants’ remit for the following year

h. Overall ICANN community

(i) Oversee the website and systems used for the continuous improvement and institutional memory of the NomCom by maintaining a historical archive and change control process for processes and procedures used by the NomCom
(ii) Oversee the process for community outreach prior to the Standing Committee or NomCom Leadership enacting material changes to the NomCom Operating Procedures or Standing Committee Charter
(iii) Oversee the processes of identifying, collecting and timely publication of publicly available data on the candidate pool
(iv) Publish regular reports regarding the goals and accomplishments of its Continuous Improvement program

IV. Composition

(a) The Standing Committee shall be composed of five seats:
   i) Four members, as selected from a public Expression-of-Interest (EOI) process conducted by the current members of the Standing Committee
   ii) The current NomCom Associate (outgoing) Chair, serving ex officio and serves as a liaison between the Standing Committee and the NomCom

(b) The existence of any vacancies shall not affect the obligation of the Standing Committee to carry out the responsibilities assigned to it in this Charter
(c) No SO/AC shall hold more than one Standing Committee seat at any given time.

Membership Requirements:

(a) Standing Committee members shall have each completed at least one full term on the NomCom prior to being appointed to the Standing Committee
(b) No person currently serving on the NomCom, other than the Associate Chair, is eligible for appointment to the Standing Committee
(c) Preference for new member appointments will be given to:
   (i) Prior experience on a NomCom Leadership Team
   (ii) Applicants endorsed by an SO/AC
   (iii) In-coming members who are not from the same SO/AC’s as out-going members

V. Terms

1. The NomCom Associate Chair shall only serve on the Standing Committee coinciding with their Associate Chair term
2. The term of all other members shall be three years, with terms staggered as described below.

3. All regular terms shall start upon the conclusion of the ICANN Annual General Meeting.

4. Each year, one member shall roll off the Standing Committee and be replaced by another member. Every third year two members shall roll off and be replaced by two new members.

5. Any vacancy that arises during a term shall be filled via a public EOI process conducted by the Standing Committee.

6. Any one person shall not be eligible to be appointed to the Standing Committee for more than two full terms, totaling six years.

7. Non-performing members may be removed by a majority vote of the Committee. The determination of Non-Performance can be due to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, attendance and participation in the Standing Committee.

VI. Meetings

8. The members of the Standing Committee will select a Convenor at ICANN’s Annual General Meeting to lead the committee, rotating every year.

9. The Standing Committee will meet by remote participation (using appropriate technology) as frequently as necessary, but no fewer than six times per year.

10. Regular meetings may be called upon no less than fourteen (14) days’ notice by either (i) the Convenor or (ii) any two members of the Standing Committee acting together.

11. Meetings to address urgent issues may be called in a manner calculated to provide as much notice as possible to the members of the Standing Committee.

12. Email discussions do not constitute meetings.

13. The Standing Committee may elect to meet face-to-face but there will be no travel support associated with this activity.

VII. Accountability and Transparency

The Standing Committee shall operate openly and transparently. Standing Committee meetings shall be recorded. Any minutes or other records of the meetings shall be publicly posted as soon as possible following approval by the committee.

Outcomes and actions of the Standing Committee shall be taken by consensus. Such consensus shall be documented and may be determined via Internet-based discussions without the need for a meeting. The Standing Committee should use a public mailing list for any matters related to its remit.

Standing Committee members must provide and update statements of interest that identify potential conflicts of interest in their Standing Committee service.

VIII. Review & Continuous Improvement

Any one of ICANN’s SOs/ACs, the IETF, the ICANN Board, or ICANN org may propose amendments to the OEC for this Charter. All proposed changes shall be subject to ICANN’s public comment processes.

This Charter of the Standing Committee shall be reviewed at least every 5 years, preferably as part of the NomCom’s organization review, if they occur, per Section 4.4 of the Bylaws.
5. Current Implementation Status

Status of implementation tasks for each recommendation will be reported as follows:

- ✓: Completed
- ●: In Progress
- ❌: Not Started

Table of Contents

Recommendation #1 - Member Job Description

| Recommendation Description | Formalize a job description for NomCom members that emphasizes experience, diversity, independence, and provide that description to the SOs/ACs. |

The NomcomRIWG has reached out (LINK) to the NomCom Leadership Team, the NomCom Support, IETF, and all SO/ACs appointing members to the NomCom to provide feedback on the following questions:

- Please provide any document(s) you have that describes the roles and responsibilities for NomCom members, other than what is in the Bylaws requirements
- What specific content would you like to see in a ‘job description’ utilized by SOs/ACs for future NomCom members?
- In your opinion, what experiences and other applicable criteria make a productive NomCom member?
- What is your annual timetable to select NomCom members?
- Do you always adhere to your timetable? Why not?
- Would you be able to select a candidate earlier in the year, if not what are the obstacles?
- What document do you have that describes the roles and responsibilities for NomCom members?
- What specific content would you like to see in a ‘job description’ for future NomCom members?
- Which information, if any, on desired diversity would you incorporate into the job description?

The input received was consolidated and reviewed. (See appendix 2). Based on this input, NomComRIWG drafted a job description (LINK) which was reviewed by HR professionals within ICANN org.

Next Steps: The NomComRIWG will provide the draft job description to the bodies that appoint
members to the Nomcom and ask for feedback, before it is finalized and posted on ICANN.org and provided to bodies appointing members to the NomCom.

**Status of Recommendation #1 Implementation Steps**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Compile the SO/ACs timetable for selecting their NomCom members.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Enquire with all bodies that appoint members to the NomCom if they have a 'job description' for NomCom members, and also, which, if any, criteria they apply during their selection process.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Enquire with current and former NomCom leadership what content they would like to see in a job description for future NomCom members.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Enquire with ICANN org what in their experience makes a productive NomCom member.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Create an overview document that summarizes all responses.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NomComRIWG (via ICANN org) to ask for review of summary document(s) from HR professionals (ICANN and/or others).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support from ICANN org, to draft proposed job description(s) for NomCom members, based on input received and NomComRIWG’s discussion</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to provide the draft document to the bodies that appoint members to the NomCom and ask for feedback.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Finalize job description(s) based on NomComRIWG consensus.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support from ICANN org, to post job description(s) on ICANN.org and send document to bodies that appoint members to the NomCom.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Ensure that the Standing Committee (Rec 24) provides revisions, in cooperation with the bodies that appoint members to the NomCom, if and when appropriate.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

- Updated job description(s) is/are drafted, distributed to the bodies appointing members to the NomCom, and used in subsequent selection processes by these bodies.
- Finalizing implementation in time for the selection of the 2021 NomCom members.
### Recommendation #2 - Member Training

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Implement and formalize training to further NomCom members’ understanding of the roles and responsibilities of Board directors and the practices of high-performing Boards at other nonprofit organizations.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NomComRIWG liaised with ICANN org about NomCom’s training needs, content requirements and estimated costs, in order to submit a potential FY21 budget request for recommendations 2, 3, 4. A budget request was submitted on 30 January 2020 as part of the FY21 Community Additional Budget Requests, which was rejected. See details below:

**Estimation** (for all three recommendations):

**Course Development** (estimation provided by ICANN org Public Responsibility Team):
- $35k first year, $15k annually thereafter (assuming no relicensing fee)
  - Bespoke online course – NomCom - *(ICANN-tailored)* – The roles and responsibilities of ICANN Board directors; overview of the candidate evaluation process
  - Bespoke online course – Leadership – *(ICANN-tailored)* - Roles, authority, and responsibilities of the leadership
  - In-person – NomCom – Full day – *(General)* - Roles, responsibilities, and best practices of nonprofit Boards; strategies for effective selection; putting theory into practice – sample evaluations and group exercises
  
**Course Delivery** : $3k for one person (estimation by Travel Services)

The NomComRIWG also reached out to the NomCom Leadership Team and Support on the following questions ([LINK](#)):

- Do you believe the NomCom training course to teach an understanding of the skills and attributes required to become a successful Board member at ICANN can be done online or needs to be done in person?
- What content should be included in such a course?
- If such a course would be in person, what are the logistical dependencies? Assuming that all training could be done in 20-25 hours, what would be a feasible time (i.e. ICANN AGM?) for such in-person training?

**Revised Implementation Steps**

The NomComRIWG decided that a step would be added here for the NomCom Standing Committee to periodically, when it’s appropriate, refresh the NomCom training.

NomComRIWG also decided that steps 5 to 8 will be managed by the Interim Standing Committee, instead of the NomComRIWG.
Budget Request

The budget request was rejected, as reported in the FY21 Additional Budget Requests: Assessment Team Report (LINK), p11. See excerpt below for the rejection rationale:

**Nominating Committee Review Implementation Working Group Request: Training for Nominating Committee Leaders and Members**

As with Request FY21-1, resources and funding for work relating to Reviews implementation should be requested and funded outside the ABR process. The ABR process is not equipped or intended for this purpose. ICANN org encourages the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group to consider if existing or planned training for Board members and community leaders can be leveraged to reduce the impact on costs and other resources in implementing the Review recommendations in question.

The NomComRIWG decided that a step would be added here for the NomCom Standing Committee to periodically, when it is appropriate, refresh the NomCom training. NomComRIWG also decided that steps 5 to 8 will be managed by the Interim Standing Committee.

The NomComRIWG liaised with NomCom Support Staff and asked whether it was logistically and financially feasible for the trainings under recommendations 2, 3, 4 to be included in the trainings of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

The NomComRIWG could not clearly identify which trainings were followed by the NomCom in the past and suggest that moving forward these trainings be reported on the NomCom page as part of an institutional knowledge.

Next Steps

NomCom Support Staff will confirm whether training under recommendations 2, 3, 4 can be included in the FY21 training budget of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

**Status of Recommendation #2 Implementation Steps**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Identify, in consultation with current and former NomCom members, what kind of course, online/in-person etc., might meet the needs of the NomCom and also addresses the issue identified by the independent examiner.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Work with current/former NomCom and ICANN org to identify content requirements for the training course, as well as logistical dependencies.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q2-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Make a FY21 budget request for possible pilot program.</td>
<td></td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Determine what metrics should be applied to determine success of training program.</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Based on steps 1-4, NomComRIWG to:</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.a</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to identify suitable vendors</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b</td>
<td>Work with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org to agree on final course logistics and course content</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.c</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to determine what budgetary requirements for the course are necessary, and, if required, initiate budget request for future budget cycles</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Make budget request as part of ICANN’s budget cycle.</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Once budget is secured, work with ICANN org to contract vendor, and determine when training for future NomComs can start/take place.</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>NomCom Standing Committee to periodically, when it’s appropriate, refresh the NomCom training.</td>
<td></td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

- Appropriate training courses have been designed and incoming NomCom members are being trained on an annual basis.
- Funding is secured via NomCom’s budget.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #3 - Leadership Training

| Recommendation Description | Implement and formalize training for NomCom leadership to further their understanding of their roles, authority, and responsibilities, and confirm or appoint the next Chair earlier in the cycle. |

NomComRIWG liaised with ICANN org about NomCom’s training needs, content requirements and estimated costs in order to submit a potential FY21 budget request for recommendations 2, 3, 4. A budget request was submitted on 30 January 2020 as part of the FY21 Community Additional Budget Requests, which was rejected. See details below:

Estimation (for all three recommendations):

Course Development (estimation provided by ICANN org Public Responsibility Team): $35k first year, $15k annually thereafter (assuming no relicensing fee)

- Bespoke online course – NomCom - (ICANN-tailored) – The roles and responsibilities of ICANN Board directors; overview of the candidate evaluation process
- Bespoke online course – Leadership – (ICANN-tailored) - Roles, authority, and responsibilities of the leadership
- In-person – NomCom – Full day – (General) - Roles, responsibilities, and best practices of nonprofit Boards; strategies for effective selection; putting theory into practice – sample evaluations and group exercises

Course Delivery: $3k for one person (estimation by Travel Services)

The NomComRIWG also reached out to the ICANN Board, NomCom Leadership Team and Support on the following questions (LINK):

- The NomComRIWG is discussing whether it might be useful to have the incoming NomCom Chair selected earlier than is currently the case, not least so that the leadership can undergo appropriate training. What factors determine the current selection cycle and is an earlier selection feasible?
- Do you believe the training course for the NomCom leadership, to teach them about their roles authority and responsibility can be done online or need to be done in person?
- What content should be included in such a course?
- When do you feel is the ideal timing for the Chair appointment?
- If such a course would be in person, what are the logistical dependencies? Assuming that all trainings could be done in 20-25 hours, what would be a feasible time (ICANN AGM?) for such in-person training?
Budget Request

The budget request was rejected, as reported in the FY21 Additional Budget Requests: Assessment Team Report (LINK), p11. See excerpt below for the rejection rationale:

**Nominating Committee Review Implementation Working Group Request: Training for Nominating Committee Leaders and Members**

As with Request FY21-1, resources and funding for work relating to Reviews implementation should be requested and funded outside the ABR process. The ABR process is not equipped or intended for this purpose. ICANN org encourages the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group to consider if existing or planned training for Board members and community leaders can be leveraged to reduce the impact on costs and other resources in implementing the Review recommendations in question.

The NomComRIWG decided that a step would be added here for the NomCom Standing Committee to periodically, when it’s appropriate, refresh the NomCom training. NomComRIWG also decided that steps 5 to 8 will be managed by the Interim Standing Committee.

The NomComRIWG liaised with NomCom Support Staff and asked whether it was logistically and financially feasible for the trainings under recommendations 2, 3, 4 to be included in the trainings of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

The NomComRIWG could not clearly identify which trainings were followed by the NomCom in the past and suggest that moving forward these trainings be reported on the NomCom page as part of an institutional knowledge.

Next Steps

NomCom Support Staff will confirm whether training under recommendations 2, 3, 4 can be included in the FY21 training budget of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

**Status of Recommendation #3 Implementation Steps**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Identify, in consultation with current and former NomCom and Board members, what kind of course, online/in-person etc., might meet the needs of the NomCom and also addresses the issue identified by the independent examiner.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Work with current/former NomCom and ICANN org to identify content requirements for the training course, as well as logistical dependencies.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3  Make a FY21 budget request for a possible pilot program. |  □ | Q1-2021

4  Determine what metrics should be applied to determine success of a training program. |  × | Q1-2021

5  Based on steps 1-4, NomComRIWG to: |  × | Q1-2021

5a)  Work with ICANN org to identify suitable vendors |  × | Q1-2021

5b)  Work with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org to agree on final course logistics and course content |  × | Q1-2021

5c)  Work with ICANN org to determine what budgetary requirements for the course are necessary, and, if required, initiate budget request for future budget cycles |  × | Q1-2021

6  Make budget request as part of ICANN’s budget cycle. |  × | Q1-2021

7  Once budget is secured, work with ICANN org to contract vendor, and determine when training for future NomComs can start/take place. |  × | Q2-2021

8  Work with current/former NomCom and Board members and Standing Committee to determine optimum timing for the appointment of NomCom Leadership and ensure this is reflected in the Board and NomCom calendars |  × | Q3-2021

9  NomCom Standing Committee to periodically, when it’s appropriate, refresh the NomCom training |  × | TBD

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

- Appropriate training courses have been designed and incoming NomCom members are being trained on an annual basis. Funding is secured via NomCom’s budget.
- The Board and NomCom annual calendars reflect deadlines for the appointment of NomCom leadership
Table of Contents

Recommendation #4 - Evaluation Training

| Recommendation Description | Formulate training for NomCom members in the candidate evaluation process. |

NomComRIWG liaised with ICANN org about its training needs, content requirements and estimated costs in order to submit a potential FY21 budget request for recommendations 2, 3, 4. A budget request was submitted on 30 January 2020 as part of the FY21 Community Additional Budget Requests, which was rejected. See details below:

**Estimation** (for all three recommendations):

**Course Development** (estimation provided by ICANN org Public Responsibility Team): $35k first year, $15k annually thereafter (assuming no relicensing fee)

- Bespoke online course – NomCom - *(ICANN-tailored)* – The roles and responsibilities of ICANN Board directors; overview of the candidate evaluation process
- Bespoke online course – Leadership – *(ICANN-tailored)* - Roles, authority, and responsibilities of the leadership
- In-person – NomCom – Full day – *(General)* - Roles, responsibilities, and best practices of nonprofit Boards; strategies for effective selection; putting theory into practice – sample evaluations and group exercises

**Course Delivery** : $3k for one person (estimation by Travel Services)

The NomComRIWG also reached out to the NomCom Leadership Team and Support on the following questions ([LINK](#)):

- Do you believe the training course for the NomCom leadership, to teach them about their roles authority and responsibility can be done online or need to be done in person?
- What content should be included in such a course?
- In addition, we would be keen to hear from you about your experience of the training courses you have received at ICANN64 (Kobe) and how this can be used to designing additional training, compatible with recommendations 2, 3, and 4
What would be the content requirements, and logistical dependencies for the training course?

If such a course would be in person, what are the logistical dependencies? Assuming that all training could be done in 20-25 hours, what would be a feasible time (ICANN AGM?) for such in-person training?

Budget Request

The budget request was rejected, as reported in the FY21 Additional Budget Requests: Assessment Team Report (LINK), p11. See the excerpt with the explaining rationale below:

Nominating Committee Review Implementation Working Group Request: Training for Nominating Committee Leaders and Members

As with Request FY21-1, resources and funding for work relating to Reviews implementation should be requested and funded outside the ABR process. The ABR process is not equipped or intended for this purpose. ICANN org encourages the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group to consider if existing or planned training for Board members and community leaders can be leveraged to reduce the impact on costs and other resources in implementing the Review recommendations in question.

