1. Stress testing 1 2 Stress testing was defined as: 3 • Test the process as developed by applying the process to "corner case" situation and understand whether such a case results in a unwanted outcome or side effects. If the outcome of that situation results in an unwanted outcome or side effects. Policy/Process may need to be adjusted/refined. The stress testing was conducted in Montreal working through the responses on the following questions: 8 • What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? 9 • Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? 10 Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined? 11 12 13 Moving forward (to ensure consistency) these questions will be used to examine each of the additional identified corner cases. 14 15 2. Identified cases 16 Significant names change of country (resulting in change of ccTLD). Examples are: 17 • ZR (Zaire) to CD (Congo, Democratic Republic of) (1997) 18 19 • TP (East Timor) to TL (Timor-Leste) (2002) 20 Question: Does replacement from the former ccTLD by the new ccTLD imply a delegation of the new ccTLD or should it be considered as an 21 exception of the regular case of delegation? 22 Outcome of the examination: 23 24 No exception. No additional change Operationally or transfer/ delegation 25 Policy no exception, no need to adjust 26

Domain Names under management at removal date.

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29 30 At agreed end-date (date of removal from the root-zone) Second Level domain names are still under management of the ccTLD Manager, despite reasonable efforts from the ccTLD Manager to end registrations

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32	Does it make a difference if only a few (10) or thousands (10.000 or more) SLDs are active at the time of removal?
33	Outcome examination:
34	Difference does not matter, avoid gaming the policy
35	Case added 3166 to accommodate new names
36	No Ned to adjust the process/policy
37	
38	3. Breach of Retirement Agreement
39	Various situations:
40	• The ccTLD Managers continues to promote ccTLD and accepting registrations during retirement process. Does it make a difference if at
41	removal date no SLDs under management or the number of registrations under management has not declined or has even increased
42	compared to number at date of Retirement Notification?
43	The ccTLD Manager stops all activities i.e. goes off
44	 The ccTLD Managers takes no action resulting in serious deterioration of the zone
45	Outcome Examination:
46	Plan continues as agreed
47	Compliance not applicable.
48	Too complicated
49	No need to adjust process/policy
50	
51	ccTLD Manager goes bankrupt after Notification of Retirement
52	Outcome Examination:
53	Broke substantively responsibility of operator
54	Revocation after substantial misconduct
55	Security and stability issue: IFO assess on case-by case basis
56	Linkage active SLD -> that is not material to remove to root
57	No need to adjust process/policy
58	Request for Transfer post Retirement Notice
59	Retirement result of significant name change
60	Both apply

61 62 Retirement result of dissolution country, significant interested parties cannot be identified 63 GAP, but indirectly addressed, special power transfer 64 Outcome Examination: 65 Special policy requirement to transfer is considered reasonable. GAP in existing transfer / retirement policy. Proposed policy/process needs to be adjusted to accommodate specific transfer. 66 67 68 69 ccTLD Manager ends membership of the ccNSO and claims policies (Retirement & RFC1591/FoI) are therefore not applicable 70 • Question: does it matter if ccTLD Manager Acts with support of SIP or without support of SIP? Outcome Examination: 71 72 Note: the ccNSO Council recently established that membership of ccNSO by definition ends when entity listed as ccTLD Manager is no longer listed as such in the IANA Root Database, implying that for the duration of the retirement process membership of the ccNSO does not end, 73 74 unless it is actively terminated by the Manager. 75 76 Up to ICANN to decide whether relrevant 77 No need to adjust policy/process 78 79 Country Code was removed from list of Assigned codes because country dissolved. 80 Code was re-assigned shortly afterwards (within 10 years) to another country added to the list 81 Outcome examination: Currently impossible. No need to adjust policy/process 82 83 84 After several years (during retirement process) code is exceptionally reserved, specifically as ccTLD Outcome Examination: 85 No need to adjust policy/process 86 87 88 3. New, additional "corner cases/situations" in order to examine

In Montreal the WG identified the following additional situations to be subject to the stress testing. To organise the stress testing process, 89 each group member was asked to identify the 5 to be tested first. Based on that ranking (see: https://nl.surveymonkey.com/results/SM-90 91 7XTTP3BW7/) • Lines of communication between ccTLD Manager and IFO: authoritative (5 out of 6) 92 Breach Agreement due to court injunction (4 out of 6) 93 • Breach of Agreement due to applicable national law/ Court order (4 out of 6) 94 • Breach of Agreement during extension period (4 out of 6) 95 • Island state disappears, but commercial interests keep ccTLD "alive" (3 out of 6) 96 • Unforeseen technical consequences/significant consequences for other affecting other TLDs/DNS in general (3 out of 6) 97 • Country disappears/ however there is a clear successor state (2 out of 6) 98 • 3166 disappears/decision of ISO 3166 MA is completely out of line, in breach of own rules (1 out of 6) 99 100 • Assets go to other party (1 out of 6) • Does the retirement policy apply to pending retirement case? ((1 out of 6) 101 102 103 104 4. Stress testing 105 106 Lines of communication between ccTLD Manager and IFO: authoritative Examination questions: 107 108 • What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? • Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? 109 Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined? 110 111 112 Outcome examination: 113 114 Cases Breach of Agreement 115 • Due to court injunction • Due to applicable national law / Court order 116

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Breach of agreement during extension period

119 First question, specifically related to this cluster of situations: Is there a significant difference between Breach of Agreement due to court 120 121 injunction and Court order/ breach of national (applicable) law? 122 123 With respect to each of the three (3) identified situations the following examination questions need to be answered: • What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? 124 125 • Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? 126 • Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined? 127 128 Outcome examination: 129 130 131 Note the previously cases of Breach of Agreement that have been identified and discussed: 132 • The ccTLD Managers continues to promote ccTLD and accepting registrations during retirement process. Does it make a difference if at 133 removal date no SLDs under management or the number of registrations under management has not declined or has even increased 134 compared to number at date of Retirement Notification? 135 • The ccTLD Manager stops all activities i.e. goes off • The ccTLD Managers takes no action resulting in serious deterioration of the zone 136 137 138 139 Island state disappears, but commercial interests keep ccTLD "alive" Examination questions: 140 • What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? 141 • Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? 142 • Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined? 143 144 145 Outcome examination: 146 147 Unforeseen technical consequences/significant consequences for other affecting other TLDs/DNS in general Examination questions: 148

149 150 151 152	 What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined?
153	Outcome examination:
154	
155	
156	Country disappears/ however there is a clear successor state
157	Examination questions:
158	 What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked?
159	 Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable?
160	 Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined?
161	
162	Outcome examination:
163	
164	
165	3166 disappears/decision of ISO 3166 MA is completely out of line, in breach of own rules
166	Examination questions:
167	What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked?
168	• Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable?
169	 Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined?
170	Outcome avantantian
171 172	Outcome examination:
173	
174	Assets go to other party
175	Examination questions:
176	What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked?
177	▼ VVIIGE IS OUTCOME OF THIS SITUATION WHICH DEOCESS IS HIVORUU:
	 Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable?

Outcome examination: Does the retirement policy apply to pending retirement case? Examination questions: • What is outcome of this situation when process is invoked? • Is the outcome of that situation/the result unwanted or are side effects unwanted/unacceptable? • Does Policy/Process need to be adjusted/refined? Outcome examination: