## At-Large's Subsequent Procedures Scorecard: Community Applications

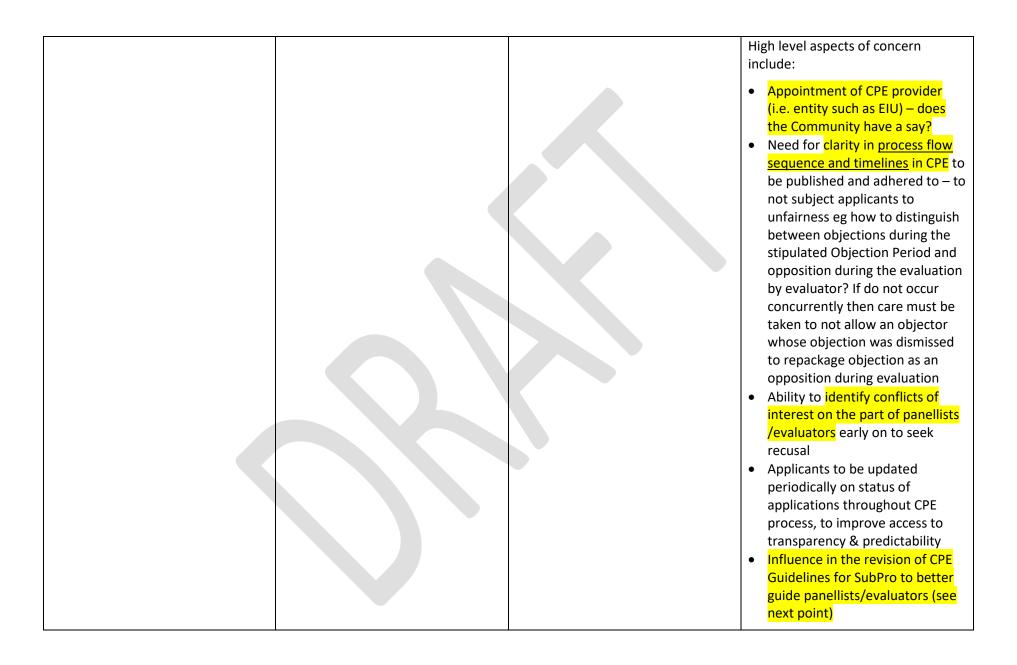
## **CPWG SubPro Small Team**

At-Large Consolidated Policy Working Group (CPWG) Call Wednesday, 4 March 2020, 13:00 UTC



## STRING CONTENTION RESOLUTION

Topic/Area:	[34] COMMUNITY AP	PLICATIONS [2.9.1]		Priority:	HIGH	Settled On:		
Related:	<ul> <li>Community Priority Evaluations (CPE)</li> <li>Community Objections distinct from Community Priority Evaluations</li> <li>Appeals – Accountability Mechanism [2.8.2]</li> <li>Application Assessed in Rounds [2.2.3] (including Neustar's proposal) – Priority for next round</li> </ul>							
Key Issues:	<ul> <li>Many of the processes and rules applicable to evaluating community applications through Community Priority Evaluations (CPE) were introduced after the 2012 Program was launched, in some cases, with insufficient notice to or understanding by both applicants and the Community, thereby making it not only difficult, but also unfair to applicants and concerned parties/objectors</li> <li>Third party service provider appointed to undertake CPE process</li> <li>Lack of clear details to CPE process led to incidences of determinations without given rationales, inconsistent decisions, eg. Definition of "community"</li> <li>There was no appeal process for CPE determinations, so no opportunity to test the correctness or inconsistencies in determinations</li> </ul>							
Policy Goals:	<ul> <li>Processes and rules related to Community Applications should be clear and transparent</li> <li>Implementation of processes and rules should be consistent and predictable</li> <li>In respect evaluation determinations, any research relied on for the decision should be cited and a link provided</li> </ul>							
Assigned CCT-RT Rec's:	? Rec. 34: Review of procedures & objectives for community-based applications, improvements made before new round is launched (prerequisite for SubPro)							
References:	<ul> <li>SubPro PDP WG String Contention Resolution_Summary Document, 7 January 2020</li> <li>01. SubPro Community Applications Update to CPWG, 5 Oct 2019</li> </ul>							
What has SubPro PDP WG concluded?		What will/might SubPro PDP WG recommend?	Is this acceptable? If not,	why so?	What else	e needs to be whom?	done and	
Lack of transparency and predictability with CPE process caused problems		That CPE process must be more transparent and predictable	Yes, however, note detail be tagged as implementa for IRT.	•	provide i	or work of the nputs through or as Advice t y)	n IRT (if	



 CPE procedures being published post AGB release reinforced lack of transparency and predictability. Therefore, CPE procedures must accompany AGB when AGB is published.