The NomComRIWG liaised with NomCom Support Staff and asked whether it was logistically and financially feasible for the trainings under recommendations 2, 3, 4 to be included in the trainings of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

The NomComRIWG could not clearly identify which trainings were followed by the NomCom in the past and suggest that moving forward these trainings be reported on the NomCom page as part of an institutional knowledge.

Next Steps

NomCom Support Staff will confirm whether training under recommendations 2, 3, 4 can be included in the FY21 training budget of the incoming 2020-2021 NomCom.

Status of Recommendation #4 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Identify, in consultation with current and former NomCom members, what kind of course, online/in-person, etc., might meet the needs of the NomCom members and address the issue identified by the independent examiner.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Work with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org to identify content requirements for the training course, as well as any logistical and timing dependencies.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Determine what metrics should be applied to determine success of training program.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Based on steps 1-3, NomComRIWG to:</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.a</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to identify suitable vendors</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.b</td>
<td>Work with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org to agree on final course logistics and course content</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.c</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to determine what budgetary requirements for the course are necessary, and, if required, initiate a budget request.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Once budget is secured, work with ICANN org to contract vendor, and determine when training for future NomCom’s leadership can start/take place.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

Appropriate training courses have been designed and incoming NomCom members are being trained on an annual basis.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #5 - Recruiting Consultant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enquire with ICANN staff and the current NomCom what the contractually defined role of the recruiting consultant(s) is and whether further steps are required.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revisit the current timeline for BGC and others to provide the incoming NomCom with job descriptions and other relevant information for recruitment process.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create an overview document that summarizes the consultant(s)’ role (paying attention to the need for capacity outreach to underrepresented regions with similar proficiency)</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensure that there is an ongoing outreach effort to under-represented regions within ICANN. This should be done in coordination with the marketing efforts, detailed in recommendation 13.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft a proposed role description for a professional recruiting consultant(s), based on input received and</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The NomComRIWG reached out to the NomCom leadership and support teams and received feedback ([LINK](#)) on the following questions:

- Please provide any document you have that describes the role of the recruiting consultant(s)
- In your view, should this remit be modified or extended?
- How does the NomCom communicate to the recruiting consultant their role?
- Please provide the role of the recruiting consultant and, if applicable, how this may have changed for the past three NomCom cycles
- In your view, how should this role be modified or improved?
any additional NomComRIWG’s input.

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Provide the document to ICANN Org and ask for feedback/concerns</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Finalize proposed role description for a professional consultant(s) based on NomComRIWG consensus</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Post role description on ICANN.org</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to establish metrics for the Standing Committee and/or ICANN.org to use to assess the consultant’s performance.</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>NomCom Standing Committee (see Recommendation #24) and/or ICANN.org to maintain and, if needed, update the role and responsibilities document of the recruiting company</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

An updated job description for the recruitment consultant should be published, adhering to all applicable confidential issues related to procurement and contracting.
Recommendation #6 - Evaluation Consultant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A professional evaluation consultant should continue to be involved in the evaluation process for Board candidates. The role of the evaluation consultant should be clarified and published.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The NomComRIWG reached out to the NomCom Support on the following questions (LINK):

- What were the responsibilities of the evaluation consultant when used by the former NomComs and what did and did not work in your opinion?
- What needs to change before evaluation consultants are used again by the NomCom?

**Status of Recommendation #6 Implementation Steps**

The NomComRIWG notes that: on an annual basis, each NomCom will determine whether the evaluation consultant will be utilized for their particular cycle.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to decide what the process is of hiring an evaluation consultant and how it fits with the NomCom’s annual selection cycle:</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1a.</td>
<td>Enquire with ICANN Org and the current NomCom what are the responsibilities of the evaluation consultant vis-à-vis the current job descriptions for the vacancies to be filled by the NomCom.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1b.</td>
<td>Create an overview document that summarizes the responses</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Draft a proposed role description and Statement of Work for a professional evaluation consultant, based on input.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Ensure the written job descriptions described in Recommendation #15 are utilized.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Finalize proposed role description for a professional evaluation consultant based on NomComRIWG consensus.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NomCom standing committee (Rec #24) to maintain and, if needed, update the role and responsibilities</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
document of the evaluation consultant role – and publish it where appropriate.

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

The role of the evaluation consultant is published. The decision on continued use of evaluation consultant is based on relevant input and feedback from current NomCom and NomCom support staff.
### Table of Contents

#### Recommendation #7 - Two-Year Terms

| Recommendation Description | NomCom members, except for leadership positions, should serve two-year terms, and be limited to a maximum of two terms. |

The NomComRIWG reached out ([LINK](#)) to the SOs/ACs, IETF on the following questions:

- What concerns do you have, if any, if the NomComRIWG proposes that the [SO/AC Name] NomCom member is one of the seats appointed for one year in the first cycle and then switched to two-year appointments after that?

Based on this input, the NomComRIWG has discussed and drafted ([LINK](#)) several implementation guidelines to define how the term limits apply and how they will affect current NomCom members.

To accommodate continuous improvement, these guidelines will be enshrined in the NomCom Operating Procedures, instead of the ICANN Bylaws. An updated NomCom Operating Procedures manual with the implementation guidelines will be shared for public comment with the community at a future date.

The NomComRIWG is proposing to update Bylaws Section 8.3. (a) to revise the length of terms from one to two-year terms and allow members to serve a maximum of two terms.

The Final Report of the Independent Examiners suggested consecutive terms should be allowed. The NomComRIWG decided against allowing consecutive terms and instead is proposing a minimum 2-year gap between the terms.

The redlined Bylaw change is as follows:

**Section 8.3. TERMS**

(a) **The term for each voting delegate shall be a two-year term. No individual delegate may serve as a delegate for more than two terms. In addition, no individual may serve in consecutive terms, regardless of the entity selecting them to the Nominating Committee. An individual will only be eligible to serve a second term as a delegate on the Nominating committee if a minimum of two years has elapsed between the end of their first term and the beginning of the term for which they are being selected.** at most two successive one-year terms, after which at least two years must elapse before the individual is eligible to serve another term.

(b) **The regular term of each voting delegate shall begin at the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the immediately following ICANN annual meeting in two years, subject to the Transition Section 27.xx**
A transition plan has been defined so that the terms of the NomCom are staggered such that half of the terms expire each year.

**Next Steps**

The NomComRIWG will submit to the OEC an introductory note for proposed Bylaw changes including the suggested Bylaws amendment for recommendation 7 and rationale. The Bylaws amendments suggested by the NomComRIWG will be submitted as a bundle.

**Status of Recommendation #7 Implementation Steps**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Determine which NomCom seats will be elected initially for one year and which seats immediately for two-year terms. Note: the seats that will be initially elected for one year will turn into two-year positions in the following year, resulting in half of the NomCom being replaced each year going forward.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to draft changes to Bylaws language:</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>Decide whether term limits are ‘consecutive’ v ‘life-time’ limits.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>If term limits refer to consecutive terms, determine the minimum gap between terms</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c</td>
<td>How to deal with NomCom members who have been appointed by different SO/ACs.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d</td>
<td>Assess whether past NomCom terms are counted towards the life-time limit in (a).</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2e</td>
<td>Decide criteria determining how partial terms served impact the term restrictions.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomCom RIWG to agree on answers/principles to the questions under 2, provide this list to ICANN org Legal. Legal to draft proposed Bylaws language based on NomCom RIWG input and agree with NomComRIWG on finalized proposed language. NomComRIWG to transmit proposed language to OEC for review and its recommendation to the Board to initiate Bylaws change.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Q4-2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ICANN Board directs initiation of Bylaws change and oversees the process

Bylaws change process takes place

Subject to the outcome of the Bylaws change, NomCom RIWG to inform bodies appointing members to the NomCom about new term conditions going forward.

Review and update NomCom Operating Procedures.

Step 3: The NomComRIWG took a different approach because it believed this new approach to be more effective in achieving the desired end result of the recommendation. Red font reflects new steps and/or approach taken during the implementation, differing from the detailed implementation plan.

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

Completed process to amend the Bylaws to provide for 2-year terms for all NomCom appointees, with half of the NomCom members being appointed every year. A rejection of the proposed Bylaws change, maintaining the status quo, may be one of the acceptable outcomes.
## Recommendation #8 - Maintain Current Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Maintain the current size of NomCom</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Was Implementation Completed As Originally Planned? If not, Why Not?</strong></td>
<td>Yes. No implementation steps were needed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This recommendation was a factor in the implementation for the “Rebalancing” Recommendation (See #10).
Recommendation #9 - Voting Members

| Recommendation Description | All NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members, except for NomCom leadership. |

The NomComRIWG sought input from RSSAC, SSAC and GAC on the following questions:

- Aside from the ICANN Bylaws changes, does your organization need to amend its charter or applicable operating document to ensure that all NomCom members will be fully participating and voting?
- The GAC has indicated they are not planning to make any appointment to the NomCom but would like to keep that seat open. Please explain why the GAC is reluctant to fill that seat.

The Bylaws update for this recommendation will be bundled with Bylaw changes from recommendations (7, 8, 10, 27).

The NomComRIWG has reviewed the current Bylaws and updated section 8.2 to implement this recommendation.

The NomCom decided to replace “liaison” with “delegate” to apply the same term across the section. While the Chair and Chair-Elect remain non-voting, the delegates from the Root Server System Advisory Committee, the Security and Stability Advisory Committee, the Governmental Advisory Committee now appear as voting delegates.

Under section 8.3 (c), the NomComRIWG struck the phrase about “Non-voting liaisons shall serve during the term designated by the entity that appoints them”, therefore removing the mention of “non-voting”.

The NomComRIWG also noted that the Charters of various SOs/ACs will need to be updated to reflect that NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members. For an illustrative example, please see possible changes to the RrSG Charter at the end of this section, which could be used (if applicable) as a boilerplate for the impacted SOs/ACs.

The NomComRIWG agreed that while the GAC seat is not currently filled, it is assumed that if they chose to fill the seat, that this recommendation would apply to their seat as well although their delegate could elect to abstain from voting.

In preparation for this update, boilerplate language for updating SOs/ACs charters (LINK) was drafted to reflect that all NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members.

Next Steps
The NomComRIWG will submit to the OEC an introductory note for proposed Bylaw changes including the suggested Bylaws amendment for recommendation 9 and rationale. The Bylaws amendments suggested by the NomComRIWG will be submitted as a bundle.

### Status of Recommendation #9 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to reach out to all bodies that are appointing NomCom members about planned Bylaws change, including rationale, as detailed in the Final Report</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support from ICANN org, to initiate process to change ICANN Board directs the initiation of Bylaws change, Section 8.2., to allocate the same voting and participation rights for all NomCom members and oversees the process.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Bylaws change process takes place.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>If Bylaws are changed, NomComRIWG with support from ICANN org, to review and update the NomCom Operating Procedures.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Subject to the outcome of the Bylaws change, NomCom RIWG to ensure that all appointing organizations bodies appointing members to the NomCom are aware informed of the about all relevant changes in the Bylaws regarding to the NomCom members’ participation rights.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Red font reflects new steps and/or approach taken during the implementation, differing from the detailed implementation plan

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

Completed process to amend the Bylaws to allow for all NomCom members to become full voting members. A rejection of the proposed Bylaws change, maintaining the status quo, may be one of the outcomes.
Referenced in section regarding recommendation 9: All NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members, except for NomCom leadership.

Possible revisions to SO/AC Charters using the RrSG Charter for illustrative purposes

4.4 Nominating Committee Representative Position and Term

There shall be a Nominating Committee of ICANN, responsible for the selection of all ICANN Directors except the President and those Directors selected by ICANN's Supporting Organizations, and for such other selections as are set forth in Article 8 of the ICANN Bylaws.

4.4.1 As specified in the ICANN Bylaws there shall be one voting delegate from the Registrar Stakeholder Group in the Nominating Committee.

4.4.2 Each voting delegate shall serve a one-year two-year term.

4.4.3 A delegate may serve at most two successive one-year terms, after which at least two years must elapse before the individual is eligible to serve another term. A maximum of two terms, and there must be a minimum 2-year gap between the 2-year terms.

4.4.4 The regular term of each voting delegate shall begin at the ICANN annual meeting and shall end at the conclusion of the immediately following ICANN annual meeting.

4.4.5 Vacancy. Any vacancy occurring during the Nominating Committee Representative’s term shall be handled by the Registrar Stakeholder Group as per the vacancy rules outlined for Executive Committee members in Article 3.4.3.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #10 - Rebalancing

| Recommendation Description | Representation on the NomCom should be re-balanced immediately and then be reviewed every five years. |

The NomComRIWG elected to follow the Independent Examiner recommendation 8 (see new implementation step 3) and are of the view that the current allocation of nineteen (19) NomCom seats across the various SO/ACs should remain unchanged, also keeping in mind that it will help maintain the diversity of the NomCom.

The Independent Examiner identified the GNSO as the most pressing area in need of rebalancing and the NomComRIWG agreed considering the GNSO has already evolved since the ICANN Bylaws were first written and is likely to continue to evolve since it has a flexible charter that anticipates future growth. A variety of approaches to allocating the GNSO seats were considered, and all would require a change to the ICANN Bylaws.

When discussing rebalancing of the NomCom, more radical approaches, such as a wholesale change in how the seats are allocated, were not supported. In January 2020, the NomComRIWG also asked the GAC whether they planned to continue to not make appointments to the NomCom, and agreed that the GAC seat should not be reallocated based on their input. As part of the NomComRIWG rebalancing discussion, it was also noted that the ALAC is allocated five seats and internally decides to allocate these seats on a geographic basis to achieve diversity objectives.

The NomComRIWG considered that the GNSO would continue to evolve and require on-going rebalancing exercises in the future. Thus, it decided to split this recommendation into two phases (see updated step 4) that would simplify not only an immediate rebalancing exercise but also future rebalancing exercises.

The first phase of this recommendation maintains the current allocation to the GNSO without specifying how those seats are allocated. The second phase would then involve deciding how these seats should be allocated. The work of this second phase could be performed by the NomComRIWG, a cross-constituency working group or others. However, the NomComRIWG believes that, in relation to rebalancing the GNSO’s allocation of 7 seats, it should be the GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups that decide how these seats are distributed.

The NomComRIWG drafted a call for action addressed to the GNSO Supporting Groups and Constituencies Chairs which was submitted on 16 June 2020 with input requested by 30 July 2020. This call to action was presented to the GNSO Supporting Groups and Constituencies Chairs on 22 July 2020 and followed by a Q&A session.
A webinar was hosted on 17 June 2020, as part of ICANN68 prep week, to present the implementation milestones and next steps of the NomComRIWG. This included a presentation of the approach that the ICANN Bylaws be revised to eliminate language referring to specific seats for stakeholder groups.

Four responses (IPC, BC, ISPCPC, RySG) to the call for action were submitted to the NomComRIWG. Generally, the responses agreed that the current allocation of NomCom delegates by the GNSO was no longer representative of the 2020 GNSO. However, the responses opposed any changes to the Bylaws due to the fear that subsequent rebalancing efforts would lessen their influence on the NomCom process.

The NomComRIWG suggested recommending to the Board that the ICANN Bylaws be revised to eliminate language referring to specific seats for stakeholder groups. With such a Bylaws change, the GNSO could then rebalance itself periodically without requiring Bylaw changes. This matches the Bylaw language for the ALAC NomCom delegates. The GNSO should then undertake a rebalancing exercise for its 7 NomCom seats. Possible outcomes of this amendment, among others, include maintaining the status quo, reassigning one or more seats, or rotating the 7 seats among its constituencies and stakeholder groups.

In the spirit of continuous improvement, the NomComRIWG recommends that this Bylaw change is the logical next step for rebalancing the NomCom. Once approved, several simultaneous different steps are possible, both within the GNSO as well as across the entire ICANN community. Such a change would also simplify future rebalancing exercises of the NomCom.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to propose definition of relevant terms included in the recommendation and identify the intended purpose of the recommendation – as detailed in the final report.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Assess what principles and other factors were used to determine the current NomCom’s composition.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to decide what principles should apply to determine the optimum NomCom’s composition, based on the current ICANN community.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Perform a gap analysis between the outcome of steps 2 and 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to examine the gap analysis and decide which principles should apply. Based on this, the NomComRIWG to propose, inter alia:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5a</td>
<td>Whether “rebalancing” in this context means to rebalance the seat allocations to all SO and ACs or whether the overall seats allocated to each SO and AC should remain constant and the SOs and ACs should, if desired, reallocate “their” seats to ensure adequate representation of all their constituent groupings.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5b</td>
<td>Decide whether the GAC seat, even if unfilled, should remain allocated to the GAC or whether it should be “absorbed” by another SO/AC.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5c</td>
<td>Determine if we envision a future where there might be more SO/ACs and whether this would have an impact on the proposed review period of five years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New 5d</td>
<td>Ensure that a re-balanced NomCom can continue working effectively in accordance with its mandate as detailed in the Bylaws.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Consider Recommendation 8, and assess whether SOs/ACs seats need to be redistributed</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Draft one or more rebalanced NomCom seat allocation scenarios and present this to the impacted SOs/ACs community for input via public comment and/or face-to-face interaction with the community during a public meeting, webinar, etc. Inform ICANN Board and the</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ICANN community during a public meeting, webinar, etc.
This is where we decided to split the recommendation into two phases:
- Phase 1: Remove the GNSO hard coding from the ICANN Bylaws
- Phase 2: Conduct rebalancing exercise

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to revise the rebalancing proposal and ask the Board to initiate Bylaws changes - which includes, among other, another public comment period,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to ask the Board to initiate Bylaws changes</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>If the ICANN Board is satisfied that the proposal will not impact on the effective conduct of the NomCom’s selection work, the Board will direct the process to change the Bylaws.</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Bylaw change is accepted, and NomCom is rebalanced or Bylaw change is rejected, and status quo is maintained. The OEC decides who and how to conduct phase 2 of this recommendation. Options include:</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  - The NomComRIWG
  - The NomCom Standing Committee
  - A GNSO working group
  - A new cross-constituency working group

Red font reflects new steps and/or approach taken during the implementation, differing from the detailed implementation plan

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

Completed process to amend the Bylaws to rebalance the NomCom. A rejection of the proposed Bylaws change, maintaining the status quo, may be one of the acceptable outcomes.
## Recommendation #11 - Staff Reporting

### Recommendation Description

The senior staff member supporting NomCom should be accountable to and report to the office of the CEO.

