



### The ICANN Multistakeholder Community

ICANN follows a bottom-up, multistakeholder model in which individuals, non-commercial organizations, industry, and governments play important roles in its community-based, consensus-driven, policymaking approach.





https://www.icann.org/community



# The ICANN Multistakeholder Community

#### **MAKING POLICY:**

Three Supporting Organizations (SOs) are responsible for developing policy recommendations in the areas they represent: IP addresses, generic top-level domains (gTLDs), and country code top-level domains (ccTLDs).



#### **PROVIDING ADVICE:**

Four Advisory Committees (ACs) give advice and make recommendations on ICANN topics. The ACs are made up of representatives from: governments and international treaty organizations, root server operators, Internet security experts, and Internet end users.





# What Is the Multistakeholder Community?



The community is a volunteer-based, open collection of global stakeholders that work together through a bottom-up process to give advice, make policy recommendations, conduct reviews, and propose implementation solutions for common problems within ICANN's mission and scope.



### **How Does the Multistakeholder Model Work?**



The ICANN community – through its Supporting Organizations (SOs) and influenced by its Advisory Committees (ACs) – develops and refines policy recommendations.





### Who Is in the Multistakeholder Community?



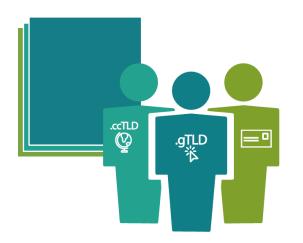
The community is made up of volunteers from across the world and from many different backgrounds, including: businesses, Internet engineers, technical experts, civil society, governments, end users, and many others.





### **Exploring ICANN's Multistakeholder Structures**

The ICANN bottom-up, multistakeholder model is composed of three Supporting Organizations (SOs) and four Advisory Committees (ACs) that give advice, make policy recommendations, conduct reviews, and propose implementation solutions on topics within ICANN's mission and scope.







