At-Large: Development of the ALAC Hot Policy Topics Document

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ICANN65 Policy Forum

Monday, 24 June 2019 12:15 – 13:15 (local time)



ALAC / At-Large Hot Policy Topics: Suggestions

- Internationalized Domain Names (IDNs) and Universal Acceptance (UA)
- DNS Security and Abuse, DNSSEC and Cybersecurity
- ICANN and Human Rights, including Privacy and GDPR / WHOIS
- ICANN Jurisdiction and Internet Governance (building upon the recommendations of the Jurisdiction Working Group)
- New gTLDs: Perspectives and Scope
- ICANN Transparency and Accountability, in terms of enhancing / building end user trust
- Facilitating multistakeholder consensus within the ICANN community;
 working together with governments, business and civil society
- Capacity Building on all themes listed above, with due regard to geographical, cultural and language diversity
- Other?



Other Current Issues - Outside ICANN Remit

- Public interest
- Surveillance
- Net Neutrality
- Accessibility and discrimination
- Digital Literacy
- Gender Diversity
- Internet Access



For Reference: ICANN Core Values (as per Bylaws)

The mission of the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers ("ICANN") is to ensure the stable and secure operation of the Internet's unique identifier systems (.... the "Mission"). Specifically, ICANN:

 (i) Coordinates the allocation and assignment of names in the root zone of the Domain Name System ("DNS") and coordinates the development and implementation of policies concerning the registration of second-level domain names in generic top-level domains ("gTLDs").

In this role, ICANN's scope is to coordinate the development and implementation of policies:

For which uniform or coordinated resolution is reasonably necessary to facilitate the openness, interoperability, resilience, security and/or stability of the DNS including, with respect to gTLD registrars and registries, policies (...); and

That are developed through a bottom-up consensus-based multistakeholder process and designed to ensure the stable and secure operation of the Internet's unique names systems.

- o (ii) Facilitates the coordination of the operation and evolution of the DNS root name server system.
- (iii) Coordinates the allocation and assignment at the top-most level of Internet Protocol numbers and Autonomous System numbers. (...)
- (iv) Collaborates with other bodies as appropriate to provide registries needed for the functioning of the Internet as specified by Internet protocol standards development organizations. (...)