NomComRIWG has asked NomCom Support Staff to reach out and find out who are the appropriate parties that NomCom should contact or address their communication to, to schedule a meeting. NomComRIWG will discuss and prepare questions for the call, date and time of the meeting will be identified.

### Status of Recommendation #11 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Assess WS2 recommendation #7 for potential impact: <a href="https://www.icann.org/public-comments/ccwg-acct-ws2-final-2018-03-30-en">https://www.icann.org/public-comments/ccwg-acct-ws2-final-2018-03-30-en</a></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to communicate with ICANN org about NomCom support reporting structure</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to assess what options there are, according to implemented WS2 Rec #7, for NomComRIWG to provide input into the reporting structure.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Further steps depend on the outcome of task 3.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

NomComRIWG has provided meaningful input into the reporting structure of NomCom support staff, in accordance with the implementation of WS2 Recommendation #7.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #12 - Budget and Staffing Resources

| Recommendation Description | NomCom leadership should have input on the NomCom budget and staffing resources. |

NomComRIWG has asked NomCom Support Staff to reach out and find out who are the appropriate parties that NomCom should contact or address their communication to, to schedule a meeting. NomComRIWG will discuss and prepare questions for the call, date and time of the meeting will be identified.

Status of Recommendation #12 Implementation Steps

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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support/input from ICANN org, to identify a process, including detailed mechanism and appropriate timing, for NomCom leadership to provide meaningful input on resources via ICANN’s annual budget cycle.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to discuss with ICANN org and current NomCom leadership the feasibility of identified process.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to coordinate with NomCom staff and NomCom leadership to assure leadership has the support needed to provide meaningful input.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to devise any applicable metrics.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Review and Update NomCom Operating Procedures to reflect budget input of NomCom leadership.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Identify the role of the Standing Committee to assist with this recommendation, once implemented.</td>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

NomCom leadership is set up to provide meaningful input to the NomCom’s annual budget via ICANN’s budget cycle.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #13 - Process Diagram

| Recommendation Description | Publish a “Process Diagram” and codify key elements of the NomCom process. Each year, the NomCom should be required to highlight and explain process changes to the ICANN community in an open session. |

NomComRIWG reviewed the current NomCom timeline published on icann.org and provided additional steps that should appear on the timeline. The NomComRIWG decided to create detailed timelines for each of the stakeholders involved in the annual cycle (Nominating Committee, Standing Committee, Appointing Bodies, Receiving Bodies, ICANN org, consultants) and will base itself on the NomCom timeline for 2021.

Status of Recommendation #13 Implementation Steps

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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Consult with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org to document the NomCom’s annual cycle; including (but not limited to) appointment of the leadership team, seating of the incoming members, communication with Board and other ICANN bodies about skill requirements for new appointees, recruitment outreach, interviews, selection, and announcement of incoming appointees.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Draft up a process diagram incorporating all relevant steps in the NomCom’s lifecycle, ensuring the process includes: determination by the current NomCom if they are going to follow the previously codified process; if not, how they plan to / have already communicate(d) the change to the ICANN community.</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Consult with current NomCom and NomCom staff to enquire about the comprehensiveness of diagram, including whether too little or too many details are included in the draft.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Update/finalize diagram</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Reach out to decide if additional visual improvements to the diagram are desired and whether ICANN org can provide needed services.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>If a third-party vendor is required, NomComRIWG to enquire with ICANN org if current budget allows for the procurement of a third-party vendor; if it does not: NomComRIWG to coordinate a budget request for the next fiscal year via ICANN’s annual budget cycle.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Publish where appropriate and publicize among the community.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Ensure that the diagram is periodically reviewed and updated, if required and that the community is duly updated about any those process updates.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Ensure that any deviation from the standard process by the NomCom is clearly communicated to the ICANN community</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** *(as per Detailed Implementation Plan)*

A comprehensive process diagram of the NomCom’s annual cycle is published and maintained in a transparent and accessible manner. Any deviations from this process by the NomCom is transparently communicated to the ICANN community.
Recommendation #14 - Communications to Receiving Bodies

Recommendation Description
Formalize communication between the NomCom and the Board, SOs/ACs, and the PTI Board to understand needed competencies and experience.

The NomComRIWG received input (LINK) from the ICANN Board, PTI Board, NomCom Leadership Team, ALAC, ccNSO Council, GNSO Council on following questions:

- What information regarding desired competencies and experience of future NomCom appointees to the Board do you currently share with the NomCom? For the past three years, when has the Board typically communicated these to the NomCom?
- What information regarding competencies and experience do you currently receive from the bodies to which you make appointments?
- For the past three years, when have you received these?
- Is there additional information that could be shared between the NomCom and the [SO/AC NAME] so that the NomCom can better target its selection to the needs of the [SO/AC NAME]?
- Which information, if any, on desired diversity would you add in your annual communication/advice to the NomCom?

Status of Recommendation #14 Implementation Steps

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<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to work with the current/former NomCom members, ICANN Board, ICANN org, and representatives of PTI to understand what information is currently shared between the NomCom and the bodies to which the NomCom makes appointments, including the timing of these communications.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, in coordination with the current/former NomCom members and ICANN org and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees, including the ICANN Board and PTI Board, to identify what additional information (if any) can be shared.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 NomComRIWG, in coordination with the current/former NomCom members, ICANN org and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees, including the ICANN Board and PTI Board, to identify whether improvements should be made to the timing of this exchange of information.

4 NomComRIWG, in coordination with the ICANN Board and impacted portions of the ICANN community, to draft a communication process and timeline, including desired information to be shared, that the NomCom and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees should follow each year, including what information should be shared with the recruitment agency(ies).

5 If applicable, updates should be made to the NomCom’s operating procedures.

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

A communication plan between the ICANN Board, the PTI Board, the SO/ACs and the NomCom has been established to ensure each incoming NomCom is aware of needed competencies and experience and the current NomCom has information (subject to all confidentiality requirements) about performance of current appointees.
Recommendation #15 - Candidate Job Descriptions

The NomCom should publish detailed job descriptions for Board, SO/AC, and PTI Board positions. The job descriptions, in combination with specific needed competencies identified each year by the NomCom, should form a basis for recruiting and evaluation efforts.

NomComRIWG has requested NomCom support staff to collect finalized job descriptions.

Status of Recommendation #15 Implementation Steps

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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Await and collect the finalized job descriptions as per Rec 14.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support from ICANN org, to establish the process for the NomCom to make sure that when publishing the job descriptions, the NomCom is transparent if it decides to include other factors than those received through the suggestive Board advice or input from other bodies that receive NomCom appointees.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomCom with support of ICANN org to update the NomCom Operating Procedure Manual with this new process</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Assure that the NomCom Standing Committee (Rec #24) performs annual outreach to Board, SO/AC, and PTI Board to receive feedback on specific needed competencies</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

NomCom Operating Procedures Manual is updated to reflect process. Job description(s) are updated annually and form(s) a basis for recruitment.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #16 - Feedback on NomCom Appointees

| Recommendation Description | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Implement and codify a system for providing feedback to the NomCom regarding the contributions and participation of members up for re-appointment by the NomCom. |

The NomComRIWG received input ([LINK](#)) from the ICANN Board, PTI Board, NomCom Leadership Team, ALAC, ccNSO Council, GNSO Council on following questions:

- What information pertaining to recommendation 16 do you usually share with the NomCom, and when does such communications usually take place in the annual NomCom cycle?
- In your opinion, what additional information pertaining to recommendation 16 could be shared between the Board and the NomCom?
- What information do you currently share with the NomCom, and what is the timing of these communications?
- In your opinion, what additional information could be shared between you and the NomCom?

Status of Recommendation #16 Implementation Steps

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<th>Description</th>
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<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Work with the current/former NomCom members, ICANN Board and ICANN org to understand what information is currently shared between the NomCom and the bodies to which the NomCom makes appointments, including the timing of these communications.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, with support from ICANN org and in coordination with the current/former NomCom members, ICANN org and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees, including the ICANN Board, to identify what additional information (if any) can be shared.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, in coordination with the current/former NomCom members, ICANN org and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees, including the ICANN</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Board, to identify whether improvements should be made to the timing of this exchange of information.

NomComRIWG, in consultation with the ICANN Board and ICANN community, to draft a communication process and timeline, including desired information to be shared, that the NomCom and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees should follow each year, including what information should be shared with the recruitment agency(ies).

- If applicable, updates should be made to the NomCom’s operating procedures.

<p>| | | |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NomComRIWG, in consultation with the ICANN Board and ICANN community, to draft a communication process and timeline, including desired information to be shared, that the NomCom and the bodies that receive NomCom appointees should follow each year, including what information should be shared with the recruitment agency(ies).</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>If applicable, updates should be made to the NomCom’s operating procedures.</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

A communication plan between the ICANN Board, the PTI Board, the SO/ACs and the NomCom has been established to ensure each incoming NomCom is aware on a timely basis of needed competencies and experience and has information (subject to all confidentiality requirements) about performance of outgoing appointees.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #17 - Maintain Current Diversity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Maintain current diversity requirements for NomCom appointees.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Was Implementation Completed As Originally Planned? If not, Why Not?</td>
<td>Yes. No implementation steps were needed with additional action noted below</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Action for #17

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Recommend that bodies receiving NomCom appointees, as part of the implementation of recommendations 14 and 16, include any relevant information on desired diversity in their annual communication/advice to the NomCom.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

Annual communications to receiving bodies includes a reminder to specify desired diversity for new appointees.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #18 - Candidate Communications Schedule

| Recommendation Description | Publish a candidate communication schedule and codify a communication process with candidates. |

The NomComRIWG received input (LINK) following outreach to NomCom Leadership Team on following questions:

- Please describe the candidate communications process, and how, if applicable, it has varied over the past three to five cycles
- What improvements would you suggest to this process?

Status of Recommendation #18 Implementation Steps

<table>
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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Gain an overview of the current candidate communications of the NomCom by enquiring with current/former NomCom members and NomCom Staff.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q1-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Talk to previous NomCom appointees to understand how they perceived the communication process.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Propose a communication schedule including timing of communications with both successful and unsuccessful candidates.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Discuss with current/former NomCom members, NomCom staff, and previous NomCom appointees whether proposed communication schedule meets requirements and what further improvements could be made.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Finalize communication process; this should include annual surveys of all NomCom applicants.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Update NomCom’s workflow (recommendation 13).</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Publish communication schedule and timelines for candidate communications.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ensure the Standing Committee reviews the annual applicant survey results and makes any changes as needed for the following year.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

A communication schedule, that fits into the NomCom's work cycle and meets the needs of applicants and the NomCom is agreed upon, published, and adhered to.
Recommendation #19 - NomCom Marketing Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ICANN staff and the recruiting consultant, along with NomCom members, should leverage the detailed job description and desired competencies and experience to develop a marketing plan to better target prospective candidates.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The NomComRIWG received input (LINK) following outreach to NomCom Support on following questions:

- What are the current outreach and marketing efforts with regard to ensuring a diverse candidate pool in response to the NomCom’s annual recruitment efforts, and how has it changed over the three to five years?

Status of Recommendation #19 Implementation Steps

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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Reach out to NomCom, ICANN org, ICANN communication team, and the recruitment consultant(s), to understand what the state of current outreach and marketing is with regard to ensuring a diverse candidate pool in response to the NomCom’s annual recruitment efforts.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Identify possible improvements to the marketing plan and decide, in cooperation with the current NomCom, ICANN org, and the Standing Committee (if already in place), what additional efforts should be undertaken to target candidates for future NomCom’s recruitment cycles.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>This marketing effort should also help educate potential outside candidates about ICANN.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NomCom to conduct annual measurements related to the quality of the applicant pool.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Standing Committee (or NomComRIWG as long as the Standing Committee is not yet in place) to assess effectiveness of outreach/marketing efforts on an annual basis and work with the NomCom, ICANN org and the recruitment consultant(s) to make</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
improvements for the following year as required.

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

Effective communication between Standing Committee, recruitment consultant(s), the NomCom, and ICANN org is established, to maximize the effectiveness of candidate outreach on an annual basis, with an increase in the quality of applicants.
### Recommendation #20 - Blinded Candidate Assessment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The evaluation consultant should undertake a preliminary screen of all Board candidates and provide blinded assessments to the NomCom to assist the NomCom with reducing the pool of candidates to the deep-dive shortlist.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The NomComRIWG received input ([LINK](#)) following outreach to NomCom Leadership Team on following questions:

- We understand that the NomCom decided not to utilize an evaluation consultant for the recent NomCom cycles. Please explain why this decision was reached
- What improvements or changes would be needed if future NomComs decided to utilize an evaluation consultant?
- If you were to receive a deep-dive shortlist of blindly assessed candidates by the evaluation consultant(s), what information must be included for the NomCom to make an informed selection from this reduced pool of candidates?

**Note:** The NomComRIWG proposes that use of an evaluation consultant will be determined by each NomCom. See Recommendation #6 (re: continued use of evaluation consultant).

### Status of Recommendation #20 Implementation Steps

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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</table>
| 1 | Consult with current and past NomComs as well as ICANN org to determine what candidate attributes/data should be anonymized during the blind assessment (and when to reveal all data points), including steps to prevent:  
   - losing access to candidate data prior to sharing with the NomCom  
   - limiting the NomCom’s choices of candidates  
   - making the firm’s recommendation for a short list binding on the NomCom | ✓ | Q4-2019 |
| 1.a | losing access to candidate data prior to sharing with the NomCom | ✓ | Q4-2019 |
| 1.b | limiting the NomCom’s choices of candidates | ✓ | Q4-2019 |
| 1.c | making the firm’s recommendation for a short list binding on the NomCom | ✓ | Q4-2019 |
| 2 | NomComRIWG to establish when in the NomCom cycle the short list should be produced to have maximum benefit for the NomCom. | ✗ | Q2-2021 |
3 If necessary, NomComRIWG to work with ICANN org to amend evaluation firm contract with the need to provide blind assessments and propose a deep-dive shortlist of the applicant pool (in accordance with 2 above), while preserving all application materials and making them available to the NomCom if so requested. × Q2-2021

4 Establish a feedback mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the evaluation consultant providing a deep-dive shortlist to the NomCom and adjust the consultant's remit for the following year, if necessary (to be maintained by NomCom Standing Committee, see Recommendation #24). × Q2-2021

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

Evaluation consultant has provided the NomCom with a deep-dive shortlist and, if needed, the contract with the evaluation consultant has been adapted accordingly.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #21 - Standardized Evaluation Tool

| Recommendation Description | The NomCom should use a standardized tool to evaluate and prioritize candidates, based on desired competencies and experience as determined annually. This tool will not replace qualitative assessments of candidates. |

As part of the first implementation step and the process information and data that need to be captured in the evaluation tool, the NomComRIWG received input from the ICANN Board, NomCom Leadership Team ccNSO Council, GNSO Council, ALAC, RSSAC, SSAC on following questions:

- In your opinion, what tools, assessments and skill analysis should be used by the NomCom to make the best possible selection?
- Which tools and processes to evaluate and prioritize candidates are you planning to use during this NomCom cycle?
- What new tools would you recommend be made available for NomCom’s use?
- In your opinion, what tools, assessments and skills analysis should be used by the NomCom to make the best possible selection

Status of Recommendation #21 Implementation Steps

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<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Determine what process information, and other relevant data (including diversity requirements), needs to be captured in the tool by:</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Consulting current and former NomCom members</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b</td>
<td>Consulting those bodies that appoint members to the NomCom</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.c</td>
<td>Consulting with ICANN org</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.d</td>
<td>Consulting with other sources to determine industry best practices, possibly ICANN HR</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Decide which additional tools should be part of the tool kit.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
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</table>
### Metrics to measure successful implementation (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

Standardized tools are in place to evaluate and prioritize candidates and are assessed/updated annually by the Standing Committee.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
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<th>Due Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Outreach to current and former NomCom members to solicit input what the toolkit should contain.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Draft the tool kit components based on feedback and NomComRIWG input.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ensure that the evaluation toolkit information is shared in a timely manner with the incoming NomCom and overall community.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Incoming NomCom should amend the standardized toolkit based on the updated/latest job descriptions for positions to be filled.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ensure the Standing Committee is aware of the necessity to maintain and update the evaluation toolkit on an annual basis accordingly to input from the outgoing NomCom, as well as each year’s specific job description.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

Recommendation #22 - Interview Question Library

Recommendation Description
The NomCom should provide consistent interview questions and an interviewer evaluation form for the candidates interviewed during the deep-dive phase and the final face-to-face interviews.

The NomComRIWG reached out ([LINK](#)) to the ICANN Board, NomCom Leadership Team ccNSO Council, GNSO Council, ALAC, RSSAC, SSAC on following questions:

- In your opinion, which questions should be part of the "interview question library" and which would then be used by every NomCom?
- What questions and evaluation tools are NomCom members planning to use during the upcoming deep-dive and final interview phases?
- In your view, what questions and tools should be part of the "interview question library" which could be used by every NomCom going forward?
- How does the NomCom capture the actual interview questions asked of prospective candidates?