https://www.icann.org/community

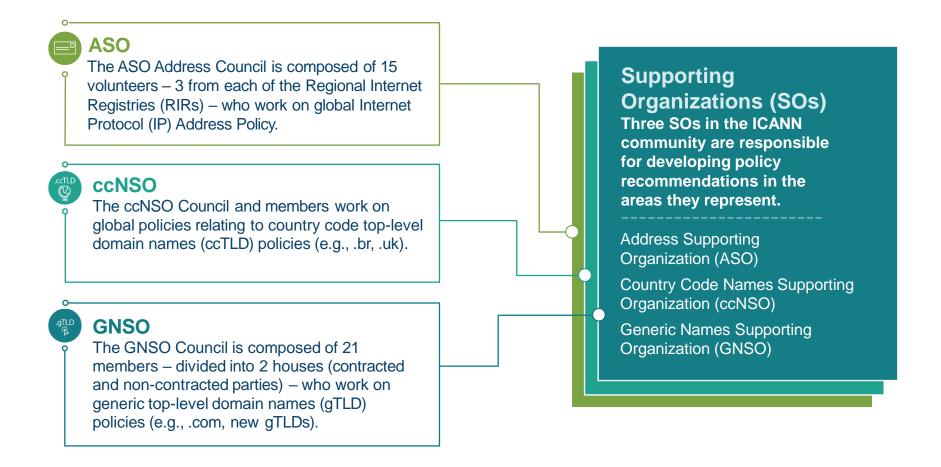


### **Exploring ICANN's Multistakeholder Community**



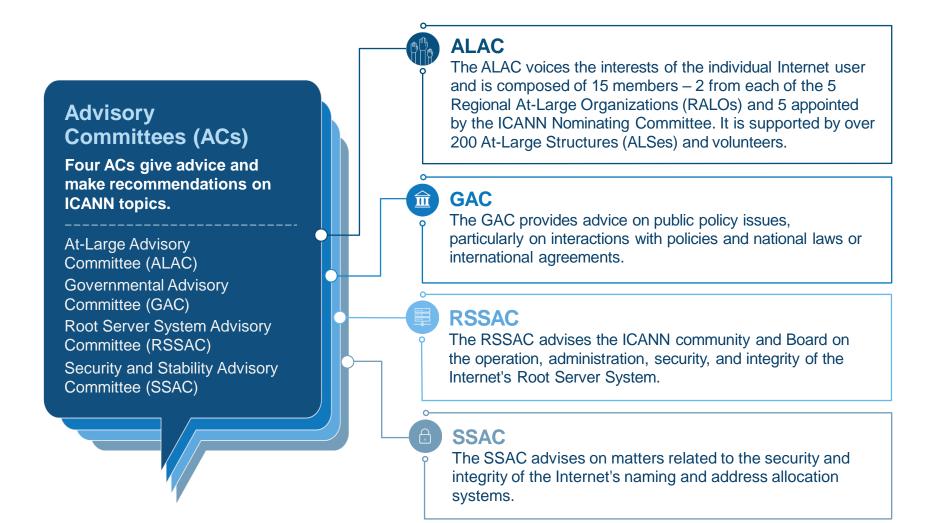


# **Supporting Organizations (SOs)**



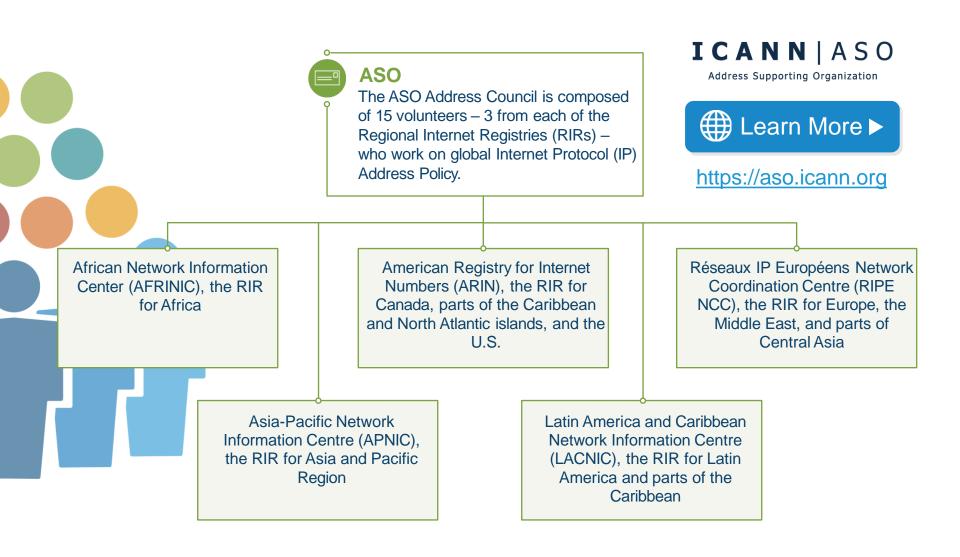


### **Advisory Committees (ACs)**





# **Address Supporting Organization (ASO)**





### **Country Code Names Supporting Organization (ccNSO)**





#### **ccNSO**

The ccNSO (Council and members) works on global policies relating to country code top-level domain name (ccTLD) policies (e.g., .br, .uk).

The ccNSO provides a forum for country code top-level domain (ccTLD) managers to meet and discuss topical issues of concern to ccTLDs from a global perspective.

### ICANN | ccNSO

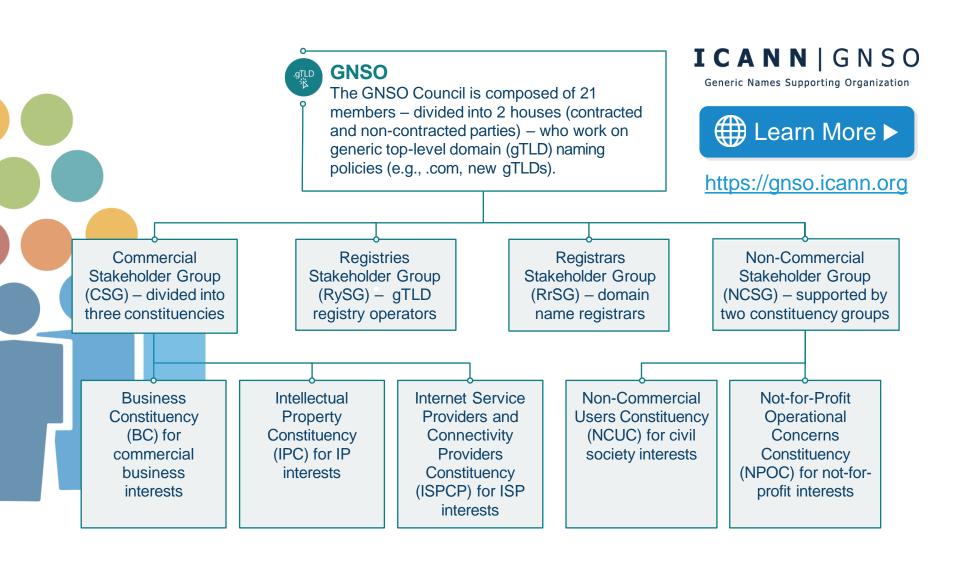
Country Code Names Supporting Organization