That all evaluation procedures should be developed <u>before</u> the application process opens and made easily and readily available

In practical terms, this means recommending adoption of the CPE Guidelines of 27 Sep 2013<sup>1</sup> developed by EIU but with amendments

Yes, we advocated for upfront clarity to CPE procedures. However, note details on CPE Guidelines will ultimately be tagged as implementation task for IRT.

To monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible) or as Advice to Board (if necessary)

Elements of concern in CPE
Guidelines of 27 Sep 2013 to watch
and address include concept of
"community", "membership",
"relevant" to allow for flexibility
when scoring applications:

- "Delineation" per EIU list showed clear biased towards 'card-carrying membership organisation', especially professional and trade communities. To note that many communities are often not structured as membership organisations (eg linguistic, cultural communities), and to allow for flexibility in evaluating 'unconventional' letters of support
- "Nexus" where greater clarity is needed in approach to "identify" communities with a reasonable amount of broadness and with consistency as written in AGB, and not overridden by EIU bias

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://newgtlds.icann.org/en/applicants/cpe/guidelines-27sep13-en.pdf; EIU – Economic Intelligence Unit were appointed the CPE evaluators for 2012 round

				"Opposition" where care to be taken in establishing      "relevance" – balance of opposition compared to documented support, undue reliance on opposition with little relevance to the targeted community.
3.	CPE panellists/evaluators should be allowed and encouraged to obtain clarifications from applicants and opposers as needed.	For CPE panellists/evaluators to utilize a Clarification Questions process to seek clarifications (but not new material) from applicant or opposers on items where panellists have questions or issues with.  With opposers, questions regarding claims as to their identity and level of representativeness to affected community would help weed out frivolous letters of opposition, and limit to opposition by real entities, persons and communities.	Concept exists in 2012 AGB; utilization of Clarification Questions process should be strictly adhered to and not be exploited to allow support/ opposition which would otherwise be out-of-scope or out-of-time.	To monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible)
4.	Clarity and consistency in determinations of CPE	If there was research relied on for the decision, it should be cited and a link should be provided	Yes, we advocated for this	To monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible)
5.	CPE determinations should be appealable	CPEs to be part of new Accountability Framework.	Yes	To monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible); in particular monitor cost of filing, losing appeals

What has SubPro PDP WG concluded?	What SubPro PDP WG will likely omit?	Is this acceptable? If not, why so?	What else needs to be done and by/with whom?		
6. In order to maintain independence in evaluation outcomes, best for CPE to be conducted by third-party professional entity, subject to determinations being	Any reference to CPE evaluation team to include representatives from grassroots community organization or ICANN community volunteers to serve as panel members or advisors	Yes, in order to avoid perceived conflict of interest arguments? Reliance of third-party professional entity is not unacceptable so long as procedures adopted are clear, conflicts of interest avoided and	To monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible)  Related to the question of appointment of CPE provider (i.e. entity such as EIU) – does the		
appealable	Cub Day DDD M/C and atting	determinations are appealable	Community have a say?		
PENDING ISSUES:	SubPro PDP WG reaction	Anything missing?	What else needs to be done and by/with whom?		
7. Any preferential treatment for community applications beyond ability to participate in CPE, in event of string contention?	No consensus to accord such preferential treatment	NB. ALAC's comment to provide experts to assist Community Applicants from underserved regions in preparing applications (eg. ASP applicants) or first-time applicants has been noted, likely to be addressed in other sections including Application Support Program.	To cross-check with ASP topic; monitor work of the IRT and provide inputs through IRT (if possible)		
8. Geoname issues			See Geonames (pending)		
9. Priority in application round?	No consensus		See <u>Applications Assessed in Rounds</u>		
Position: TBD					