Status of Recommendation #22 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Communicate with NomCom to capture and review what questions and evaluation tools are typically used by the NomCom during the deep-dive and final interview phases.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Establish which questions and tools should be included in the ‘interview question library’ used by every NomCom, (with the library included in the toolkit) by consulting:</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>Current and former NomCom members</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>Current and former NomCom appointees</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c</td>
<td>NomCom supporting staff (HR)</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d</td>
<td>External firm(s)</td>
<td>x</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2e.</td>
<td>Bodies receiving NomCom appointees</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
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<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Once finalized, integrate these questions into an interviewer evaluation form and incorporate into the evaluation toolkit (see Recommendation #21).</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Deep-dive team assignments should consider additional factors beyond simply time zone availability, such as, e.g., potential conflicts and different cultures.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Each new NomCom can generate its own questions as well as pull from the ‘library’ to conduct a ‘semi-structured’ interview.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Instruct Standing Committee to capture the actual questions asked, scrubbing them of all identifying personal data, used at all stages, as well as seek feedback from each NomCom to assess usefulness of questions and update evaluation tool kit if and when needed.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

The questions from the past interviews have been captured and NomCom has adopted consistent interview questions and an interview evaluation form.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #23 - Candidate Pool Data Metrics

Recommendation Description | The NomCom should publish additional data on the candidate pool and the recruiting source of candidates.
---|---

The NomComRIWG reached out ([LINK](#)) to the ICANN Board, NomCom Support on following questions:

- Does the Board believe additional non-confidential, non-identifiable data points about the candidate pool should be collected and published by the NomCom, if so, which ones?
- What data points about the candidate pool have been gathered by the NomComs over the past 3-5 years?
- What data about the candidate pool has been published over the past five years?
- Is there any non-confidential, non-identifiable data that has not been made public, if so, why?
- Is there any additional non-confidential, non-identifiable data points about the candidate pool that you recommend be collected?

Status of Recommendation #23 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to establish what data about the candidate pool has been published over the past five years.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Work with ICANN org to determine what non-confidential, non-identifiable data has not been made public and why.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Consult with the wider ICANN community what additional non-confidential, non-identifiable data points should be collected and published.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Reach consensus within NomComRIWG on what additional data, if any, should be published going forward and capture this consensus in the toolkit.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Coordinate with ICANN org to assure the additional data is captured and published.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Instruct Standing Committee to oversee the continuous publication of data, as defined, and to ensure analytics/trend analysis is conducted to decide if</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
adjustments should be made (and if so what kind) for future NomComs.

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

All relevant data from the applicant pool and the recruiting sources are published and appropriately analyzed – in accordance with all applicable confidentiality requirements.
### Recommendation #24 - NomCom Standing Committee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>An empowered body of current and former NomCom members should be formed to ensure greater continuity across NomCom’s, and in particular, to recommend and assist in implementing improvements to NomCom operations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The NomComRIWG discussed in several meetings the structure and charter of the future Nominating Committee Standing Committee. The Standing Committee’s Purpose is to oversee continuous improvement to the NomCom Operating Procedures and associated processes to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of the Nominating Committee while ensuring the NomCom’s transparency and accountability to the overall ICANN community, including:

a) Provide continuity across annual NomCom cycles
b) Build the institutional memory of the NomCom
c) Help coordinate processes and communications with other bodies

The NomCom Standing Committee does not participate in the decision-making processes of the NomCom’s annual candidate evaluation and selection activities.

An essential role of the Standing Committee is to ensure that the NomCom is fully transparent and accountable to the ICANN community. One of the ways it will ensure this by using a formal change control process for the NomCom Operating Procedures.

To support the purpose of the Standing Committee, the NomComRIWG is proposing adding the following language to Section 8.7:

“The Nominating Committee shall adopt such operating procedures as it deems necessary, which shall be published on the Website. The Nominating Committee and the NomCom Standing Committee, while ensuring confidentiality, will ensure that they maintain transparency and accountability to the ICANN Community for all their processes.”

To support the terms principles defined for the Standing Committee, the NomComRIWG is proposing adding the following language to Section 8.3:

(e) Vacancies in the positions of delegate, non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect shall be filled by the entity entitled to select the delegate, subject to the details in the approved Nominating Committee Standard Operating Procedures non-voting liaison, Chair or Chair-Elect involved. If a delegate is selected to fill a vacancy and less than eight months have elapsed in that term, the delegate will be considered to have served a full term for the purposes of Section 8.3(a). If more than eight months have elapsed in the term at the time the delegate is selected to fill a vacancy, such service will not be considered a full term pursuant to Section 8.3(a).
(f) For any vacancy in the position of Chair, the Board shall appoint a replacement. For any term that the Chair-Elect position is vacant pursuant to Section 8.3(d), or until any other vacancy in the position of Chair-Elect can be filled, a non-voting advisor to the Chair may be appointed by the Board from among persons with prior service on the Board or a Nominating Committee, including the immediately previous Chair of the Nominating Committee. A vacancy in the position of Associate Chair may be filled by the Chair in accordance with the criteria established by Section 8.2(i).

NomComRIWG developed a draft Standing Committee’s Charter (Section 4.), which went through ICANN org legal department review, and now asks the ICANN Board to follow a similar process it is following for the proposed Bylaw changes to institutionalize the justification and existence for the NomCom Standing Committee.

Next Steps

The NomComRIWG will submit to the OEC an introductory note for proposed Bylaw changes including the suggested Bylaws amendment for recommendation 24 and rationale. The Bylaws amendments suggested by the NomComRIWG will be submitted as a bundle.

The NomComRIWG plans on participating in community outreach as part of the ICANN Board’s process for engaging the community in approving this Charter.

The NomComRIWG will also determine for each recommendation whether any implementation tasks can be taken over by the Interim Standing Committee.

Status of Recommendation #24 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to discuss proposals for the structure and charter of this Standing Committee:</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1a.</td>
<td><strong>Nature:</strong> Cross-community group, Empowered NomCom Standing Committee, Working group</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1b.</td>
<td><strong>Composition:</strong> SO/AC appointed members, NomCom members… Large vs. Small group</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q2-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to propose the scope of this new body, including:</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a.</td>
<td>Advisory/community feedback role, identify which processes are part of its remit, including but not limited to those listed in this detailed implementation plan.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Task Description</td>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Due Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b.</td>
<td>Avoid duplication of the NomCom’s work (e.g. body will not participate in any way in the annual recruitment, evaluation or selection of candidates).</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c.</td>
<td>Role of the NomCom leadership team vis-à-vis the Standing Committee.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d.</td>
<td>Protecting the NomCom from undue influence from the Standing Committee.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2e.</td>
<td>Clarification on how the Standing Committee interplays with regular organizational review cycles.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2f.</td>
<td>Ensuring that the definition of the Standing Committee does not negatively impact other improvements identified through the NomCom review process.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to propose how communication between the body and the NomCom will be conducted, how it will be captured and how it will adhere to ICANN’s transparency and accountability standards.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to propose a membership size of the body, including its possible composition.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to propose performance metrics for the Standing Committee, and how to review them annually.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ICANN Board, or a chosen delegate, to lead community conversation on all governance-related proposals put forward by the NomComRIWG.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>The Board, or its delegate, to work with the NomComRIWG and in consultation with the ICANN community to finalize a proposal on the governance structure of the Standing Committee, including protecting the NomCom from undue influence from the Standing Committee, clarification on how the Standing Committee interplays with regular organizational review cycles, and ensure that the definition of the Standing Committee does not negatively impact other improvements identified through the NomCom review process (see also 2 above).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Board/OEC to submit for public comment Standing Committee Charter, including proposal on the governance structure of the Standing Committee, including protecting the NomCom from undue influence from the Standing Committee, clarification on how the Standing Committee interplays with regular</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 8</td>
<td>Following Based on public comments, and based on feedback, ICANN Board, or its delegate, NomComRIWG to finalize the governance structure.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 9</td>
<td>ICANN org, in cooperation with Interim Standing Committee NomComRIWG and ICANN community, to discuss what level of staff support and/or other support may be necessary to help the body perform its duties.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 10</td>
<td>ICANN Board, or its delegate, to work with NomComRIWG to put the new body into place, i.e. Bylaw change and approval of the Standing Committee Charter, including additional public comment.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>ICANN Board will direct any Bylaws changes, and public discussion on the Standing Committee Charter.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 12</td>
<td>NomComRIWG to work with ICANN Board and ICANN org to initiate any budgetary requests needed for the operating of the body.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Red font reflects new steps and/or approach taken during the implementation, differing from the detailed implementation plan

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per Detailed Implementation Plan)

Standing Committee is established, with a clearly defined role, membership, and operating process, the Committee is adequately funded, and has an appropriate level of ICANN org staff support.
Recommendation #25 - Improve NomCom Selections

| Recommendation Description | Improve NomCom selection decisions by assessing the performance and needs of all bodies receiving NomCom appointees. |

The NomComRIWG consulted with the ICANN Board, NomCom Leadership Team ccNSO Council, GNSO Council, ALAC, on following questions to understand what (if any) performance assessment of the body itself is conducted and what skill set needs derive from that for future NomCom appointees, to avoid creating a new line of assessment or review of the receiving bodies:

- Is the ICANN Board performing any self-assessments, or third-party assessments pertaining to recommendation 25? If applicable, how do you communicate the outcome of such assessment to the NomCom? What performance assessment, if any, do you think is feasible by the ICANN Board to better inform future NomCom selection decisions
- Is the [SO/AC NAME] performing any self-assessments, or third-party assessments?
- If yes, are there any identified skills needed for future NomCom appointees to your organization?
- If applicable, how do you communicate this to the NomCom?
- What performance assessment, if any, do you think is feasible by the ALAC to improve future NomCom selection decisions

Status of Recommendation #25 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Consult with receiving bodies to understand what (if any) performance assessment of the body itself is conducted and what skill set needs derive from that (or any other assessment) for future NomCom appointees, to avoid creating a new line of assessment or review of the receiving bodies.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Propose additional/improved performance and needs assessment of receiving bodies, if needed, as it relates to identification of needs from NomCom appointees.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Propose how the NomCom can use the information from the receiving bodies (step 1) to assess the needs of these bodies to improve NomCom’s selection decisions during its annual selection cycle.</td>
<td>✗</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td>Date</td>
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<td>---</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Agree with the receiving bodies how assessment and improved selection will be incorporated into the annual selection process, if appropriate/necessary.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Incorporate this assessment into the relevant job descriptions developed annually by the NomCom.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q2-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Determine how to facilitate the receiving bodies performing the assessments.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ensure that interdependency with other, relevant recommendations is taken into account.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>Q3-2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Standing Committee analyze the performance assessment of the receiving bodies on an annual basis and make adjustments (if/when needed) for the subsequent NomCom.</td>
<td>×</td>
<td>TBD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

NomCom makes improved selection decisions, based, e.g., on a qualitative survey of the receiving bodies, by appropriately assessing the performance and needs of all bodies receiving NomCom appointees.
### Recommendation #26 - Leadership Development

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommendation Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ICANN should investigate advancing its nominations process into a Leadership Development function.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NomComRIWG reached out to NomCom support as part of implementation step 1 to ask the following questions:

- In your experience, could rejected candidates, who have no prior relationship with ICANN, be interested in such a program?
- What problems and what opportunities can you think of?

### Status of Recommendation #26 Implementation Steps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>(Estimated) Completion Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Reach out to ICANN org to discuss what would be involved in developing a leadership development function for unsuccessful NomCom applicants.</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>Q4-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Provide an overview of what kind of leadership development is currently in place, or how current outreach and volunteer development efforts could be adapted to harness unsuccessful NomCom candidates.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Discuss with current/former NomCom members and ICANN org how to identify unsuccessful applicants that would benefit from leadership development.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q1-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Provide ICANN org with suggestions on what a leadership development could look like, what its goals would be, and what criteria might be relevant for its success.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q3-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Investigate and to report back to NomComRIWG about the feasibility of such a leadership development function, which costs would be involved and what potential metrics for success could be applied.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Launch development function if deemed feasible and potential for harnessing new volunteer talent is sufficiently high.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>In addition, the NomComRIWG to ensure that the communication with unsuccessful candidates explains other volunteer opportunities within ICANN – such communication</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Q4-2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
should be codified within the NomCom operating procedures.

**Metrics to measure successful implementation** (as per [Detailed Implementation Plan](#))

ICANN org has investigated advancing its nominations process into a Leadership Development function and has reported back to the NomComRIWG about possible ways to put this into practice.
Table of Contents

Recommendation #27 - ICANN Unaffiliated Directors

| Recommendation Description | Provide clarity on desire for and definition of “independent directors unaffiliated directors”. Upon clarification of desire and definition, determine the number of specific seats for “independent unaffiliated directors”. |

The original recommendation used the term “independent”. To avoid confusion with other definitions, this recommendation was revised early in the Review to refer to “unaffiliated” to avoid confusion with alternative definitions of “independent”.

As a result of its discussions, the NomComRIWG is proposing to add the desire for the NomCom to appoint unaffiliated Board directors to the ICANN Bylaws. The term “Unaffiliate” will reside in the NomCom Operating Procedures, under supervision of the NomCom Standing Committee.

The proposed Bylaw change is the addition of a sentence to the ICANN Bylaws, Section 8.1:

“In addition to the skills and attributes listed for all ICANN Board directors in Article 7, the NomCom shall ensure the nomination of unaffiliated Board Members. “

The proposed redline changes intent is to add a statement for what the Nominating Committee strives for in terms of ICANN Board directors, encouraging the NomCom, to prioritize unaffiliated directors in their appointments. It also addresses the reappointment of non-affiliated directors: the rule being that if a potential candidate was originally an unaffiliated director, they would remain with that designation, even if they’re reapplying.

**Modifications to NomCom Operating Procedures**

The proposed Bylaw change will have matching language added to the NomCom Operating Procedures, as well as a formal process if the NomCom in a particular year finds itself unable to achieve the goal of appointing unaffiliated directors.

Currently, the NomCom Operating Procedures states that “Considerable care has been taken in developing the NomCom Operating Procedures (Procedures). In setting and publicizing its Procedures, the NomCom reserves the right to modify them in the course of its work in order to ensure efficiency and effectiveness in fulfilling its responsibilities.”

As part of the formation of the NomCom Standing Committee per recommendation 24, a formal change review process of the NomCom Operating Procedures has been defined to ensure there is transparency and accountability to any revisions to these NomCom Operating Procedures.

The NomCom Operating Procedures will be updated to include a definition of “unaffiliated director”.

December 22, 2020 NomCom2 Review – Status Report #2 Page 80 of 129
If, in the event that the NomCom decides to modify any of these Procedures, then the Standing Committee is empowered to review these proposed changes and determine if a public comment period is warranted before the proposed changes take effect.

**Proposed eligibility criteria for unaffiliated candidates applying to a NomCom Board position:**

Here are the proposed criteria for eligibility of candidates for “unaffiliated directors”:

A current contract or employment or any sort of compensation received from any body in the ICANN community that appoints to the ICANN Board disqualifies a candidate from being eligible for a NomCom-appointed ICANN Board position.

In addition, any actual or perceived conflict of interest that is likely to occur due to serving in any leadership role, decision-making capacity or receiving reimbursement from a part of the ICANN Community or ICANN org also disqualifies a candidate for a NomCom-appointed Board position.

If an applicant was previously disqualified from serving on the ICANN Board based on the above definition, there must be a minimum of a two-year gap before they would be considered eligible to serve on the ICANN Board.

If the candidate is not disqualified based on the above definition, they may be identified as an unaffiliated applicant for the ICANN Board.

Re-applying Board candidates are not considered ineligible due to their Board membership.