https://ccnso.icann.org

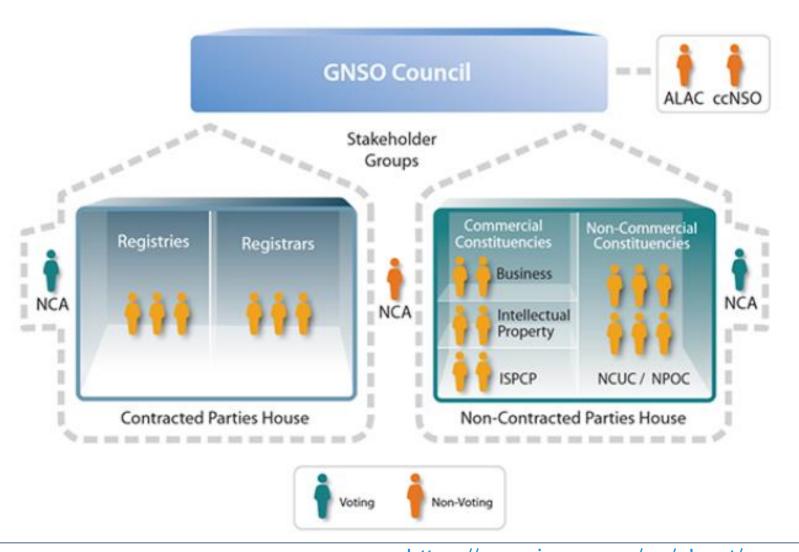


# **Generic Names Supporting Organization (GNSO)**



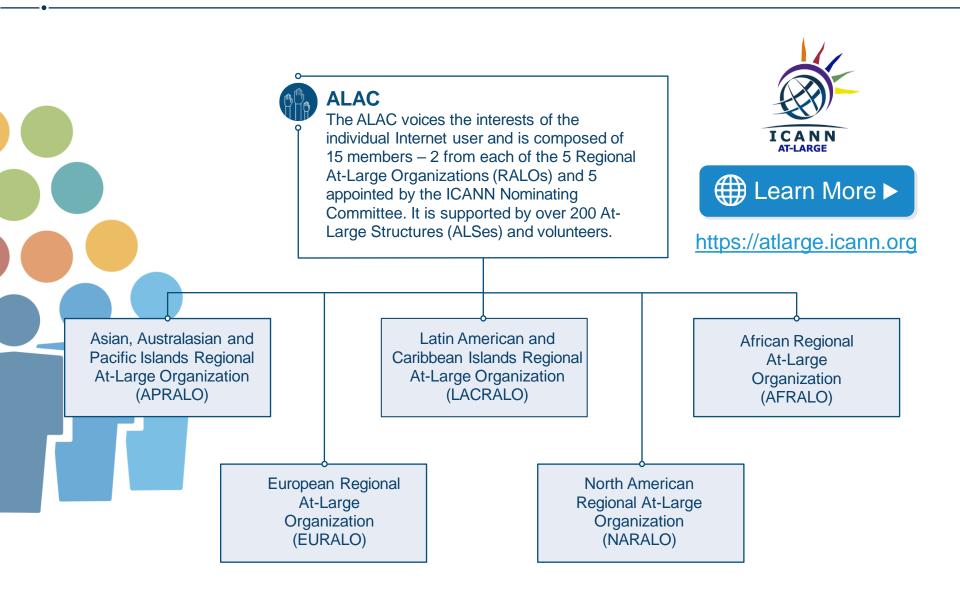


### **GNSO Council Composition**



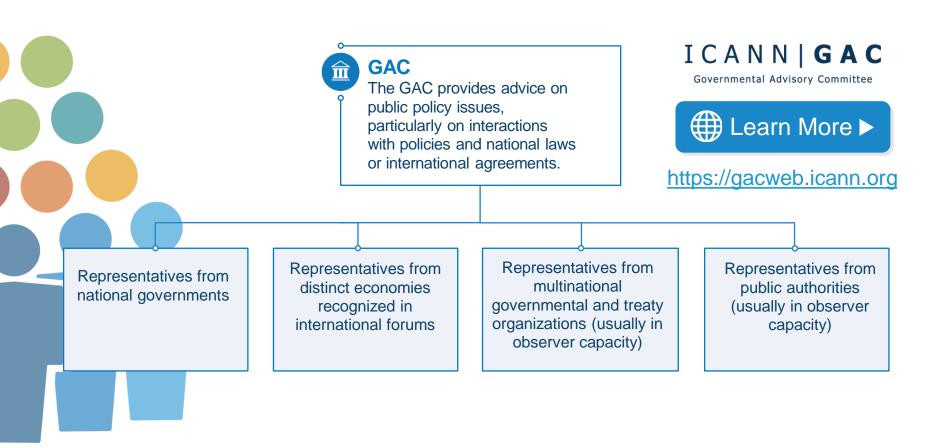


# **At-Large Advisory Committee (ALAC)**





# **Governmental Advisory Committee (GAC)**





# **Root Server System Advisory Committee (RSSAC)**





#### **RSSAC**

RSSAC advises the ICANN community and Board on the operation, administration, security, and integrity of the Internet's Root Server System.

RSSAC consists of representatives of the organizations responsible for operating the world's 13 root name servers (as voting members).

### ICANN | RSSAC

Root Server System Advisory Committee



https://www.icann.org/groups/rssac



# **Security and Stability Advisory Committee (SSAC)**





#### **SSAC**

The SSAC advises on matters related to the security and integrity of the Internet's naming and address allocation systems.

The SSAC consists of technical expert individuals appointed by the ICANN Board.



Security and Stability Advisory Committee



https://www.icann.org/groups/ssac