**Next Steps**

The NomComRIWG will submit to the OEC an introductory note for proposed Bylaw changes including the suggested Bylaws amendment for recommendation 24 and rationale. The Bylaws amendments suggested by the NomComRIWG will be submitted as a bundle.
## Status of Recommendation #27 Implementation Steps

| # | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Status[✓ | ✧ | ✗] | (Estimated) Completion Date |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|----------------------------|
| 1 | Define ‘ICANN unaffiliates’, based on the findings of the Final Report, and whether a different term should be used. Also determine if this requirement is just for some of the NomCom-appointed Board seats, or for all of them.                                                                                                    | ✓     |     | Q2-2020                    |
| 2 | Review Bylaws and NomCom Operating Procedures and identify potential changes for this recommendation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | ✓     |     | Q3-2020                    |
| 3 | Submit the Updated Bylaws to the OEC for review.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | ✧     |     | Q1-2021                    |
| 4.2 | NomComRIWG to engage with the ICANN community, ICANN Board, and ICANN org, to obtain feedback on the definition of ‘ICANN unaffiliates’, and the questions of whether being an ‘ICANN unaffiliates’ should be an additional requirement for just some of the NomCom-appointed Board seats, or for all of them, and, if so, how many. | ✧     |     | Q1-2021                    |
| 5.3 | NomComRIWG to develop a proposal for this recommendation regarding the need (or not) of NomCom-appointed Board directors who are ‘ICANN unaffiliates’.                                                                                                                                 | ✗     |     | Q1-2021                    |
| 6.4 | Review the proposal and ensure that it aligns with all relevant laws and IRS’s regulatory standards applicable to the selection of ICANN’s Board directors.                                                                                                                                                                       | ✗     |     | Q1-2021                    |
| 5  | ICANN Board directs the initiation of Bylaws change, Section 8.1. and oversees the process.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | ✗     |     | Q1-2021                    |
| 6  | Bylaws change process takes place.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ✗     |     | Q2-2021                    |
| 7  | If Bylaws are changed, Standing Committee with support from ICANN org, to review and update the NomCom Operating Procedures with definition and requirement.                                                                                                                                                                               | ✗     |     | Q3-2021                    |
| 5  | Subject to positive feedback from the Board that the definition aligns with all relevant legal requirements, NomComRIWG to propose how to incorporate its proposal into the NomCom’s selection process.                                                                                                                                               | ✗     |     | Q3-2021                    |
| 6 | Publish its proposal on NomCom-appointed Board directors who are ‘ICANN unaffiliates’ for public comment. |
| 7 | Based on feedback from the public comment, NomComRIWG to update its proposal for the definition of, need for, and number of NomCom-appointed Board directors who are ‘ICANN unaffiliates’ and, if deemed necessary, propose a Bylaws change, or changes to the NomCom operating procedures, or determine another way to codify the proposal. |
| 8 | If changes to the Bylaws are required, these will be directed by the ICANN Board. |
| 9 | If the Bylaws change is successful, the Standing Committee should ensure the NomCom produces appropriate documentation that shows how the new requirement is followed. |
| 10 | Based on the outcome of the implementation, determine if additional steps or safeguards need to be taken to ensure a desirable number of NomCom-appointed Board directors who are ‘ICANN unaffiliates’ serve on the Board at any given time. |

Red font reflects new steps and/or approach taken during the implementation, differing from the detailed implementation plan.
6. NomComRIWG Attendance Summary
7. Outreach & Responses

The NomComRIWG has reached out to various community groups and received feedback from nearly every ICANN body impacted by this Review.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Group</th>
<th>Input Received on</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NomCom Leadership</td>
<td>23 Jan 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NomCom Staff</td>
<td>03 Mar 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICANN Board</td>
<td>06 Feb 2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>PTI Board</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASO</td>
<td>29 Jan 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ccNSO Council</td>
<td>25 May 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GNSO Council</td>
<td>31 Jan 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBUC</td>
<td>05 May 2020, 02 Sept 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPC</td>
<td>27 July 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISPCPC</td>
<td>10 Feb 2020, 02 Sept 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NCUC</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>RrSG</td>
<td>03 Mar 2020, 03 Sept 2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>RySG</td>
<td>23 Jan 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALAC</td>
<td>05 Feb 2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>GAC</td>
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<td>RSSAC</td>
<td>22 Jan 2020</td>
</tr>
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<td>SSAC</td>
<td>30 Jan 2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>IETF</td>
<td>17 Dec 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rec. 1:
Formalize a job description for NomCom members that emphasizes experience, diversity, independence, and provide that description to the SOs/ACs.

- Please provide any document(s) you have that describes the roles and responsibilities for NomCom members, other than what is in the Bylaws requirements

NomCom LT:
The NomCom uses a detailed procedures document as well as a participation agreement that every member is expected to read.

NomCom Support:
We do not have a specific document that describes the roles and responsibilities for NomCom members, however, in addition to the Bylaws, we do point NomCom members, or those seeking to become NomCom members, to the following links:


- What specific content would you like to see in a ‘job description’ utilized by SOs/ACs for future NomCom members?

NomCom LT:
Relevant understanding of ICANN as well as ability to work in a collaborative environment.

NomCom Support:
In addition to the requirements set forth in the Bylaws, it might be beneficial to highlight in a “job description” that members of the NomCom must act only on behalf of the interests of the global Internet community and within the scope of the ICANN mission and responsibilities assigned to it by the ICANN Bylaws; they must not act on behalf of the ICANN group that appointed them to the NomCom. Further, it could be beneficial to set out the amount of time that they are required to devote in order to properly perform their duties.

- In your opinion, what experiences and other applicable criteria make a productive NomCom member?
NomCom Support:
Experience in serving on a Board of Directors or in a candidate selection process would be helpful. Further, an understanding of the ICANN Community, Board and organization, as well as an understanding of the multi-stakeholder model would be quite beneficial.

- Since the NomComRIWG may propose changes to the appointment process of NomCom members:
  
- What is your annual timetable to select NomCom members?

ASO:
The timetable for 2019:
Announcement of call for nominations for 2020 ICANN NomCom: 5 July 2019
Nomination period ends: 28 July 2019
Evaluation of nominations by the ASO AC: 28 July – 7 August 2019
Voting period by the ASO AC: 7 August – 14 August 2019
Announcement of selected delegate: 15 August 2019

ccNSO Council:
When ICANN Org sends a request, the ccNSO sends out a call for volunteers for a ccNSO appointed delegate to the NomCom and follows the procedures and timeline as included in the relevant ccNSO Guideline: https://ccnso.icann.org/sites/default/files/filefield_10978/appointment-nomcomdelegate-05nov08.pdf/
The most recent call for volunteers is published here: https://ccnso.icann.org/en/announcements/announcement-08jul9-en.html

CBUC:
We select our NomCom reps around the May/June timeline.

ISPCPC:
We're coordinating with the NomCom timetable requirements.

RrSG:
The RrSG has usually been able to meet the regular timeline for the NomCom appointment process, with nominations/elections typically occurring around June.

RySG:
Elections are generally held second quarter of each year and appointments confirmed in June.

ALAC:
The ALAC generally appoints the ALAC Voting Delegates to the NomCom, using an agreed-upon process that includes input from the Regional At-Large Organizations (RALOs) by no later than June. RALO members are invited to recommend a delegate for the ALAC to appoint as an ALAC Voting Delegate.

RSSAC:
June - Begin NomCom liaison election process
July - Continue NomCom liaison election process
August - Finish NomCom liaison election process

SSAC:
The SSAC Admin Committee issues a call for volunteers when the SSAC Chair receives an invitation from the NomCom Chair. The call for volunteers usually lasts 1-2 weeks. A subsequent SSAC election, if needed, takes another 1-2 weeks.

IETF:
Solicitation of nominations (4 weeks)
Call for community feedback on candidates (4 weeks)
Interviews by IAB: (2 weeks)
Announcement of selection by IAB: (After candidates notified)
The process is designed to allow the interviews to take place during the second IETF of the year, so the start varies slightly.

• Do you always adhere to your timetable? Why not?

ASO:
The timetable is set each year based on timing to fit the calendar. Additionally, it has been moved forward based on requests from the NomCom to provide our appointed member earlier.

ccNSO Council:
Yes, unless urgent and exceptional circumstances prevent us from doing so.

CBUC:
Yes.

ISPCPC:
Mostly.

RrSG:
To the extent possible, this process happens in parallel with other elections (GNSO Council, ExCom positions, etc.).

ALAC:
December 22, 2020
At time delays occur due to either a voting issue within the RALOs, or the need for the ALAC to review, and at times, replace, the RALO suggested Delegate.

**RSSAC:**
Yes.

**SSAC:**
Yes.

**IETF:**
We have been late on occasion, if the interviews were difficult to schedule, though not generally by more than week.

- **Would you be able to select a candidate earlier in the year, if not what are the obstacles?**

**ASO:**
The request can be considered, If appropriate notice and rationale is given by the NomCom. The final date requested by the NomCom should be available in the prior year to allow for calendaring.

**ccNSO Council:**
Yes, assuming there is sufficient advance notice, allowing for the ccNSO internal procedures to be adhered to.

**CBUC:**
Yes, if it is so constrained.

**ISPCPC:**
The candidates’ pool for NomCom, ISPCP officers and GNSO council members elections is to be coordinated in a certain way.

**RrSG:**
With appropriate notice, the RrSG can be flexible on the scheduling of selection.

**RySG:**
It is unlikely that we would want to hold elections any earlier than we already do for appointments that effectively take their seats at the ICANN AGM.

**ALAC:**
If needed, the ALAC could start the election process earlier to aim to complete the appointment in May.
RSSAC:
Yes.

SSAC:
Yes. SSAC can appoint candidates at any time of the year. The process and the time the process takes is described above. It would be very helpful to know at the start of such candidate selection time if the expected appointment would be for one or two years.

IETF:
We could shift the selection easily so that the interviews took place during the first IETF of a year (generally March). Shifting it to so there was no overlap with an IETF is also possible, but it would likely mean all candidates got a remote interview.

- **What document do you have that describes the roles and responsibilities for NomCom members?**

ASO:
The roles and responsibilities are set out as part of the call for nominations. No additional formal documents are utilized. [https://aso.icann.org/nomination-call-for-aso-representative-to-2020-icann-nominating-committee/](https://aso.icann.org/nomination-call-for-aso-representative-to-2020-icann-nominating-committee/).

ccNSO Council:
When sending out calls for volunteers, the ccNSO refers to the roles and responsibilities for ccNSO appointed members to ICANN’s Nominating Committee as specified in the NomCom Operating Procedures. Latest version: [https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/nomcom2020-operating-procedures-2020-02-05-en/](https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/nomcom2020-operating-procedures-2020-02-05-en/)

CBUC:
BC Charter.

ISPCPC:
We're just updating the ISPCP constituency charter where some description shall be included - in accordance with the bylaws.

RrSG:

RySG:
None.
ALAC:
The ALAC has two types of documents:

1. NomCom Description for ALAC - 2020

ICANN At-Large Advisory Committee
The At-Large Advisory Committee (ALAC) is the ICANN body responsible for representing the voice of the end user in policy and operational discussions. For more information on the work of the ALAC, see https://atlarge.icann.org/alac.

To fill vacancies on the ALAC, the NomCom is seeking accomplished persons of integrity, objectivity and intelligence who have:

- a commitment to ICANN's mission and an understanding of the potential impact of ICANN decisions on the global Internet community
- an understanding of the DNS and the impact of ICANN policy on end-users
- demonstrated capacity for thoughtful group decision-making and sound judgment
- an interest in bottom-up consensus policy building in a real-life environment
- an ability to chair or otherwise provide leadership and support for a multi-stakeholder group working to reach consensus
- the following knowledge, qualities and experiences are specifically sought:
  - A strong advocate for the needs and interest of end-users not only those of the region they will represent, but globally
  - Experience and skills that bear on gathering, understanding, and communicating the interests of individual users and in group decision-making.
  - Consumer protection and or consumer advocacy experience particularly in communications/telecommunication sector
  - Specific experience and/or expertise in internet-related policy development.
  - An interest in and knowledge of internet governance issues.
  - Leadership experience in local or regional internet-related or DNS policy experience in gTLD or ccTLD activities including issues relating to Internationalized Domain Names.
  - Ability to work as a team leader bringing perspectives not otherwise reflected in the existing ALAC membership and is intended to diversify the skill and experience sets of the ALAC.
  - Strong local networks that will positively enhance the current ALAC and Regionally focused strategic and project planning as they relate to the wider ICANN Strategic plan and ALAC Improvement Implementation.
  - Ability and interest to work in a multi-cultural environment.
- a willingness to serve as a volunteer, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses
- an ability to work and communicate effectively in English (although there is no requirement that English be the candidate's first language)
In filling these positions, the NomCom will be seeking to identify ALAC members who reflect the global diversity of the Internet community and the wide range of technical, commercial and civil society activities that are impacted by the DNS.

**Time Commitment and Working Practice**

The successful candidates will be appointed to ALAC following the 2020 ICANN Annual Meeting, through the end of the 2021 ICANN Annual Meeting.

The basic responsibilities of an ALAC member involve a minimum of 25-30 hours per month on Committee related activities. This includes participating in online (email) discussions, commenting on/contributing to documents/proposed actions (drafted in English), participating in monthly ALAC telephone conferences (in English), held on the 4th Tuesday of the month, participating in ICANN Working Groups outside of the ALAC and meeting with/making presentations to local and regional organizations.

ALAC members chairing or participating in working groups, taking on an ALAC Leadership Team position or serving as liaisons to other Advisory Committees or to Supporting Organizations, can expect to spend more than these basic hours per month. ALAC members are expected to make a commitment to attend all Committee meetings and to participate actively in policy-related issues and other working groups.

The ALAC operates in a transparent manner and publishes participation statistics on its website. Committee members also will be expected to attend three face-to-face meetings each year held during the ICANN Public Meetings, which generally run about seven days with potentially extensive responsibilities on most days for ALAC members. There may occasionally be additional face-to-face interim meetings or regional meetings.

**Position:** At Large Advisory Committee (ALAC)
**Number of Seats:** Two
One (Europe)
One (North America)
**Start of Term:** After conclusion of Annual Meeting 2020
**End of Term:** Conclusion of Annual Meeting 2022

For a definition of ICANN's geographic regions see https://meetings.icann.org/en/regions. The At-Large Community provides a mechanism for individual user participation in ICANN and ensures that the interests and needs of Internet users are duly considered in ICANN discussions and decisions. Individual users may be consumers, registrants, non-for-profit or profit or business users but the key term is that they are 'individuals'. Users typically participate through user organizations called At-Large Structures (ALS), or as individual members, all of which are grouped into Regional At Large Organizations (RALOs). The ALAC is the entity that oversees all of this and is the formal voice of the At-Large Community within ICANN. ALAC members, like members of other ICANN Advisory Committees, receive no compensation for their services as
Committee members. The Board may, however, authorize the reimbursement of the actual and necessary expenses incurred by Advisory Committee members performing their duties as Advisory Committee members. (Bylaws Article 12, Section 12.6.)

The NomCom will use the Criteria for Selection of ICANN Directors (see above) in choosing selectees for ALAC. ALAC members are expected to support the ICANN mission and the implementation of the ICANN Core Values. The NomCom will also take into account the following eligibility factors and additional considerations.

ALAC Eligibility Factors

No person who serves on the NomCom in any capacity is eligible for selection by any means to any position on the ALAC (the Board or any other ICANN body having one or more membership positions that the NomCom is responsible for filling) until the conclusion of an ICANN annual meeting that coincides with, or is after, the conclusion of that person's service on the NomCom. (Bylaws, Article 8, Section 8.8, see https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/governance/bylaws-en/#article8)

The five members of the ALAC selected by the NomCom shall include one citizen of a country within each of the five Geographic Regions (Africa; Asia/Australia/Pacific Islands; Europe; Latin America/Caribbean Islands; and North America) established according to Bylaws Article 7, Section 7.5. Only citizens Africa; Asia/Australia/Pacific Islands; and Latin America/Caribbean Islands regions as defined in ICANN's definition of geographic regions https://meetings.icann.org/en/regions are eligible for ALAC vacancies in 2017.

Additional Considerations
For the ALAC positions, experience and skills that bear on gathering, understanding, and communicating the interests of individual users would be advantageous. Perspectives not otherwise reflected in the existing ALAC membership would be advantageous, as well as basic knowledge of the DNS. The NomCom's selections for ALAC are intended to diversify the skill and experience sets of the ALAC.

Current composition of the ALAC is available at https://atlarge.icann.org/alac. The Bylaws do not state a limit on the number of terms ALAC members may serve.

Time Commitment

The basic responsibilities of an ALAC member demand a time commitment of approximately 25-30 hours per month on Committee related activities, although some ALAC members report spending more time than that. This includes participating in online (email) discussions, commenting on/contributing to documents/proposed actions (drafted in English), participating in monthly ALAC telephone conferences (in English), held on the 4th Tuesday of the month, participating in ICANN Working Groups outside of the ALAC and meeting with/making presentations to, local and regional organizations.
ALAC members serving as liaisons to other Supporting Organizations, ALAC Members who comprise the ALAC Leadership team (1 per region) or ALAC members who take on specific working group responsibilities can expect to spend more than these basic hours per month. In person attendance at three ICANN meetings per year is not included in this monthly time estimate. ICANN has traditionally reimbursed expenses incurred by ALAC members for attending ICANN meetings.

************************************************************************************

2. **Noted on the At-Large Appointment, Election and Selection Workspace:**

The following criteria are provided to all members of At-Large who may be interested in applying for a NomCom position or who will play a role in the appointment of the ALAC Delegates to the NomCom.

**IMPORTANT: Criteria for NomCom Delegates**

The NomCom is responsible for selecting members of the ICANN Board, ALAC, ccNSO and GNSO. This is a very important function and all candidates should meet important criteria.

- Familiarity with the ICANN groups to which the NomCom appoints (Board, ALAC, GNSO, ccNSO).
- Ability to judge people (such as when interviewing and hiring).
- Comfortable and preferably fluent with English (listening, reading, speaking).
- Good on-line skills such as on Google & Social media
- Time Commitment - Must be willing to devote substantial time under tight deadlines (March-June). Will involve travel to up to 4 meetings.
- Ability work in a group environment, standing up for what you believe in a discussion with other "strong" people, but at the same time, must be a good listener and be willing to change your mind if someone else has a good argument. Diplomacy is important.

**RSSAC:**


**SSAC:**

**IETF:**

https://www.iab.org/activities/iab-appointments-and-confirmations/ lists the bylaws as the core reference. The IAB also produces a summary during the call for volunteers; the most recent is here: [https://www.iab.org/2019/06/10/call-for-volunteers-or-nominations-for-the-ietf-delegate-to-the-icann-2020-nominating-committee/](https://www.iab.org/2019/06/10/call-for-volunteers-or-nominations-for-the-ietf-delegate-to-the-icann-2020-nominating-committee/).
What specific content would you like to see in a ‘job description’ for future NomCom members?

ccNSO Council:
The ccNSO appointed Liaison to the NomCom is required to be associated with a ccTLD manager. In general, the ccNSO appointed NomCom member should have:

1. An understanding of the purpose of the Nominating Committee.
2. Analytical skills, ability to interpret quantitative and qualitative evidence, and capacity to draw conclusions purely based on evidence.
3. The ability to work and communicate in written and spoken English.
4. Effective communication skills.
5. Experience in managing and/or participating in committees (e.g. meeting coordination, reporting, and escalation) in order to contribute meaningfully to the work of the NomCom.
6. Demonstrated ability in relationship management to support constructive discussion, consensus driven decision making, and productive negotiation.
7. Time availability to dedicate to the appointment.

CBUC:
A minimum of 1 year experience in any of the ICANN SO/ACs.

ISPCPC:
Expected type of active participation in course of the various phases

RrSG:
Details on the desired skill set and experience of NomCom members, along with the required time commitment - with as much information as possible on the typical ‘rhythm’ of the year - would be helpful. The independent role of NomCom members should also be flagged (vis-a-vis their stakeholder groups).

RySG:
- Description of anticipated duties, including desired (nice-to-have) skill sets and expertise (e.g. experience in hiring, particularly for Board or executive-level positions). This could include examples of past NomCom subcommittee so applicants could understand what sorts of work will be required and what specific skills they will bring to the team.
- Description of time commitment expected, particularly as relates to windows or bursts of NomCom activity.

ALAC:
See above

SSAC:
The SSAC does not have any specific content to suggest for the job description for future NomCom members.

**IETF:**
Discussions of the working methods of the NomCom would be valuable, especially if these are being changes.

- **Which information, if any, on desired diversity would you incorporate into the job description?**

**ASO:**
If the NomCom has additional requirements, it should be shared as early as possible. The guidance provided should be non-binding to our selection process.

**ccNSO Council:**
As the ccNSO currently appoints only 1 person to the NomCom, the first priority is the skillset, and diversity comes secondary. We observe that there is no balance at the moment in the current NomCom membership. We will revisit the diversity requirements, as soon as the overall NomCom composition is more balanced.

**CBUC:**
No responses yet for this question.

**ISPCPC:**
Regional and gender diversity. But this cannot be managed on constituency level since only one position is to be filled.

**RrSG:**
Diversity - in all its forms - should be incorporated into the job description as a clear goal.

**RySG:**
Since diversity is a recommendation, we suggest guidance to SO/ACs on the sorts of diversity that benefit NomCom, but we do not recommend the RIWG implement any form of requirement or quotas, as we have to choose only from the pool of competent, willing, and available members (and we should not sacrifice competence for diversity).

**ALAC:**
The ALAC has global diversity given it appoints five (5) Voting Delegates to the NomCom from each of ICANN's five regions.

**RSSAC:**
The primary requirements for a nominating committee member should be for competence in their role. Diversity issues (selecting for religion or lack thereof, race, gender, national origin, and geographic location) are secondary - not without value, but a secondary consideration. Selection primarily on a “diversity” basis is a violation of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as subsequently amended.

SSAC:
None. The SSAC considers that the primary consideration is for NomCom members to have the requisite skills to undertake the role. While diversity is certainly desirable, given that each member of the NomCom is appointed by different entities within the ICANN Community, it is impractical to specify diversity characteristics as requirements.

IETF:
If the NomCom moves to a two-year term, as outlined below, then the ongoing membership should be available to volunteers and the nominating bodies. That will help focus on the diversity aspects (which is difficult for the IAB to do now, since the pool of new members is not as visible).

Rec. 2:
Implement and formalize training to further NomCom members’ understanding of the roles and responsibilities of Board directors and the practices of high-performing Boards at other nonprofit organizations.

- Do you believe the NomCom training course to teach an understanding of the skills and attributes required to become a successful Board member at ICANN can be done online or need to be done in person?

NomCom LT:
I believe that either is possible, but in-person is better.

NomCom Support:
If the appropriate training course is implemented, either face to face or via online, training should be equally effective as long it meets the requirements set forth in the current NomCom Operating Procedures (which change from year to year).

- What content should be included in such a course?

NomCom LT:
An overview of the work of the board, possibly taken from ICANN's Board onboarding process.

**NomCom Support:**
The core of the training should be around understanding ICANN org and Board, how they work together, and how they work with the ICANN Supporting Organizations, Advisory Committees and constituencies. Emphasis should be placed on the role of the NomCom and the importance that their choice of candidates must be made in the interests of the larger Internet community and not chosen to act as representatives of, or to lobby or advance the interests of, any particular Supporting Organization, Advisory Committee or constituency.

**Rec. 3:**
Implement and formalize training for NomCom leadership to further their understanding of their roles, authority, and responsibilities, and confirm or appoint the next Chair earlier in the cycle.

- The NomComRIWG is discussing whether it might be useful to have the incoming NomCom Chair selected earlier than is currently the case, not least so that the leadership can undergo appropriate training. What factors determine the current selection cycle and is an earlier selection feasible?

**ICANN Board:**
The process for selecting the NomCom Chair and Chair-Elect starts with a call for expressions of interest (EOI), which is typically posted in May each year, calling for a response in June. If a sufficient number of EOIs are received, then the call for EOIs will be closed. However, often the Board Governance Committee (BGC) extends the time for EOIs and uses the time during the June policy forum to encourage more EOIs to be submitted. Once the time for submitting EOIs is closed, the BGC then holds telephonic interviews with the candidates. Following conclusion of the interview process, the BGC discusses and confers, and makes a recommendation to the Board for both the NomCom Chair and Chair-Elect; the Board generally acts on the recommendation during its September workshop. Further, since typically the Chair-Elect is a candidate for the Chair position, the BGC’s consideration is also informed by the NomCom members’ evaluation by the NomCom leadership team members, which includes the Chair-Elect, and which does not take place until after the NomCom completes its selection process, which also happens at the same time as the June policy forum.

The BGC will certainly look at its schedule and see if it makes sense to move its process to earlier in the year, recognizing that it may not have the NomCom members’ evaluations to inform its recommendation. That said, one consideration that the Board would like to point out is that either way, the NomCom is appointed from just after the end of one Annual General Meeting to the end...
of the next. Accordingly, while training is definitely something that the new leadership could take advantage of before formally taking up their positions, no formal conduct of the committee can begin until after the Annual General Meeting. Further, the Board would also suggest that any needed training could take place in conjunction with the Annual Meeting.

- **Do you believe the training course for the NomCom leadership, to teach them about their roles, authority, and responsibility can be done online or need to be done in person?**

**NomCom LT:**
I believe that either is possible, but in-person is better.

**NomCom Support:**
If the appropriate training course is implemented, either face to face or via online, training should be equally effective as long it meets the requirements set forth in the current NomCom Operating Procedures (which change from year to year). Online training could provide the NomCom members more than one opportunity to complete a training course.

- **What content should be included in such a course?**

**NomCom LT:**
A description of the NomCom process, the particular risks of self- or group-interested voting without regard to the overall objective.

**NomCom Support:**
The core of the training should be around understanding ICANN org and Board, how they work together, and how they work with the ICANN Supporting Organizations Advisory Committees and constituencies. Emphasis should be placed on the role of NomCom and the importance that the choice of candidates that are made by them must be made in the interests of the larger Internet community and not chosen to act as representatives of, or lobby or advance the interest of, any particular Supporting Organization, Advisory Committee or constituency. In addition, NomCom leadership might also benefit from training on how to run a meeting with diverse participants, both telephonically and in person, as well as on how to build consensus without imposing their views on the voting members of the NomCom.

Other:
1. **Learning objectives:**
   a. Use behavioral competencies to define successful candidates.
   b. Evaluate essential performance areas not found on a resume.
   c. Identify and verify the candidate’s competencies quickly and easily.
d. Determine the candidate’s fit with ICANN’s values and culture.

e. Validate responses by drilling down with follow-up questions.

f. Define interview team roles to minimize redundancy in interviews.

g. Increase assessment effectiveness with diverse candidates.

h. Take effective notes during an interview.

i. Probe limitations and address concerns about a candidate.

j. Evaluate candidates accurately.

2. Benefits to be achieved:

a. Improved decisions when selecting a candidate.

b. Improved ability to apply useful interviewing techniques?

- When do you feel is the ideal timing for the Chair appointment?

**NomCom LT:**
Not sure, but having sufficient time for preparation is key.

**Rec. 4:**
Formalize training for NomCom members in the candidate evaluation process.

- Do you believe the training course for the NomCom leadership, to teach them about their roles authority and responsibility can be done online or need to be done in person?

**NomCom LT:**
I believe that either is possible, but in-person is better.

**NomCom Support:**
A training course, either face to face or via online, and can be equally effective, as long it meets the requirements set for the in the current NomCom Operating Procedures (which change from year to year). Online training could provide the NomCom members more than one opportunity to complete a training course.

- What content should be included in such a course?

**NomCom LT:**
See above, this is a repeat question, but the same information is also relevant to the MEMBERS of the NomCom as opposed to the LEADERSHIP of the NomCom.

**NomCom Support:**
The core of the training should be around understanding ICANN org and Board, how they work together, and how they work with the ICANN Supporting Organizations Advisory Committees and constituencies.

Other:

1. **Learning objectives:**
   a. Use behavioral competencies to define successful candidates.
   b. Evaluate essential performance areas not found on a resume.
   c. Identify and verify the candidate’s competencies quickly and easily.
   d. Determine the candidate’s fit with ICANN’s values and culture.
   e. Validate responses by drilling down with follow-up questions.
   f. Define interview team roles to minimize redundancy in interviews.
   g. Increase assessment effectiveness with diverse candidates.
   h. Take effective notes during an interview.
   i. Probe limitations and address concerns about a candidate.
   j. Evaluate candidates accurately.

   - In addition, we would be keen to hear from you about your experience of the training courses you have received at ICANN64 (Kobe) and how this can be used to designing additional training, compatible with recommendations 2, 3, and 4.

**NomCom LT:**
The course was not helpful, very generic hiring stuff not related to ICANN.

- **What would be the content requirements, and logistical dependencies for the training course?**

**NomCom Support:**
For content see immediately above response. With respect to logistical dependencies, the type of training will determine what logistical dependencies exist. Example, will training content be available digitally, will virtual training be possible for all parties in various geographical locations, etc.

**Rec. 2,3,4:**
• If such a course would be in person, what are the logistical dependencies? Assuming that all trainings could be done in 20-25 hours, what would be a feasible time (ICANN AGM?) for such in-person training?

NomCom Support:
As to the first part of this question, the type of training will determine what logistical dependencies exist. The questions that might be relevant include whether there is enough time during an ICANN Public meeting to hold in person training for everyone on the NomCom, and whether appropriate resources are available, such as meeting rooms, technical support, etc.

Rec. 5:
A professional recruiting consultant should continue to be involved in the role of identifying potential Board candidates. The role of the recruiting consultant should be clarified and published.

• Please provide any document you have that describes the role of the recruiting consultant(s)

NomCom LT:
Defer to Staff.

• In your view, should this remit be modified or extended?

NomCom LT:
Not sure.

• How does the NomCom communicate to the recruiting consultant their role?

NomCom Support:
The recruiting consultant currently is informed of their role during the contracting process, which includes a statement of work, a list of deliverables for which the consultant will be responsible, and required deadlines for each deliverable. (This could change year over year depending on the published NomCom Operating Procedures.)
- Please provide the role of the recruiting consultant and, if applicable, how this may have changed for the past three NomCom cycles

NomCom Support:
Current NomCom support staff is not in a position to answer this question.

- In your view, how should this role be modified or improved?

NomCom Support:
Modifications to the role of the consultant should be reviewed year over year and designed to fit the current published NomCom Operating Procedures of the NomCom evaluation process.

Rec. 6:
A professional evaluation consultant should continue to be involved in the evaluation process for Board candidates. The role of the evaluation consultant should be clarified and published.

- What were the responsibilities of the evaluation consultant when used by the former NomComs and what did and did not work in your opinion?

NomCom Support:
The Nominating Committee currently does not have the professional evaluation consultant. In previous years, a professional evaluation consultant was used to further assess the shortlisted candidates. The evaluation consultant was responsible for performing a telephonic interview of the shortlisted candidates and sharing their input with the Nominating Committee via a scorecard. In addition, the evaluation consultant attended the face-to-face interviews and provided additional feedback to the Nominating Committee.

Regarding, what did and did not work for the evaluation consultant, this is a question better suited for the NomCom leadership.

- What needs to change before evaluation consultants are used again by the NomCom?

NomCom Support:
This is a question better suited for the NomCom leadership.
Rec. 7: NomCom members, except for leadership positions, should serve two-year terms, and be limited to a maximum of two terms.

- What concerns do you have, if any, if the NomComRIWG proposes that the SO/AC Name NomCom member is one of the seats appointed for one year in the first cycle and then switched to two-year appointments after that?

**ASO:**
One-year term is based on the ICANN Bylaws (Section 8.3). It gives the ASO AC the opportunity to review the performance of the appointee and follows our current work plan and overall structure. A change to the number of years would require additional discussion.

**ccNSO Council:**
The ccNSO Council does not have any concerns, if the NomComRIWG proposes that the ccNSO NomCom member is one of the seats appointed for one year in the first cycle and then switched to two-year appointments after that.

**ISPCPC:**
A two-year term is necessary for continuity reasons and to overcome issues re the learning curve. In case our seat would be appointed for 1 year in the first cycle I would request - as an exception - for the possibility of a 1 + 2-year term for the first appointee. This one should be given the chance to be reappointed by the ISPCP constituency after one year for another two years.

**RrSG:**
It is essential that some sense of balance - including experience which comes with a second term - is maintained in terms of elected seats on the NomCom (i.e., representation from the contracted / non-contracted sides of the GNSO, diversity for SO/ACs, etc). Information on any change in term should be provided well in advance, but other than that, no specific thoughts on this aspect.

**RySG:**
None.

**RSSAC:**
We do not have any concerns.

**SSAC:**
The SSAC does not have any concerns about its NomCom member only being appointed for one year initially, but does have some concerns about whether SSAC Members will be willing to undertake a two-year commitment, given that the workload essentially precludes their ability to participate in the majority of SSAC activities at ICANN Meetings. To state this differently, with two-year-terms the risk that appointed members may wish to be replaced before the term ends will increase, and will result in the need to fill such voids.

The SSAC notes that the NomCom Implementation Plan dated 15 September 2019 provides the NomCom RIWG with some flexibility regarding the implementation of Recommendation 7. In particular, that plan states at page 19 in its "Task List, Sequencing: Proposed detailed implementation steps":

"2. NomComRIWG to work with ICANN org to draft changes to Bylaws language

a. NomComRIWG to decide whether term limits are ‘consecutive’ vs ‘life-time’ limits.
b. If term limits refer to consecutive terms, determine the minimum gap between terms
c. How to deal with NomCom members who have been appointed by different SO/ACs.
d. NomComRIWG to assess whether past NomCom terms are counted towards the life-time limit in (a).
e. Decide criteria determining how partial terms served impact the term restrictions."

The SSAC is not aware of any decisions that have been made with regard to issues a. to e. above, and without a detailed proposal from the NomComRIWG on these issues, we are unable to respond to the question that has been posed by the NomComRIWG because SSAC’s ability to supply qualified NomCom representatives depends on the answers to a. through e.. Indeed, the SSAC suggests with regard to e. above that it may be more useful to consider a slightly expanded version as follows:

e. Decide criteria determining how partial terms previously served and one-year terms served (past or upcoming, voting or non-voting) are evaluated against the term restrictions.

To pose a question as an example:

If the term limits will be defined as “4 full years served on a NomCom” (along with any other restrictions), SSAC needs sufficient information to understand the eligibility of candidates with past NomCom service.

Just for illustration, say Alice has served previously on the NomCom for two one-year terms, one year as the IETF representative (voting), one year as the SSAC representative (non-voting) and the decision has been made that “there is a two term life-time limit including past service”, without further definition of what a “term” is (and whether the limits apply to non-voting SSAC as well as voting IAB terms).

Would Alice be eligible to serve:
1) not at all, because they already have served “two terms” under the old definition of “term” (though those original terms would be only two years total)
2) a one year (initial) partial term but not a subsequent (consecutive) two year full term (because the prior service of two years would be treated as equivalent to a single full term, and the one year partial term would be treated as her second term)
3) a one year (initial) partial term and a subsequent (consecutive) two year full term (but she would have to resign at the end of the first year of the two year term?)
4) a one year (initial) partial term and a subsequent (consecutive) two year full term (because the non-voting SSAC partial term does not count toward the term limit, or for the reason noted in (e) below)
5) a two year full term but not a (consecutive) subsequent two year term (because the two previous partial terms count as a full term)
6) a two year full term and also a subsequent (consecutive) two year term. (because the new term limit rules include a “clean slate” provision that omits any service under the old rules from the calculation)
7) something else?

[Note: option c. shouldn’t be in the list, as it is formally invalid. It would break the mechanism for establishing staggered appointments. However it is included to demonstrate the complexity and pitfalls of defining terms and term limits.]

By including the above example, the SSAC is not attempting to suggest a particular solution or try to identify every possible scenario that may occur, but simply to point out the importance of specifying very precisely the meaning of “term” and “term limit”, as applied to NomCom service, both past or future, voting or non-voting, consecutive or lifetime. It may be that the most sensible way to define “term limit” is in calendar years of service. No doubt the NomComRIWG are already well aware of such complications.

If NomComRIWG have already produced such a detailed proposal regarding terms and term limits, then we would welcome that information so that we may answer the question regarding concerns about the first cycle.

IETF:
Our general practice is to limit the number of consecutive terms an individual can serve in this role before taking a break. If the IETF NomCom member for this year is switched to a two-year appointment, then the amount of time served will still be two consecutive years. If it is made later, we might have a longer than normal set of consecutive years of service; an exception could be made for this, if desired. We would, of course, have to confirm with the appointee that they are available for the second year.

Rec. 9:
All NomCom members should be fully participating and voting members, except for NomCom leadership.
• Aside from the ICANN Bylaws changes, does your organization need to amend its charter or applicable operating document to ensure that all NomCom members will be fully participating and voting.

**RSSAC:**
Specifically, RSSAC000 identifies that the individual is a "liaison" - A person who establishes and maintains communication for mutual understanding and cooperation, not a participant in the decision. We would need to adjust that language to include a potentially voting member. We would also need to adjust terms and term limits.

**SSAC:**
Yes, the SSAC will need to update its Operational Procedures to indicate the SSAC representative on the ICANN Nominating Committee is a voting NomCom member and will no longer be called the SSAC Liaison to the NomCom.

**Rec. 8, 9, 10:**

• **Is the GAC planning to continue to not make appointments to the NomCom?**

**GAC:**
GAC Members continue to explore the potential for future GAC appointments to the Nominating Committee and treat each year as a new opportunity to consider making an appointment. The GAC has formed a special working group to help facilitate GAC consideration of NomCom participation and each year GAC Members explore the opportunity to explore the potential for a GAC appointment to the NomCom. The lack of an GAC appointment in any given year should not create an assumption that no future appointments will be made.

• **The GAC has indicated they are not planning to make any appointment to the NomCom but would like to keep that seat open. Please explain why the GAC is reluctant to fill that seat.**

**GAC:**
In recent years the GAC has not achieved a consensus about the appointment of a NomCom representative, but the resulting vacancies during several NomComs should not be interpreted to mean that the GAC will never make an appointment in the future. As explained by some GAC members in the past, certain NomCom processes and procedural considerations (e.g., the requirement for confidentiality) have been noted as creating problems of accountability and transparency for the GAC. This has caused some GAC members to not support making a GAC
appointment to the NomCom. The flexibility to make or not make an appointment to the NomCom in any given year should not be changed due to the anticipation of future action or inaction due to the GAC’s internal consensus process. As an alternative to making appointments to the NomCom, the past two years the GAC has provided the NomCom with guidance as to the skills and capabilities that the NomCom should consider in making appointments to the Board. That practice has provided GAC members with a capability to contribute to the NomCom, during those years when an appointment is not made.

- If the GAC is not planning to make appointments to the NomCom for the foreseeable future, should the GAC seat on the NomCom be preserved or can it be 'reallocated' during the re-balancing process? Please, provide a rationale for your answers.

**GAC:**
The GAC NomCom seat should be preserved. The flexibility for the GAC to make or not make an appointment to the NomCom in any given year should not be changed due to the anticipation of future action or inaction by the GAC. The lack of a GAC appointee in any given year should not affect the balance of the NomCom membership or prompt any further need to consider re-balancing as it relates to potential government participation in the NomCom. Given the current large number of community appointees on the NomCom, the lack of a GAC appointment in any given year should also not be viewed as impacting the balance for any community other than governments. If it would facilitate annual NomCom planning, perhaps the annual NomCom appointment timetable could be revised to get an early indication of whether the GAC intends to make an appointment in any given year.
Rec. 10:  
Letter to the GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups on Proposed Bylaws change on NomCom composition

Dear Heather, Wolf-Ulrich, Jennifer, Dean, Barbara, Claudia, Stephanie, Bruna, Joan, Graeme, and Donna,

Re: Proposed Bylaws change on NomCom composition; response requested by 30 July 2020.

As you may recall, the ICANN Board accepted the Independent Examiner’s NomCom Review Final Report [link [icann.org]] and the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group’s (NomComRIWG) Detailed Implementation Plan [link [icann.org]] in November 2019. The Board directed the NomComRIWG to commence implementation of the twenty-seven (27) recommendations. As the Chair and Vice Chairs of the NomCom Review Implementation Working Group (NomComRIWG), we are contacting you in relation to implementation of Recommendation 10, which states that: “[r]epresentation on the NomCom should be re-balanced immediately and then be reviewed every five years.”

This recommendation was based on the Independent Examiner’s finding that the NomCom “may not accurately represent constituencies (both across SOs/ACs and within SOs/ACs). It entails “periodically reviewing and re-balancing the NomCom makeup [to ensure] that it appropriately reflects the ICANN community, both from a historic and prospective vantage point”. Five-year intervals for such reviews were set by the Independent Examiner “based on ICANN’s typical review requirements for organizations, as well as the Independent Examiner experience with other similar, volunteer-based organizations.”

Please note that Recommendation 10 needs to be viewed in the context of Recommendation 8, which is to “Maintain the current size of NomCom”, in view of the Independent Examiner’s finding that the NomCom’s current membership size is appropriate.

In our discussion and analysis of these two recommendations, the NomComRIWG has agreed on a number of points:

- Considering Recommendation 10 (see above), we are of the view that the current allocation of nineteen (19) NomCom seats across the various SO/ACs should remain unchanged.

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The GNSO has evolved over time. In addition, Bylaws describing GNSO’s current allocation do not allow for growth and flexibility.

The NomComRIWG believes that, in relation to rebalancing the GNSO’s allocation of 7 seats, it should be the GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups that decide how these seats are distributed.

NomComRIWG would like to recommend to the Board that the ICANN Bylaws be revised to eliminate language referring to specific seats for stakeholder groups. With such a Bylaws change, the GNSO could then rebalance itself periodically without requiring Bylaw changes.

The GNSO should then undertake a rebalancing exercise for its 7 NomCom seats. Possible outcomes, among others, include maintaining the status quo or rotating the 7 seats among its constituencies and stakeholder groups.

The NomComRIWG would like to hear from the GNSO’s constituencies and stakeholder groups whether they support such a Bylaws change. We have attached a proposed redline draft. If you are not supportive, the NomComRIWG welcomes your explanation and suggestion on an alternative.

To be clear, we are not asking for the GNSO to undertake the actual rebalancing exercise until the Bylaws changes are approved.

As the NomComRIWG is working on overseeing the implementation of several recommendations that require amendments to the Bylaws, we would like to bundle all these into a single Bylaw amendment process. Therefore, we would value your input on the proposed Bylaw changes by 30 July 2020.

If you have any questions or concerns, we will be very pleased to schedule a call to discuss Recommendation 10 or any other recommendation.

Many thanks and best regards,

Tom Barrett (Chair), Cheryl Langdon-Orr (Vice-Chair), Zahid Jamil-IG (Vice-Chair)

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SUGGESTED BYLAWS UPDATE

Section 8.2. COMPOSITION
The Nominating Committee shall be composed of the following persons:
(a) A non-voting Chair, appointed by the Board;
(b) A non-voting Chair-Elect, appointed by the Board as a non-voting advisor;
(c) A non-voting liaison appointed by the Root Server System Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(c);
(d) A non-voting liaison appointed by the Security and Stability Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(b);
(e) A non-voting liaison appointed by the Governmental Advisory Committee;
(f) Five voting delegates selected by the At-Large Advisory Committee established by Section 12.2(d);
(g) Seven voting delegates to the Nominating Committee shall be selected from by the Generic Names Supporting Organization established by Article 11, as follows:
   (i) One delegate from the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
   (ii) One delegate from the Registrars Stakeholder Group;
   (iii) Two delegates from the Business Constituency, one representing small business users and one representing large business users;
   (iv) One delegate from the Internet Service Providers and Connectivity Providers Constituency (as defined in Section 11.5(a)(iii));
   (v) One delegate from the Intellectual Property Constituency; and
   (vi) One delegate from consumer and civil society groups, selected by the Non-Commercial Users Constituency.
(h) One voting delegate each selected by the following entities:
   (i) The Council of the Country Code Names Supporting Organization established by Section 10.3;
   (ii) The Council of the Address Supporting Organization established by Section 9.2; and
   (iii) The Internet Engineering Task Force.
(i) A non-voting Associate Chair, who may be appointed by the Chair, at his or her sole discretion, to serve during all or part of the term of the Chair. The Associate Chair may not be a person who is otherwise a member of the same Nominating Committee. The Associate Chair shall assist the Chair in carrying out the duties of the Chair, but shall not serve, temporarily or otherwise, in the place of the Chair.
Rec. 10:
Input received on the “call for action”

- IPC

Dear Tom and RIWG colleagues,

Thank you for the call of 22 July and this opportunity to provide the IPC’s input into the Bylaws change that is proposed in relation to the redistribution of GNSO NomCom seats. We particularly appreciate the opportunity to ask questions through the SG/C leaders’ call on the 22nd as to the background and context of the proposal. We have reflected carefully in reviewing the proposed redline draft.

The IPC wishes to advise that we do not support the proposed Bylaws amendment. The IPC wishes also to advise that we do not support the NomCom RIWG imposing a solution of its choosing on the GNSO.

We are sure that you can appreciate the sensitivities that surround any proposal to change the NomCom seats to reflect the GNSO Council structure. The GNSO Council has, as was highlighted in the call on 22 July, a precisely identified, narrow remit as manager of the policy development process. The IPC has long held and expressed the position that the GNSO Council structure itself does "not accurately represent constituencies", as the Independent Review Final Report urges the NomCom structure to do ([https://www.icann.org/en/system/files/files/nomcom-review-final-05jun18-en.pdf](https://www.icann.org/en/system/files/files/nomcom-review-final-05jun18-en.pdf) at p 25). The GNSO is certainly evolving, but this goes well beyond simply the addition of the NPOC structure (notably the only example raised in our call of the 22nd). The New gTLD Program of 2012 has fundamentally broken down the previously clear, bright lines between contracted and non-contracted party. Many IPC members are also represented in other GNSO Stakeholder Groups and Constituencies. Members of the GNSO’s SGs and Cs also participate in other ICANN structures, including in particular the At-Large, as well as the ccNSO and SSAC. It is unnecessary and inappropriate to mirror this complicated and ineffectual state of affairs in designating NomCom seats. Further, the present structural deficiencies will inevitably frustrate any effort to set up some sort of new committee or mechanism within the GNSO for deciding on who fills these seats on a rolling basis each year.

While we appreciate the suggestion that another way of approaching this could be for the GNSO SG/Cs themselves to propose a solution, the IPC questions whether we (or indeed the RIWG) have sufficient information to make informed decisions. We believe that neither we nor the RIWG should be rushing to change such an important process to ICANN’s accountability without clear, documented justification. To that end we note that, in making Recommendation 10 (“Representation on the NomCom should be re-balanced immediately and then be reviewed every five years.”), the Independent Reviewers advised: "A recommendation on a precise way to rebalance the NomCom would require a comprehensive assessment of representation within the ICANN community, including a full understanding of the history and possible future of
representation within the SOs/ACs." While we appreciate that Rec 10 is a Board-approved recommendation, we agree with the Independent Reviewers as to the necessity of this comprehensive assessment, and consider that this should take into account the impact of new gTLDs on all ICANN structures, not simply the Stakeholder Groups and Constituencies of the GNSO. While the upcoming GNSO Review could offer an opportunity for such a "comprehensive assessment of representation" within the GNSO structure, this should only be part of a broader exercise of the advised "comprehensive assessment of representation within the ICANN community".

We will be pleased to engage further with the RIWG's processes and provide further input as is helpful.

Sincerely yours,

Heather Forrest, IPC President

• BC

Dear GNSO Colleagues:

The BC has conferred internally, and we would like to express our support for the IPC’s proposed way forward, which was offered by Heather Forrest during our 6 August call. That is, to maintain the status quo while a holistic review of the NomCom is undertaken to examine constituency overlaps, among other issues, as called for in Recommendation 10.

We feel the IPC proposal would serve as a very solid foundation for building a GNSO-wide consensus on the GNSO RIWG Recommendation, which it seems none of the GNSO constituencies supports. We further agree with the point made by Heather that resolving the matter via the Empowered Community (EC) process likely would be even more problematic as well as drawn out, in addition to opening the door to non-GNSO members influencing the outcome of a matter that concerns GNSO representation on the NomCom.

BC members asked that I include my 6 August comments (below), since they provide important historical background concerning the allocation of small and large business seats to the BC on the NomCom as well as underscore the legitimate representational needs of SMEs.

In view of the 21 August deadline, we thought it best to try and get the ball rolling to build a GNSO-wide consensus on this very important matter. Happy to discuss further.

Best regards,
Barbara Wanner
BC Representative to the CSG

**Historical Background on BC NomCom Representation**

December 22, 2020 NomCom2 Review – Status Report #2
The BC’s NomCom representation was agreed in 2002, during a time when the GNSO was called the Names Council (NC). The BC held a seat on the NC then.

At that time, almost all constituencies represented on the NC were dominated by big business of various sorts. For example, the Registry group was dominated by Verisign, the ISPs by major telcos, and the Registrars by a core group of large companies. The BC, however, was the only constituency that included both large companies (e.g., IBM, other global multinationals) and SME’s as direct members and via associations such as AIM and the International Chamber of Commerce.

As we know, the Nominating Committee was created in response to a recognized need to legitimize the selection of the ICANN Board after a highly problematic and ultimately failed global vote. The BC’s representative on the NC therefore asserted that an elected ICANN Board via a Nom Com would lack legitimacy if it was simply decided by big business and the supply-side interests it was supposed to manage. Only the BC could make claim to the voice of 1000s of small users. Thus, without an SME voice, the legitimization objective of a NomCom selected ICANN Board would be compromised. Hence, the BC was given two seats on the NomCom, one representing large business; the other representing small business.

**Importance of SME Representation**

In 2020, the BC maintains that the digital transformation of the entire economy in the past 18 years has further increased the number and diversity of small start-ups which now participate in the market alongside the tech giants. The SME seat therefore continues to be critical to ensuring that legitimate selection of the ICANN Board, in our view.

Business is not just a broad category, but an expanding one. We are seeing new and smaller businesses arise even as larger, legacy companies keep their footing. For that reason alone, separate seats on the Nominating Committee make sense.

The maintenance of a Small Business seat for the BC is more than a historical artifact. The BC Small Business representation exists because compared to any stakeholder group involved in this process, they are the ones most different from their peers and, as such, need to have their voices represented separately.

It is essential for the SME community that startups and small businesses – disproportionately Global South voices serving Global South customers, the future of our industry – have active input in all processes, especially one as important as the choices made by the NomCom. These newer voices of business simply couldn’t be captured should the small business voice be extinguished by the proposed change.

Arguing over whether a group should have two seats or one seat or five seats or no seats misses the point. Deficiencies in the ability of the Nominating Committee to deliver on its mission has far less to do with artificial balance than it does with adequate subject matter expertise and reach.
The reason having a small business member and a large business member on the Nominating Committee has worked so well is the aligned but widely different perspective each brings to the task.

Thank you.

- **ISPCP**

Dear all,

the ISPCP constituency, after internal discussion as well as a broad exchange within the GNSO, came to the conclusion that we do not support the proposed Bylaws amendment rather than to keep the status quo of NomCom representation. We are in full support of the related letter from Heather Forrest, Chair of the IPC which is also supported by the BC.

In addition, we are of the opinion that the suggested method in Rec 10 to select the GNSO representatives to the NomCom would create an enormous effort of work and debates within the GNSO which is not justified by the expected outcome. There are greatest doubts to find agreement on a selection procedure before having performed on a rather holistic review of the NomCom.

Best regards
Wolf-Ulrich Knoben
Chair ISPCP Constituency

- **RySG**

Dear Tom, Cheryl and ICANN org colleagues,

On behalf of Donna Austin, Chair of the Registries Stakeholder Group (RySG), please find below the RySG response to the Nominating Committee Review Implementation Working Group proposal as regards rebalancing of the NomCom.

“The RySG does not support the proposed bylaw amendment as we do not believe that the amendment will result in any substantive change to the status quo and will likely not address in any meaningful way the underlying concern or finding in the Final Report (J.) “ ... that the NomCom may not accurately represent constituencies (both across SOs/ACs and within SOs/ACs).” Instead, we ask the RIWG to focus on the second part of Recommendation 10, that is to “…convene a working group immediately… to study how best to rebalance the NomCom based on input from each of the organizations with representation on the NomCom and the broader ICANN community.” as this is the most appropriate course of action at this time.”

Thank you.
Rec. 14:
Formalize communication between the NomCom and the Board, SOs/ACs, and the PTI Board to understand needed competencies and experience.

- What information regarding desired competencies and experience of future NomCom appointees to the Board do you currently share with the NomCom? For the past three years, when have has the Board typically communicated these to the NomCom?

ICANN Board:
Annually the Board provides guidance to the newly seated NomCom in the form of a formal letter (see https://www.icann.org/en/system/files/files/icann-board-guidance-nomcom-regarding-important-skills-06dec19-en.pdf for the latest letter). For the past three years this guidance has been provided to the NomCom in December, however, at meeting when each new NomCom is seated, the BGC meets with the NomCom members and provides them with a preview of what the guidance in the formal letter will say. In addition, at each ICANN Public meeting, the BGC and the NomCom meet to discuss any further guidance or questions that the NomCom might have throughout its selection process.

- What information regarding competencies and experience do you currently receive from the bodies to which you make appointments?

NomCom LT:
A short letter from each.

- For the past three years, when have you received these?

NomCom LT:
Yes.

- Is there additional information that could be shared between the NomCom and the SO/AC NAME so that the NomCom can better target its selection to the needs of the SO/AC NAME?
ccNSO Council:
The ccNSO previously provided a list of the needed competencies and experiences. Please find a copy of the latest correspondence here: https://ccnso.icann.org/sites/default/files/field-attached/sataki-to-nomcom-22nov19-en.pdf
It is our understanding that the NomCom will reach out annually to the ccNSO Council SO/ACs, to be informed about the latest version of the ccNSO Council’s skill set and profile requirements for NomCom appointed ccNSO Council members.

GNSO Council:
Information currently shared between the Council and the NomCom focuses mainly on updating position descriptions and selection criteria. There have also been informal exchanges between the NomCom and Council leadership. Information sharing could be expanded to include the suggestions made in response to questions on Recommendations 16, 21, 22 and 25, below.

ALAC:
One of the most important referees for an ALAC position is the ALAC Chair who works closely with all ALAC members and is therefore most suitably placed to share their views and provide very useful insight into the performance of current NomCom Selectees. This first-hand information would allow the NomCom to build an information base that is relevant to the position and specific to the current needs of particular appointees to a specific position. This would be pertinent to all SO-AC Chairs. A very recent situation arose where one of our most active and critically important participants in a long term specifically targeted cross community discussion involving a vitally important ICANN issue was sidelined by someone who, even since before he took up his new seat, has been openly critical of the leadership of At-Large and the way that At-Large operates. Despite being rejected by the NomCom, this particular applicant for a NomCom position has remained committed to the interests of Internet end users which is the At-Large mandate, while her replacement as a NomCom appointee to the ALAC spends most of his time vilifying the At-Large Leader and anyone else who tries to reason with him. This appointment has certainly lost the credibility of and trust in the NomCom process by many of the At-Large community. It demonstrates how important it is that the NomCom actually listens to those who matter when it comes to who best to fill the vacant positions, so that the ALAC can become a more efficient and effective mechanism within the ICANN ecosystem.

- Which information, if any, on desired diversity would you add in your annual communication/advice to the NomCom?

ccNSO Council:
We encourage the NomCom to consider geographical and gender diversity as important criteria for making its selection of appointees. In order to preserve the balance and diversity of Council, the ccNSO needs the Nominating Committee to refrain from appointing to the Council any persons who are directly or indirectly associated with a ccTLD Manager (whether that Manager is a ccNSO
Member or not). For the same reason, the ccNSO needs the Nominating Committee to refrain from appointing a Board Member or employee of a ccTLD Regional Organization to the Council.

Rec. 16:
Implement and codify a system for providing feedback to the NomCom regarding the contributions and participation of members up for re-appointment by the NomCom.

ccNSO Council:
Although the ccNSO currently does not have one, the ccNSO Council is not opposed to developing and implementing a system for providing feedback to NomCom.

- What information pertaining to recommendation 16 do you usually share with the NomCom, and when does such communications usually take place in the annual NomCom cycle?

ICANN Board:
The Board members complete a short survey about those Board members who are seeking re-appointment; the results of that survey are shared in confidence with the NomCom. The present goal is to get this information to the NomCom sometime in early June each year.

- In your opinion, what additional information pertaining to recommendation 16 could be shared between the Board and the NomCom?

ICANN Board:
The survey described in the response above was developed over time, with input from outside experts, based on the information that the Board and individual Board members were comfortable sharing. This past year the short survey was revised to reflect suggestions by the NomCom, responses to which the NomCom thought could help be more informative to the NomCom Board-member selection process. The Board will certainly consider any further relevant requests for information from the NomCom and is happy to include in a discussion with the NomCom members a discussion about what additional information would be useful to them in this regard.

- What information do you currently share with the NomCom, and what is the timing of these communications?

ccNSO Council:
Currently we do not provide any feedback to the NomCom regarding contributions or
participation of NomCom appointees. Once a mechanism to provide feedback to the NomCom is in place, the ccNSO will be happy to ensure it fits into the ccNSO’s own procedures.

GNSO Council:
Feedback to the NomCom from Council on such matters is currently informal and is generally not structured or documented (except for meeting transcripts and records).

ALAC:
The ALAC shares an updated description: NomCom Description for ALAC – 2020 (see full text above) with the NomCom support staff who will forward it to the NomCom.

- In your opinion, what additional information could be shared between you and the NomCom?

ccNSO Council:
An assessment on the commitment, contribution, and performance of NomCom appointed councilors.

GNSO Council:
It would be helpful if Council and the NomCom could exchange information on all potential NomCom appointees (including but not limited to those up for re-appointment), timed to contribute meaningfully to the NomCom’s appointment timelines. In addition, conducting exit interviews for all outgoing NomCom appointees would provide valuable feedback for both the NomCom and the Council in continuously improving procedures. This could be conducted either by the NomCom or Council leadership, and in any event the outcomes should be shared with the NomCom.

ALAC:
The ALAC Chair should be asked for their opinion on the performance of current NomCom appointees to the ALAC seeking re-appointment. The insight of the Chair of their performance would provide extremely relevant and useful information to the NomCom on their performance.

Rec. 18:
PUBLISH A CANDIDATE COMMUNICATION SCHEDULE AND CODIFY A COMMUNICATION PROCESS WITH CANDIDATES.

- Please describe the candidate communications process, and how, if applicable, it has varied over the past three to five cycles.

NomCom LT:
Status reports have been provided, but should be more frequent and more timely.
• What improvements would you suggest to this process?

NomCom LT:
See above

Rec. 19:
ICANN staff and the recruiting consultant, along with NomCom members, should leverage the detailed job description and desired competencies and experience to develop a marketing plan to better target prospective candidates.

• What are the current outreach and marketing efforts with regard to ensuring a diverse candidate pool in response to the NomCom’s annual recruitment efforts, and how has it changed over the three to five years?

NomCom Support:
The NomCom has collaborated with the ICANN Communications team, the ICANN Global Stakeholder Engagement team and outside professional recruitment agencies in different geographical regions to develop and implement outreach programs using various social media channels and campaigns.

The members of the NomCom also focus on recruitment of candidates by reaching out to their professional network and attending various conferences to provide information about the NomCom’s selection process to encourage individuals to apply.

Rec. 20:
The evaluation consultant should undertake a preliminary screen of all Board candidates and provide blinded assessments to the NomCom to assist the NomCom with reducing the pool of candidates to the deep-dive shortlist.

• We understand that the NomCom decided not to utilize an evaluation consultant for the recent NomCom cycles. Please explain why this decision was reached
NomCom LT:
This service has not proven very helpful in the past.

- **What improvements or changes would be needed if future NomComs decided to utilize an evaluation consultant?**

NomCom LT:
It would have to be someone with extensive knowledge of ICANN. This is obviously not easy to find :-)

- **If you were to receive a deep-dive shortlist of blindly assessed candidates by the evaluation consultant(s), what information must be included for the NomCom to make an informed selection from this reduced pool of candidates?**

Rec. 21:
The NomCom should use a standardized tool to evaluate and prioritize candidates, based on desired competencies and experience as determined annually. This tool will not replace qualitative assessments of candidates.

- **In your opinion, what tools, assessments and skill analysis should be used by the NomCom to make the best possible selection?**

ICANN Board:
The Board is hesitant to suggest how the NomCom should endeavor to complete its important work, nor does the Board have expertise in this area. The Board does understand that over the years the NomCom has used professional recruitment firms to assist in the NomCom’s candidate identification process and would recommend that this question be posed to those or other similar professionals in the candidate recruitment and selection industry.

ccNSO Council:
We believe that a tool similar in functionality to the one used by the Fellowship Selection Committee could be fitted with questions pertaining to the ccNSO in the selection of NomCom appointed Councilors.

GNSO Council:
Some guidance from specialized recruitment firms, especially those with experience of filling ICANN positions, would be helpful and the Council would be interested in participating in any discussions. The Council would be particularly interested in exploring options for understanding the motivation of the candidate to participate in the work of the Council and their commitment to meaningful engagement.

ALAC:
We support the NomCom conducting research into the best tools, assessments and skills analysis to be used for a multi-stakeholder membership organization. We would request that the NomCom present their findings to the SOACs following a thorough review of such tools.

RSSAC:
If the purpose of the NomCom is selection of ICANN leadership, and its primary qualification for same is competence in the role, the tools, assessments, and skills of a NomCom member should include experience and wisdom, plus the ability to access the history of an organization and its members.

SSAC:
The SSAC agrees that, while the desired competencies and experience may vary annually, the tools used to support NomCom work should vary less frequently. They should be reviewed on a regular basis to incorporate improvements and from time to time, a new technology may warrant the introduction of a new tool. However, in general, processes and tools should not need to be reinvented each year for a new NomCom group.

- **Which tools and processes to evaluate and prioritize candidates are you planning to use during this NomCom cycle?**

NomCom LT:
This is still under discussion.

- **What new tools would you recommend be made available for NomCom’s use?**

NomCom LT:
Online tools that allow sharing of information between NomCom members.

- **In your opinion, what tools, assessments and skills analysis should be used by the NomCom to make the best possible selection.**
Rec. 22:
The NomCom should provide consistent interview questions and an interviewer evaluation form for the candidates interviewed during the deep-dive phase and the final face-to-face interviews.

- In your opinion, which questions should be part of the "interview question library" and which would then be used by every NomCom?

ICANN Board:
The Board is hesitant to suggest specific questions for the NomCom to ask of candidates for any ICANN leadership position. Further, the Board does not know whether the NomCom already has an interview question library or forms in place. That said, as it relates to the potential Board members being interviewed, the Board points to the guidance letters that the Board provides the NomCom with each year, as well as the Board member criteria set forth in the Bylaws at Article 7, sections 7.3 and 7.4, to help inform the drafting of standard interview questions.

ccNSO Council:
We believe that any interview should be customized to the vacancy to be filled. The ccNSO Council believes the following questions should be part of the interview question library:

- Do you have any previous experience with non-for-profit organizations or membership organisations? If so, please provide specific examples of your experience
- Share with us your knowledge about the role and perspective of country-code Top Level Domains and their position within the global ICANN community.
- Share with us your general knowledge about ICANN, its mission and structure
- Share general knowledge about the architecture and functioning of the internet.
- Why are you applying for the ccNSO Council? What are your expectations?
- Do you currently play a role in the ICANN ecosystem? If so, how do you plan to balance your duties or responsibilities? Do you perceive a conflict of interest?

GNSO Council:
As noted in discussions between the Council and NomCom leadership at ICANN64, NomCom should consider -- budget permitting -- live (or at least virtual) interviews of all short-listed candidates for all positions, not just Board positions. This would help full and consistent understanding of a candidate’s claims across all NomCom members.

Consider including the following issues to be addressed in a “question library”:
- Motivation;
- Commitment;
- Elaboration of any potentially problematic issues in a candidate’s Statement of Interest;
Proven understanding of ICANN and GNSO structures and processes, including the distinction between the Contracted and Non-Contracted Parties Houses.

ALAC:
We support the NomCom conducting research into an appropriate set of interview questions to be placed into a 'library' for a multi-stakeholder membership organization. We believe such a set of questions should be flexible and globally relevant. We would request that the NomCom present a draft set of questions to the SOACs for review.

RSSAC:
For RSSAC consideration, we would wonder about their familiarity with the DNS, the RSS and its member RSOs, and their operational concerns.

SSAC:
The SSAC would like to see questions on technical expertise related to security and stability included in the “interview question library” for the candidates. However, it is unnecessarily limiting to require every NomCom to only ask questions from an "interview question library" and it is not best practice, either. Instead, most interviews should stick to a defined set of criteria/skills/experience and behaviors that must be explored, and define what kind of questions are off-limits. During a specific NomCom's term, it is important that all candidates are asked the same set of questions, but it is of little value to require the same questions to carry over to a subsequent NomCom, since the positions and the skills that need to be reviewed in each year is different from the prior year.

- What questions and evaluation tools are NomCom members planning to use during the upcoming deep-dive and final interview phases?

NomCom LT:
This will be developed by the relevant sub-committee.

- In your view, what questions and tools should be part of the "interview question library" which could be used by every NomCom going forward?

NomCom LT:
The NomCom has in the past used a template for this purpose. The template has evolved over time and will continue to evolve. Making it available to future NomComs is of course a good idea.

- How does the NomCom capture the actual interview questions asked of prospective candidates?


**NomCom LT:**
Notes taken by members. Discussion following interviews.

**Rec. 23:**
The NomCom should publish additional data on the candidate pool and the recruiting source of candidates.

- **Does the Board believe additional non-confidential, non-identifiable data points about the candidate pool should be collected and published by the NomCom, if so, which ones?**

**ICANN Board:**
The Board is fully supportive of as much transparency as possible into the candidate pool to the extent that such transparency does not divulge confidential or private candidate information. The Board notes that the NomCom already has a practice of reporting on the number of candidates from each geographic region as well as gender. Since the Board is not aware of the other data points that the NomCom collects as part of it process, it is difficult to suggest what data points should be published.

- **What data points about the candidate pool have been gathered by the NomComs over the past 3-5 years?**

**NomCom Support:**
The NomCom announcement on selections includes a summary of the number of completed candidate applications received, summary of gender, and regional breakdown.

- **What data about the candidate pool has been published over the past five years?**

**NomCom Support:**
The NomCom announcement on selections includes a summary of the number of completed candidate applications received, summary of gender, and regional breakdown.

- **Is there any non-confidential, non-identifiable data that has not been made public, if so, why?**

**NomCom Support:**
The ICANN staff that supports the NomCom publishes what the NomCom leadership asks them to publish. Accordingly, this is a question better suited for the NomCom leadership.
• Is there any additional non-confidential, non-identifiable data points about the candidate pool that you recommend be collected?

NomCom Support:
This question is better suited for NomCom leadership as it determines what data is collected.

Rec. 25:
Improve NomCom selection decisions by assessing the performance and needs of all bodies receiving NomCom appointees.

• Is the ICANN Board performing any self-assessments, or third-party assessments pertaining to recommendation 25? If applicable, how do you communicate the outcome of such assessment to the NomCom? What performance assessment, if any, do you think is feasible by the ICANN Board to better inform future NomCom selection decisions.

ICANN Board:
The ICANN Board performs a Board self-assessment every two years. The last one was completed in 2018. In terms of reporting about the results, in 2018 the Board Chair posted a blog identifying the Key Take-Aways from the Board self-assessment ([https://www.icann.org/news/blog/chair-s-blog-key-take-aways-from-the-board-s-360-evaluation](https://www.icann.org/news/blog/chair-s-blog-key-take-aways-from-the-board-s-360-evaluation)). The intent is for the Chair to do so again after the 2020 Board self-assessment is completed and evaluated by the Board. The Board will make a point to ensure that the link to this blog will be shared directly with the NomCom once it is posted.

• Is the SO/AC NAME performing any self/assessments, or third-party assessments?

ccNSO Council:
No, we do not perform self-assessments, and stress annually the criteria the appointees should meet.

GNSO Council:
The GNSO is subject to periodic organizational review in accordance with the ICANN Bylaws.

ALAC:
The ALAC does not perform formal self-assessments or third-party assessments of individual performance of NomCom appointees. However, as noted above, the Chair of the ALAC has in the past provided assessments of current NomCom appointees who are seeking re-appointment. However, the ALAC does provide an annual description of skills and criteria needed for their NomCom appointees to the ALAC. See below.

- If yes, are there any identified skills needed for future NomCom appointees to your organization?

ccNSO Council:
Based on agreements with previous NomCom administrations, it is our understanding that the NomCom will reach out annually to the ccNSO Council, to be informed about the latest version of the ccNSO Council’s skill set and profile requirements for NomCom appointed ccNSO Council members.

GNSO Council:

ALAC:
From the Annual Description:
- a commitment to ICANN's mission and an understanding of the potential impact of ICANN decisions on the global Internet community
- an understanding of the DNS and the impact of ICANN policy on end-users
- demonstrated capacity for thoughtful group decision-making and sound judgment
- an interest in bottom-up consensus policy building in a real-life environment
- an ability to chair or otherwise provide leadership and support for a multi-stakeholder group working to reach consensus
- the following knowledge, qualities and experiences are specifically sought:
  - A strong advocate for the needs and interest of end-users not only those of the region they will represent, but globally
  - Experience and skills that bear on gathering, understanding, and communicating the interests of individual users and in group decision-making.
  - Consumer protection and or consumer advocacy experience particularly in communications/telecommunication sector
  - Specific experience and/or expertise in internet-related policy development.
  - An interest in and knowledge of internet governance issues.
  - Leadership experience in local or regional internet-related or DNS policy experience in gTLD or ccTLD activities including issues relating to Internationalized Domain Names.
• Ability to work as a team leader bringing perspectives not otherwise reflected in the existing ALAC membership and is intended to diversify the skill and experience sets of the ALAC.
• Strong local networks that will positively enhance the current ALAC and Regionally focused strategic and project planning as they relate to the wider ICANN Strategic plan and ALAC Improvement Implementation.
• Ability and interest to work in a multi-cultural environment.
  □ a willingness to serve as a volunteer, without compensation other than the reimbursement of certain expenses
  □ an ability to work and communicate effectively in English (although there is no requirement that English be the candidate’s first language)

• If applicable, how do you communicate this to the NomCom?

ccNSO Council:
Based on agreements with previous NomCom administrations, it is our understanding that the NomCom will reach out annually to the ccNSO Council, to be informed about the latest version of the ccNSO Council’s skill set and profile requirements for NomCom appointed ccNSO Council members.

GNSO Council:
The Council communicated to the NomCom via email, per NomCom’s request.

ALAC:
Through the annual NomCom Description (see above) that is sent to NomCom support Staff. This document is updated on an annual basis and relevant skills for the ALAC are reviewed and incorporated.

• What performance assessment, if any, do you think is feasible by the ALAC to improve future NomCom selection decisions.

ccNSO Council:
  o Commitment
  o Participation in the work of the Council and the broader ccNSO community
  o Contributions

GNSO Council:
Please see the Council response to Q2 under Recommendation 16, specifically regarding the exit interview.

ALAC:
The ALAC might consider conducting a performance assessment of current NomCom Appointees to identify necessary skills in future NomCom Appointees to the ALAC.

Rec. 26:
ICANN should investigate advancing its nominations process into a Leadership Development function.

- In your experience, could rejected candidates, who have no prior relationship with ICANN, be interested in such a program? What problems and what opportunities can you think of?

NomCom Support:
If interested parties who did not qualify as a candidate but wish to reapply in the future would greatly benefit from learning about the ICANN community and its history, goals and objectives and the roles and responsibilities of its leaders. ICANN’s Fellowship program is an excellent example of a program that exposes fellows to the workings of the ICANN Community, each fellow is assigned a mentor and receives training across different areas of knowledge.